

To: Councillors Woodward (Chair), Dennis and Livingston. Peter Sloman Chief Executive

Civic Offices, Bridge Street, Reading, RG1 2LU 118 937 3787

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11 October 2017

Your contact is: Amy Bryan & Peter Driver - Committee Services

# NOTICE OF MEETING - LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 - TUESDAY 24 OCTOBER 2017

A meeting of Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 1 will be held on Tuesday 24 October 2017 at 5.00pm in the Council Chamber, Civic Offices, Bridge Street, Reading.

The agenda for the meeting is set out below.

WARDS AFFECTED PAGE NO

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# 1. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

- (a) Councillors to declare any disclosable pecuniary interests they may have in relation to the items for consideration;
- (b) Councillors to declare whether they wish to speak on the grounds they:
  - (i) Have submitted a relevant representation; or
  - (ii) Will be speaking on behalf of someone who has submitted a relevant representation.
- 2. MINUTES OF THE MEETINGS OF LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 HELD ON 5 SEPTEMBER AND 12 SEPTEMBER 2017

To confirm the Minutes of the meetings of Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 1 held on 5 September and 12 September 2017 as correct records.

CIVIC OFFICES EMERGENCY EVACUATION: If an alarm sounds, leave by the nearest fire exit quickly and calmly and assemble on the corner of Bridge Street and Fobney Street. You will be advised when it is safe to re-enter the building.

3. 5.00pm	APPLICATION FOR THE REVIEW OF A PREMISESABBEYLICENCE - CHINA PALACE, OXFORD ROAD, READING	17
	To consider an application for the review of the Premises Licence in respect of China Palace, 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading.	
4. 7.00pm	APPLICATION FOR THE REVIEW OF A PREMISES PEPPARD LICENCE - HIMALAYA MOMO HOUSE, FARNHAM DRIVE, CAVERSHAM, READING	89
	To consider an application for the review of the Premises Licence in	

respect of Himalaya Momo House, 28 Farnham Drive, Caversham, Reading.

Present: Councillors Woodward (Chair), Dennis and Livingston.

9. APPLICATION FOR THE SUMMARY REVIEW OF A PREMISES LICENCE AND REVIEW OF THE DECISION TO IMPOSE INTERIM STEPS - EVA'S

The Head of Planning, Development and Regulatory Services submitted a report on an application by Thames Valley Police for the summary review of a Premises Licence in respect of Eva's, 20 Hosier Street, Reading, RG1 7JL.

The report stated that a summary review of the Premises Licence had been submitted by Thames Valley Police because the premises had been and continued to be associated with serious disorder. There had been two recent incidents of note. The first had occurred on 30 July 2017 where a large number of police officers had been called to the premises to deal with disorder and one person had been stabbed/slashed across the stomach within the venue and one person had sustained a head injury. A second incident had occurred on 5 August 2017, which had also required a large police presence and the attendance of specialist units to contain sporadic outbreaks of disorder associated with the premises and the event that had been held there. Thames Valley Police had submitted a Certificate under Section 53A(1)(b) of the Licensing Act 2003, which stated that the summary review was necessary to uphold the licensing objectives of the prevention of crime and disorder and the protection of the public. The review application also detailed issued with the premises throughout 2017 included issues around compliance with conditions, high drug readings, the poor management of the premises, the nature of events undertaken at the premises and the steps taken by Responsible Authorities in trying to work with the premises to tackle these issues. PC Simon Wheeler confirmed at the meeting that Thames Valley Police sought the revocation of the premises licence and for the interim step of the suspension of the premises licence to remain in force.

A copy of the review application and appendices were attached to the report at Appendix 1. Additional information submitted by Thames Valley Police on 17 August 2017 was attached to the report at Appendix 1A.

The Sub-Committee viewed CCTV footage from 30 July 2017 and Police body camera footage from 5 August 2017.

The representations received against the imposition of the interim steps submitted by the Premise Licence Holder, which included a letter received on 11 August 2017 and further documentation received on 14 August 2017, was attached to the report at Appendix 2.

A representation in relation to the substantive review hearing had been received from Reading Borough Council Licensing, which was attached to the report at Appendix 3.

The report stated that the Premises Licence Holder was Bar Mango Limited and the Designated Premises Supervisor was Ms Vanessa Palmer. The existing Premises Licence, a copy of which was attached to the report at Appendix 4, permitted the following:

Exhibitions of Films, Indoor Sporting Events, Performance of Live Music, Playing of Recorded Music, Performance of Dance, Anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music & Performance of Dance

Monday to Sunday 1100 hours until 0300 hours

Provision of Late night Refreshment

Monday to Sunday 2300 hours until 0300 hours

Hours for the Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Monday to Saturday	1100 hours until 0300 hours
Sunday	1200 hours until 0300 hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday to Sunday 1100 hours until 0330 hours

The report stated that at the meeting of the Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 1 on 10 August 2017 it had been determined that interim steps were necessary and the premises licence had been immediately suspended. An appeal against the decision to impose interim steps had been considered at the meeting of the Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 1 on 15 August 2017 when it had been decided to keep the suspension of the premises licence in place.

At the meeting the Sub-Committee considered a written request from the Premises Licence Holder's legal representative, who was not present, for the hearing to be adjourned to be heard with the review on 19 September 2017 of which the licensing authority is the applicant. The legal representative further requested that in the meantime the Sub-Committee should retain the interim step of the suspension of the Premises Licence pending the review hearing of 19 September 2017. The Sub-Committee declined the request and proceeded with the review hearing.

The report stated that in considering the application, the Licensing Authority had a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, as follows:

- The prevention of crime and disorder
- Public safety
- The prevention of public nuisance
- The protection of children from harm

The report stated further that, in determining the application, the Sub-Committee could take the following steps:

- Take no further action;
- Issue formal warnings to the premises supervisor and/or premises licence holder;
- Modify the conditions of the licence (including, but not limited to hours of operation of licensable activities);
- Exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence;
- Remove the Designated Premises Licence Supervisor;
- Suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- Revoke the licence.

(Where the Sub-Committee took a step mentioned in the third and fourth bullet points above it may provide that the modification or exclusion was to have effect for a period not exceeding three months or permanently.)

The report stated in considering the interim steps on receipt of a summary review, the following steps could be considered:

- The modification of the conditions of the premises licence;
- The exclusion of the sale of alcohol as a licensable activity;
- The removal of the Designated Premises Supervisor;
- The suspension of the premises licence.

If interim steps had been imposed the Sub-Committee must determine whether these interim steps should remain in force on the date of the substantive review hearing.

The report set out paragraphs 1.5, 2.1, 12.2, 12.5, 12.6, 12.13 to 12.15, 12.17 to 12.21, 12.30, 2.16, 2.22, 2.23, 2.27, 2.29, 2.32, 9.12 and 9.13, 11.2, 11.10, 11.17, 11.18 and 11.24 to 11.28 of the amended guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (April 2017). The report also set out paragraph 10.5.1, 11.11.2, 11.11.3, 12.1.1, 12.1.2 and 12.1.7 of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy.

Mr Peter Norbury, the owner of the premises was present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee and responded to questions.

PC Simon Wheeler and Chief Inspector James Upton, Deputy LPA Commander, Thames Valley Police, were present and addressed the Sub-Committee on the representations and responded to questions. Richard French, Licensing Officer, Reading Borough Council was present and addressed the Sub-Committee on the Licensing Authority representation and responded to questions.

Resolved -

That, having reviewed the Premises Licence in respect of Eva's and having had regard to the four licensing objectives (in particular the prevention of crime and disorder, the protection of children from harm and public safety), the oral and written representations made, the Secretary of State's guidance (in particular paragraphs 9.12, 11.1, 11.17, 11.18, 11.20, 11.22 and 11.28) and the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy (in particular paragraph 10.5.1), the Sub-Committee concluded that it was appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives for the interim step of the suspension of the premises licence to remain in force and it was appropriate and proportionate for the Premises Licence to be revoked for the following reasons:

- (i) the multiple breaches of conditions on the premise licence, including that the town centre radio had not been operational and the failure to maintain the door book;
- (ii) the incidents of allowing someone banned by pubwatch to enter the premises;
- (iii) the premises running events which involved under 18s and older customers to mix with no clear segregation for the under 18s;

- (iv) that advice given to the Premises Licence Holder at the performance meeting on 9 May 2017 had been ignored;
- (v) the delay in providing CCTV footage of an incident on 6 May 2017 to Thames Valley Police;
- (vi) that the premises had carried out licensable activities without a Designated Premises Supervisor;
- (vii) that Class A drugs had been found in staff only areas of the premises and that the Premises Licence Holder had not been able to account for drugs that had been seized by door staff at the premises;
- (viii) the evidence of smoking on the premises, which was a smoke free premises under the Health Act 2006;
- (ix) the incidents of serious crime and disorder on 30 July 2017 and 5 August 2017;
- (x) that the premises had previously been subject to two review hearings;
- (xi) the Sub-Committee had no confidence in the current management.

(The meeting started at 5.00pm and finished at 9.23pm)

Present: Councillors Woodward (Chair), D Edwards and Livingston.

10. MINUTES

The Minutes of the meetings of Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 1 held on 10 August and 15 August 2017 were confirmed as correct records and signed by the Chair.

11. APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OF A PREMISES LICENCE - PURPLE TURTLE

The Head of Planning, Development and Regulatory Services submitted a report on an application by Purple Turtle (Holdings) Limited for the grant of the Premises Licence in respect of Purple Turtle, 9 Gun Street, Reading, RG1 2JR.

The report stated that there was currently a Premises Licence in force and the following licensable activities were permitted:

<u>Regulated Entertainment (Plays / Films / Indoor Sport / Live Music / Recorded Music / Performance of Dance</u>

Monday to Saturday	1100 hours until 0400 hours
Sunday	1200 hours until 0300 hours

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday to Sunday

Hours for the Sale of Alcohol

Monday to Saturday Sunday 1100 hours until 0400 hours 1200 hours until 0300 hours

2300 hours until 2330 hours

Hours the Premises are Open of the Public

Monday to Saturday Sunday 1100 hours until 0430 hours 1200 hours until 0330 hours

A copy of the Premises Licence was attached to the report at Appendix RF3.

The application was seeking the grant of a new Premises Licence to allow the following:

<u>Regulated Entertainment (Plays / Films / Indoor Sport / Live Music / Recorded Music / Performance of Dance</u>

Monday, Friday and Saturday Tuesday to Thursday Sunday 1100 hours until 0330 hours 1100 hours until 0300 hours 1200 hours until 0300 hours

Provision of Late Night Refreshment (Indoors)

Monday, Friday and Saturday Tuesday to Thursday Sunday 2300 hours until 0330 hours 2300 hours until 0300 hours 2300 hours until 0300 hours

Hours for the Sale of Alcohol (on and off the premises)

Monday, Friday and Saturday Tuesday to Thursday Sunday 1100 hours until 0330 hours 1100 hours until 0300 hours 1200 hours until 0300 hours

Hours the Premises are Open of the Public

Monday, Friday and Saturday	1100 hours until 0400 hours
Tuesday to Thursday	1100 hours until 0330 hours
Sunday	1100 hours until 0330 hours

A copy of the application form was attached to the report at Appendix RF1.

Representations against the application had been received from Thames Valley Police, which was attached to the report at Appendix RF2B, and Reading Borough Council Licensing Team, which was attached to the report at Appendix RF2A.

The report stated that in considering representations received, the Licensing Authority had a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, as follows:

- The prevention of crime and disorder
- Public safety
- The prevention of public nuisance
- The protection of children from harm

The report set out paragraphs 8.1.3, 8.1.4, 8.1.9, 8.1.11, 8.5.1 and 8.6.8 of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy. Regarding the application of the Cumulative Impact Policy (CIP), the policy applied to all applications for premises licences and club premises certificates for material variations for premises within the Reading Central CIP area. Material variations included an increase to the hours, capacity and all other variations likely to add to cumulative impact in the Reading Central CIP area. The policy would only be applied where there had been relevant representations. Where there were no relevant representations, it was the duty of the licensing authority to grant the application subject to the conditions in the operating schedule and the mandatory conditions imposed by law. The policy took a different approach to different types of premises. In the case of applications for hybrid premises that would fall into more than one type, the predominant use would be taken for the purposes of the policy.

The report also set out paragraphs 8.38 to 8.46, 9.12 and 9.13 of the amended guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 April 2017.

Mr Mike King, and PC Simon Wheeler, Thames Valley Police, who had submitted a representation, were present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on the application. Mr Peter Narancic, Reading Borough Council Licensing, who had submitted a representation, was present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on the application.

Mr Danny Fraifeld, Mr Greg Muden, and Mr Stuart McNaught, were present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee. They were represented by Ms Sue Dowling from Blandy & Blandy who addressed the Sub-Committee.

Resolved -

(1) That, in order to promote the four licensing objectives and having regard to the oral and written representations made, the Secretary of State's guidance (in particular paragraphs 8.38, 8.39, 8.40, 8.41, 8.44, 8.46, 9.12, 14.20, 14.30, 14.46 and 14.39) and paragraphs 8.1.3, 8.1.4, 8.1.9, 8.1.11, 8.5.1, 8.6.8 of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy in respect of cumulative impact, the Sub Committee was satisfied that the presumption against granting the application had been rebutted because it believed that the applicant's agreement to surrender the existing licence and accept more comprehensive conditions will assist the promotion of the licensing objectives more thoroughly, in particular the reduction of hours and the acceptance of an earlier time for the use of Clubscan and customer search, to the extent of the following being granted:

<u>Regulated Entertainment (Plays / Films / Indoor Sports / Live Music /</u> <u>Recorded Music / Performance of Dance</u>

Monday, Friday and Saturday	1100 hours until 0330 hours
Tuesday to Thursday	1100 hours until 0300 hours
Sunday	1200 hours until 0300 hours

Provision of Late Night Refreshment (Indoors)

Monday, Friday and Saturday	2300 hours until 0330 hours
Tuesday to Thursday	2300 hours until 0300 hours
Sunday	2300 hours until 0300 hours

## Hours for the Sale of Alcohol (on and off the premises)

Monday, Friday and Saturday	1100 hours until 0330 hours
Tuesday to Thursday	1100 hours until 0300 hours
Sunday	1200 hours until 0300 hours

## (2) That the premises be open to the public as follows:

Monday, Friday and Saturday	1100 hours until 0400 hours
Tuesday to Thursday	1100 hours until 0330 hours
Sunday	1100 hours until 0330 hours

(3) That the following conditions be attached to the licence:

CCTV

- (1) A CCTV system shall be installed, in accordance with current or amended Home Office Code of Practice for Digital CCTV Systems. The system shall be maintained and operated correctly to the satisfaction of Thames Valley Police, (TVP) ensuring all licensed areas of the premises (except toilet facilities) are monitored, including all entry and exit points enabling frontal identification of every person entering and in any light condition.
- (2) All cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept and available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping and except for mechanical breakdown beyond the control of the proprietor shall be

made available upon request to the authorised officers of TVP and Reading Borough Council (RBC). Any breakdown or system failure will be notified to TVP immediately and remedied as soon as practicable. Any request from TVP or RBC for a recording to be made for evidential purposes must be carried out immediately;

- (3) Recordings shall be made available to an authorised officer of TVP or an authorised officer of RBC together with facilities for viewing with immediate access by a person qualified to operate the system;
- (4) A sign advising customers that CCTV is in use shall be positioned in a prominent position. A fully trained person who can operate the system shall be available at all times when the premises is open to the public;

Door Staff and Personal Licence Holders

- (5) To aid the promotion of the Licensing Objectives, the Premises Licence Holder will ensure that:
  - (a) at least one Personal Licence Holder is on duty on each level (the ground floor and/or the basement), in which a bar is operational; and
  - (b) the following minimum number of SIA licensed security staff will be on duty at the Premises as per the table below:

Day of Week	Minimum when basement bar in use	From 21:00	From 22:00/23:30/24:00 Increasing to	Minimum security staff at closure:
Sun into Mondays	-	2	6	6
Mon/Tues		2	6	6
Tues/Wed		2	5	5
Wed/Thurs		2	5	5
Thurs/Friday		2	6	6
Friday/Sat		2	9	9
Sat/Sun		2	9	9

- (6) A register of Door Staff shall be kept. The register will show the following details:
  - (a) Full SIA registration number.

- (b) Date and time that the Door Supervisor commenced duty, countersigned by the Designated Premises Supervisor or Duty Manager.
- (c) Date and time that the Door Supervisor finished work, countersigned by the Designated Premises Supervisor or Duty Manager.
- (d) Any occurrence or incident of interest involving crime & disorder or public safety must be recorded giving names of the Door Supervisor involved.
- (e) A record of the number of patrons on site shall be made half hourly in the door register
- (7) The Door Supervisor register shall be kept at the premises and be available for inspection by an authorised officer of TVP, or an authorised officer from RBC and shall be retained for a period of 1 year;
- (8) Door Staff shall be clearly identifiable at all times whilst on duty and display Hi-Visibility personalised armbands containing their SIA badge;
- (9) Door Staff shall receive industry recognised Vulnerability training. This training shall formally take place once every 6 months and signed records of this training shall be maintained. These records shall be kept for a minimum of 1year and shall be made available to any authorised Officer of TVP or an authorised Officer of RBC;

## ADMISSION POLICIES

## Search Policy

- (10) The Premises Licence Holder shall implement a written search policy (following discussion with TVP), to minimise the risk of illegal weapons and drugs being brought onto the premises, including search, detection, confiscation, storage and disposal of drugs procedures. The search policy shall provide, as a minimum:
  - (a) For 100% bag search of all customers attempting to enter the premises, from 22:00;
  - (b) For random searches of any customer when considered appropriate by PLH's Security personnel or PLH Management based on risk assessment of the night in question;
  - (c) For the operation of intelligence lead searches of any customer as required.
- (11) Notices shall be displayed advising the public that the right to conduct an outer body search is reserved as a condition of entry, and that the TVP shall be informed if anyone is found in possession of illegal drugs or offensive weapons;

## Challenge 25 and Clubscan

- (12) At all times that the premises is operating under this licence, the Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that its staff operate a Challenge 25 Policy (to minimise the risk of alcohol being sold to underage customers). This Policy shall (as a minimum provide) that before entry (or alternatively before any sale of alcohol), any person who appears to be under the age of 25 will be required to produce photo ID in the form of a passport; driving licence, UK Military ID card; PASS (or similar) card to prove that he/she is over the age of 18, before being permitted;
- (13) Notices advertising the Challenge 25 and proof of age policies shall be displayed in prominent places in the premises so that they can be seen internally and externally;
- (14) Children shall not be permitted in the premises after 19.00;
- (15) ID SCAN shall be available as a condition of entry and specifically the PLH's staff shall:
  - (a) operate 100% ID Scanning for all customers from 22:00 Friday & Saturday; and
  - (b) from when its security personnel start shift, daily operate an ID scan of all customers reasonably thought to be under 25; and
  - (c) shall ID scan any potential customer of any age at any time in large groups or intelligence lead;

"Customer" for the purposes of this condition shall include any patron; non-regular Staff, promoters and performers entering the premises. This condition shall not apply to headline performers and regular staff members whose identity is already known to PLH staff;

- (16) The ID Scan Device shall record the names and dates of birth of all persons entering the premises and retain the image and details of the ID. These records shall be kept for a minimum of thirty one days and shall be made available to any authorised Officer of TVP or an authorised Officer of RBC;
- (17) Records shall be made available to an authorised officer of TVP or an authorised officer of RBC together with facilities for viewing with immediate access by a person qualified to operate the system;
- (18) Any breakdown or system failure will be notified to TVP immediately and remedied as soon as practicable;

Measures to minimise the risk of entry of intoxicated customers

(19) The PLH shall have a breathalyser unit available for Security staff to use at their discretion as an aid to determine the intoxication of customers trying to gain entry;

## **Drugs Initiative**

- (20) The Premises Licence Holder shall implement an active policy, agreed with Thames Valley Police, (TVP) to prevent illegal weapons and drugs being brought onto the premises, including search, detection, confiscation, storage and disposal of drugs procedures;
- (21) The venue shall also actively partake in drugs initiatives run by TVP (including, but not exclusively, drug itemiser, passive drug dogs and spiked drinks campaigns);

## Town-safe Radio

(22) The Premises Licence Holder shall participate in the Local Town Radio Scheme when the premises are opened for licensable activities after 2100hrs Monday to Sunday inclusive;

## Staff Training

(23) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all staff employed in the sale of alcohol shall be trained in their responsibilities and a record of their training shall be maintained. These records shall be made available to any authorised Officer of TVP or an authorised Officer of RBC. This training shall formally take place once every 6 months and signed records of this training shall be maintained;

## Incident Book

- (24) An incident book shall be used to record details of incidents that occur in and around the venue. The incident book shall truly reflect what has occurred and shall be specific in detail. If incidents involve members of staff, including Door Staff their names shall be entered onto the log book. All incidents shall be signed off either by the Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) or the nominated individual when the DPS is not on site;
- (25) All visits by an enforcement authority, all refusals of service, shall be recorded. The incident book shall be retained for a period of six months and shall be made available on request to any authorised Officers of TVP or authorised Officers of RBC;

## Drinks

(26) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that a system of preventing drinks being taken from the building by customers other than to the beer garden or any other enclosed area which is adopted and maintained. The Premises Licence holder shall prevent customers from leaving the premise with any alcoholic or non-alcoholic drinks from the Premises in open containers (e.g. glasses, opened bottles, & cans); Operation of the Premises Hours of operation and Entry restrictions

- (27) The terminal hour for cessation of alcohol on Fridays, Saturdays & Mondays shall be 03.30, with closure at 04.00. On Sundays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays & Thursdays the terminal hour will be 03.00 with closure at 03.30;
- (28) Save for LWE Card-holders (who can gain entry subject to condition 28), the PLH shall ensure that no new customers shall be permitted entry to the premises after 01.30 on Saturday and Sunday mornings. Re-admission to existing customers to retrieve personal belongings and those who have gone outside to use the smoking area is permitted, subject to a search by the Door Staff prior to being let in;
- (29) For a "late worker" (being a person who works (full-time; parttime; on an ad hoc or shift basis) beyond midnight) to gain access to the premises between 01:30 and 03:00 Saturday or Sunday mornings, he/she shall have to show to the DPS or Duty Manager a valid 'Late Worker Entry' card ("LWE card"). Further:
  - (a) To obtain a LWE card, he/she shall (in advance of his/her first late night entry) attend at the Premises and shall provide the DPS (or his nominated Deputy) with:
    - (i) a passport photo showing their clear image
    - (ii) Form of ID with photo (e.g. passport or driving licence) stating his/her home address;
    - (iii) Documentary evidence to show that he/she is a "late worker" (for example a recent payslip showing hours of work; contract of employment; offer letter; shift pattern on email) – with details of the employer(s) for whom he/she works;
    - (iv) A completed LWE Card application form (providing the information at Appendix A);
  - (b) Provided that the DPS/his nominated deputy has a genuine belief based on the documentation provided that the individual qualifies as a late worker, he may issue him/her with a sealed, numbered LWE card (with photo included) for late night entry for a period of one year from date of issue. The LWE card shall provide that:
    - i. It must be shown to the DPS; Duty Manager or Head of Security before Late Entry will be permitted, along with formal ID;

- ii. The DPS/ Duty Manager will record his/her late night entry in the LWE Record;
- iii. The date of expiry;
- iv. That the Management of the Purple Turtle can withdraw the LWE Card at any time;
- v. That entry is not guaranteed;
- vi. The LWE Card is not transferable and if misused will be revoked;
- vii. That on transfer of the Premises Licence to any Third Party (other than to an associated company of Purple Turtle Holdings Ltd) the LWE card will cease to be effective;
- (c) That the Premises Licence Holder/DPS will keep a daily LWE Record of any late worker entry (available for inspection to authorised officers of Reading Borough Council and TVP on reasonable request) recording:
  - i. The name of the LWE Card Holder;
  - ii. The formal ID against which the LWE Card Holder was checked;
  - iii. The LWE Card number;
  - iv. The date and time of entry;

## Music

(30) All recorded music shall be reduced to a background level thirty minutes prior to the time the premises is required to be closed to the public;

## Capacity

(31) The maximum capacity of the venue is 748 inclusive of members of staff; security and any persons providing Regulated Entertainment (and crew);

## **Dispersal policy**

(32) A written closure and dispersal policy, agreed with TVP, for controlling the closing of the premises and the departure of customers at the conclusion of the licensed activities shall be put in place and shall be actively operated. This policy shall be made

available to any authorised Officer of TVP or an authorised Officer of RBC;

- (33) Whilst dealing with the dispersal of patrons the door staff shall wear full high visibility vests;
- (34) The Premises Licence holder shall ensure notices are predominantly displayed at all exit points to advise customers that the area surrounding the premises is an Alcohol Restriction zone;
- (35) Two of the three PLH Duty Managers shall assist with queue management between 00:01and 01:30 on Saturday and Sunday morning;
- (36) Music and alcohol sales in the Cellar Bar shall finish 30 minutes prior to the main bar (ground floor), on Saturday & Saturday mornings, to encourage a gentle 'wind-down' and gradual dispersal of customers;
- (37) PLH Security staff\* shall leave the premises on closure via the front door exit, for a last assessment of Gun Street and the direct surrounding area. Any patrons in the immediate locality and known to have been in the premises that evening will be asked politely to make their way home/move away from the area, so as to not disturb residents nearby and to minimise the risk of any crime and/or disorder;

## Noise

- (38) The licensee shall ensure that no noise shall emanate from the premises nor vibration be transmitted through the structure of the premises which in either case gives rise to undue disturbance to local residents;
- (39) All external doors and windows must be kept closed, other than for access and egress, when events involving amplified music or speech are taking place;
- (40) The placing of refuse such as bottles into receptacles outside the premises shall only take place between the hours of 08.00hrs and 21.00hrs;
- (41) Periodic observation of the noise level and the likelihood that it will cause disturbance, shall be undertaken by a member of staff at the boundary at reasonable and regular intervals and logged. This log must be made available for inspection by an Authorised Officer. The logbook must set out: time and date of observation; observer; observation of noise level i.e. either A: satisfactory level of noise unlikely to cause disturbance, or B: unsatisfactory level of noise, likely to cause disturbance; and if the level of noise is unsatisfactory, the action taken to resolve the situation;

(42) During operating hours, the DPS or a nominated representative shall be available to receive and respond to nuisance-related complaints. A contact number shall be readily available to residents upon request.

Definitions

PLH means:

Premises Licence Holder or its management including the DPS or his nominated deputy.

PLH Security Staff means:

any security staff employed by the PLH or employed by a third party company, providing services to the PLH

# Appendix A

Application for a Late Worker Entry Card

<u>Personal</u> <u>Details of</u> <u>Applicant</u>	Name of Applicant	Date of Birth	Home Address:	Formal photo ID shown confirming identity/Address: Passport Driving Licence Other - Specify <i>Retain copy</i>
<u>Late Work</u> <u>Details</u>	Employing Organisation (1)	Place of Work	Do you work until midnight - daily: monthly; or on a casual basis?	Evidence provided to support late night working pattern e.g. Contract of employment; Offer letter; Pay slip; Letter/email from organisation at (1); Other: Specify <i>Retain copy</i>
<u>Late Worker</u> <u>Card Details</u>	Number of Card	Date of issue	Date of expiry	Photo
Late Worker Card Details (copy for applicant)	Number of card	Date of issue	Date of expiry	Photo

(The meeting started at 5.00pm and finished at 21.50pm)

## LICENSING ACT 2003 HEARING ON 24 OCTOBER 2017 @ 1700HRS

## APPLICATION FOR THE REVIEW OF A PREMISES LICENCE

1. Premises: Mr Hui Chang Yin China Palace 43-45 Oxford Road Reading RG1 7QG

2. Applicants Requesting Review: Reading Borough Council

## 3. Grounds for Review

Reading Borough-Council (Licensing team) as a responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003 and under the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, the prevention of public nuisance, the protection of children from harm and public safety make application for the review of the premises licence for China Palace, 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading RG1 7QG.

A combination of the issues outlined below and a whole host of licence condition breaches unearthed during inspections have led Reading Borough Council's Licensing team to taking this final serious step in reviewing the premises licence.

On 13th July 2017 - the premises were found employing 4 illegal workers On 28th October 2015 - the premises were found employing 2 illegal workers On 23rd March 2011 - the premises were found employing 5 illegal workers

That is a total of 11 illegal workers in 3 visits - 6 of whom were found employed at the premises under the current premises licence holder and designated premises supervisor (DPS).

During the visit of 13th July 2017, the premises were found to be breaching the majority of the conditions stated on their premises licence which further undermines the licensing objectives.

Due to the seriousness of the crimes discovered at the premises, the licensing team respectfully submit that the premises licence should be immediately revoked.

4. Date of receipt of application:	31 August 2017
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A copy of the review application received is attached at Appendix I

5. Date of closure of period for representations: 28 September 2017

1

# 6. Representations received:

During the consultation period, representations were received in regard to this review application from;

Thames Valley Police which is attached at Appendix II.

The Immigration service is attached at Appendix III.

The Environmental Health team is attached at Appendix IV.

Addition information provided by the Licensing team is attached at <u>Appendix V</u>

A plan showing the location of the premises (in black) and surrounding streets is attached as *Appendix VI*.

7. Background

The premises is located in the town centre and is within the Council's Cumulative Impact Area.

The Premises Licence Holder is stated as: Mr Hui Chang Yin

The Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) is stated as: Mr Hui Chang Yin

The premises currently has the benefit of a premises licence (since 2005) for the activities and hours detailed below: <u>A copy of the current licence is attached</u> <u>at Appendix VII</u>

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Playing of Recorded Music - Indoor Anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music & Performance of Dance - Indoor Late Night Refreshment - Indoor Sale of Alcohol by Retail - On & Off the Premises

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Playing of Recorded Music

Monday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs

Entertainment of Karaoke or similar in the Karaoke rooms only.

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music & Performance of Dance

Monday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs

Entertainment of Karaoke or similar in the Karaoke rooms only.

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for the Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Monday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 1000hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 1200hrs until 0200hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the

following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

# Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Tuesday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Wednesday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Thursday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Friday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Saturday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Sunday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

8. Licensing Objectives and Reading Borough Council's Licensing Policy Statement

In determining this application the Licensing Authority has a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, which are as follows:-

- the prevention of crime and disorder;
- public safety
- the prevention of public nuisance
- the protection of children from harm

In determining this application the Licensing Authority must also have regard to the representations received, the Licensing Authority's statement of licensing policy and any relevant section of the statutory guidance to licensing authorities.

# 9. Power of Licensing Authority on the determination of a Review In determining the application the sub-committee can take such of the steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, which

are:

- 1. take no further action
- 2. to issue formal warnings to the premises supervisor and/or premises licence holder
- 3. modify the conditions of the licence (including, but not limited to hours of operation of licensable activities)
- 4. exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence
- 5. remove the designated premises licence supervisor
- 6. suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months
- 7. revoke the licence.

Where the sub-committee takes a step mentioned in 3 or 4 it may provide that the

modification or exclusion is to have effect for a period not exceeding three months or permanently.

# Amended Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 April 2017

## Licensing Objectives and Aims:

1.5 However, the legislation also supports a number of other key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work.

They include:

protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licensed premises;

## Representations from the police

9.12 In their role as a responsible authority, the police are an essential source of advice and information on the impact and potential impact of licensable activities, particularly on the crime and disorder objective. The police have a key role in managing the night-time economy and should have good working relationships with those operating in their local area5. The police should be the licensing authority's main source of advice on matters relating to the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective, but may also be able to make relevant representations with regard to the other licensing objectives if they have evidence to support such representations. The licensing authority should accept all reasonable and proportionate representations made by the police unless the authority has evidence that to do so would not be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it remains incumbent on the police to ensure that their representations can withstand the scrutiny to which they would be subject at a hearing.

## Licensing authorities acting as responsible authorities

9.13 Licensing authorities are included in the list of responsible authorities. A similar framework exists in the Gambling Act 2005. The 2003 Act does not require responsible authorities to make representations about applications for the grant of premises licences or to take any other steps in respect of different licensing processes. It is, therefore, for the licensing authority to determine when it considers it appropriate to act in its capacity as a responsible authority; the licensing authority should make this decision in accordance with its duties under section 4 of the 2003 Act.

## Home Office Immigration Enforcement acting as a responsible authority 9.25 The Immigration Act 2016 made the Secretary of State a responsible authority in respect of premises licensed to sell alcohol or late night refreshment with effect from 6 April 2017. In effect this conveys the role of responsible authority to Home Office Immigration Enforcement who exercises

prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective because it is concerned with the prevention of illegal working or immigration offences more broadly.

the found on hearings may be governing Regulations 9.31 www.legislation.gov.uk website. If the licensing authority decides that representations are relevant, it must hold a hearing to consider them. The need for a hearing can only be avoided with the agreement of the licensing authority, the applicant and all of the persons who made relevant representations. In cases where only 'positive' representations are received, without qualifications, the licensing authority should consider whether a hearing is required. To this end, it may wish to notify the persons who made representations and give them the opportunity to withdraw those representations. This would need to be done in sufficient time before the hearing to ensure that parties were not put to unnecessary inconvenience.

9.38 In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community, the licensing authority must give appropriate weight to:

• the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;

• the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;

• this Guidance;

• its own statement of licensing policy.

Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.42 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.43 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

## The Review process

11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.

11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.

# Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review

11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority which it may exercise on determining a review where it considers them appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. 11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement - either orally or in writing - that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

## Reviews arising in connection with crime

11.24 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises, money laundering by criminal gangs, the sale of contraband or stolen goods, the sale of firearms, or the sexual exploitation of children. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts. The licensing authority's role when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure the promotion of the crime prevention objective.

11.25 Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. There is, therefore, no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. Some reviews will arise after the conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals, but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go beyond any finding by the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.

11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

• for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence - even in the first instance - should be seriously considered.

# Reading Borough Council Licensing Policy Statement

1.5 The Council believes that good management of its vibrant entertainment, alcohol and late night refreshment industries, and of the street environment within which they operate, is essential to the continued success of Reading Town Centre and to attracting the wide range of people who want to come here to work, to visit and to live. However, the predominantly urban nature of the town and the significantly large proportion of young residents means that issues such as:

- (a) striking an appropriate balance between the needs of residents and the needs of businesses,
- (b) the control of underage drinking, and
- (c) the management of young and potentially immature drinkers,

are matters which are particularly relevant to the exercise of the Authority's licensing functions, and ones which applicants and existing licensees also need to consider.

## 7.15 Crime & Disorder Act 1998

7.15.1 In applying this policy, the Authority will have regard to its obligations under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 and will do all that it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in Reading. The Authority will also have regard to the Safer Reading Partnership, which incorporates both local and national strategies and whose mission statement is "We will continue to make Reading a safer place for those who live, work and visit, through a reduction in crime and disorder". In addition the Authority will liaise with the Reading Crime Reduction Partnership in order to reduce crime, misuse of drugs and the fear of crime.

## 7.15.3 Policing and Crime Act 2009

In applying this policy, the Authority will have regard to their obligations under Part 3 relating to alcohol misuse, (children) changes to the mandatory condition, and the licensing authority as an interested party.

## 10.5 Review of Premises Licence

10.5.1 Any premises subject to a premises licence or club premises certificate may have that licence or certificate reviewed by the Licensing Authority on application by a responsible authority or interested parties. The Act provides strict guidelines as to the timescale and procedures to be adhered to and the Authority will deal with every review application on that basis.

chinapalacereviewreport24102017/pn

Reading Borough Council, Civic Offices, Bridge Street, Reading, RG1 2LU

#### Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

## PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

#### I Richard French (on behalf of the Licensing Authority of Reading Borough Council) (Insert name of applicant)

apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below

#### Part 1 – Premises or club premises details

Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance surv	ey map reference or description
China Palace	
43-45 Oxford Road	
Post town Reading Post	code (if known) RG1 7QG
Name of promises licence holder or club holding club	

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known) Hui Chang Yin

Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known) LP2001696

#### Part 2 - Applicant details

т

1 am	Please tick $\checkmark$ yes
1) an individual, body or business which is not a responsible authority (please read guidance note 1, and complete (A) or (B) below)	
2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) below)	$\boxtimes$
3) a member of the club to which this application relates (please complete (A) below)	

# (A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)

Please tick ✓ yes	
Mr Mrs Miss M	Is Other title (for example, Rev)
Surname	First names
I am 18 years old or over	Please tick ✓ yes
Current postal address if different from premises address	
Post town	Post Code
Daytime contact telephone number	
E-mail address (optional)	

# (B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLICANT

Name and address	
Telephone number (if any)	
E-mail address (optional)	

#### (C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Name and address
Licensing Team
Reading Borough Council
Civic Offices
Bridge Street
Reading
RG1 2LU
Telephone number (if any)
01189 37 37 62
E-mail address (optional)
licensing@reading.gov.uk

## This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)

1) the prevention of crime and disorder

2) public safety3) the prevention of public nuisance

4) the protection of children from harm

Please tick one or more boxes  $\checkmark$  $\boxtimes$ 

 $\boxtimes$ 

**Please state the ground(s) for review** (please read guidance note 2)

On  $13^{\text{th}}$  July 2017 – the premises were found employing 4 illegal workers On  $28^{\text{th}}$  October 2015 – the premises were found employing 2 illegal workers On  $23^{\text{rd}}$  March 2011 – the premises were found employing 5 illegal workers

That is a total of 11 illegal workers in 3 visits -6 of whom were found employed at the premises under the current licence holder and DPS.

Section 11.27 and 11.28 of the Secretary of State's Guidance pursuant to the Licensing Act 2003 states:

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, **it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered**.

During the visit of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017, the premises were found to be breaching the majority of the conditions stated on their premises licence which further undermines the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder and public safety.

Due to the seriousness of the crimes discovered at the premises, the licensing team respectfully submit that the premises licence should be immediately revoked.

**Please provide as much information as possible to support the application** (please read guidance note 3)

The premises known as China Palace currently have a premises licence pursuant to the Licensing Act 2003 which permits the playing of recorded music; the provision of late night refreshment and the sale of alcohol until 0200hrs each day with a closing time of 0330hrs.

The premises is a restaurant and the premises licence holder and designated premises supervisor is stated as Hui Chang Lin. This licence holder and DPS has been in place since March 2015.

The premises were visited on 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017 in a joint operation between the Licensing team and officers from the Home Office Immigration Enforcement team. Immigration Enforcement have been a 'Responsible Authority' under the Licensing Act since April 2017 to predominantly deal with the prevention and detection of immigration offences that may be being committed on licensed premises which therefore undermine the prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective.

On attendance at the premises four illegal workers were found working and the details are as follows:

1. Malaysian female, aged 21 years old, encountered working illegally as a waitress and was escorted off the premises.

2. Chinese male, aged 26 years old, encountered working illegally in the kitchen and was escorted off the premises and subsequently left the country that night.

3. Chinese male, aged 49 years old, encountered working illegally in the kitchen and was escorted off the premises.

4. Chinese male, aged 50 years old, encountered working illegally in the kitchen and was escorted off the premises.

It is the job of any responsible employer to ensure that the correct right to work checks are carried out. They were not on this occasion, nor were they in the previous two visits in 2015 and 2011.

The Immigration Act 2016 amended Section 21 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 and is the relevant legislation that deals with the employment of illegal workers. It states:

1) A person commits an offence if he employs another ("the employee") knowing that the

employee is [disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status].

(1A) A person commits an offence if the person—

(a) employs another person ("the employee") who is disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status, and

(b) has reasonable cause to believe that the employee is disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status.

(1B) For the purposes of subsections (1) and (1A) a person is disqualified from employment by reason of the person's immigration status if the person is an adult subject to immigration control and—

(a) the person has not been granted leave to enter or remain in the United Kingdom, or

(b) the person's leave to enter or remain in the United Kingdom—

(i) is invalid,

(ii) has ceased to have effect (whether by reason of curtailment, revocation, cancellation, passage of time or otherwise), or

(iii) is subject to a condition preventing the person from accepting the employment.]

(2) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable—

(a) on conviction on indictment—

(i) to imprisonment for a term not exceeding [five] years,

(ii) to a fine, or

(iii) to both

The offence of employing illegal workers is now also a relevant offence in the Licensing Act 2003. As stated previously in this application, the Licensing Act 2003 Guidance at 11.27 and 11.28 now states that the employment of illegal workers is to be regarded as a crime that should be taken particularly seriously and that revocation of the premises licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered. In this instance, the premises has, on three separate occasions, been found with a total of eleven illegal workers. This is clearly unacceptable and an indication that the licence holder is consistently undermining the crime and disorder licensing objective as well as failing to ensure that the people he employs are legally in the country or entitled to work.

There are potentially numerous other criminal offences which may apply to the employment of illegal workers and these are summarised as follows:

1. The exploitation of illegal workers by unscrupulous employers means that the only person who benefits from their employment is the licence holder through financial gain.

2. Illegal workers – being in the country illegally or working illegally – are unable to declare themselves to the authorities and seek public assistance should they require it.

3. Illegal workers are often paid 'off the record' by the employer meaning that the correct tax and national insurance deductions are not taken into account or declared to HMRC. This would be contrary to the Fraud Act 2006.

4. People who are living in the UK or who are working illegally are often not paid anything close to the Minimum wage which is illegal and again only benefits the employer financially.

5. Illegal workers – because of being deliberately underpaid by unscrupulous employers – are often only provided with the most basic accommodation and standard of living which is often linked to their continued employment at a licensed premises.

6. Illegal entrants into the country will not have been subject to the usual immigration checks and health screenings. This could seriously impact on public protection and the health and wellbeing of the general public as a whole. This could be particularly pertinent if the illegal entrant has arrived from a country with health issues and the employer has then decided to employ that person in a kitchen or other function where food is served to the public.

7. The employment of illegal workers is often done at the expense of people who are living and working in the country legally and is only done to financially benefit the licence holder and to undercut legitimate, law abiding competitors.

8. Illegal entrants – who have not undergone appropriate checks or immigration clearance at the border – could be being unwittingly employed by the licence holder despite them having current or previous criminal convictions which may endanger the public.

The employer or licence holder is exploiting potentially vulnerable people and engaging in a multitude of criminal offences by employing them at this licensed premises.

#### Licensing Breaches:

During the visit of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017, the Licensing team conducted a licensing inspection and found the following conditions not being complied with. Each breach of condition constitutes an offence under Section 136 (1) of the Licensing Act 2003:

1. An incident book was not being used to record incidents that would impact on the Licensing objectives. Indeed, an incident book could not even be located.

2. It could not be demonstrated that customers were being prevented from leaving the premises with open containers.

3. There was no evidence that the premises were complying with their Challenge 25 age verification policy in relation to alcohol sales.

4. There were no notices being displayed advertising the Challenge 25 policy.

5. No written training records could be produced for any staff member. Staff are supposed to be trained regularly – every four months.

6. The CCTV condition could not be demonstrated as being complied with. It could not be explained how many cameras there were and how long they stored images for.

7. No notices were on display to notify customers that the area outside the premises was an Alcohol Exclusion Zone.

8. Part A of the premises licence could not be produced. This is an offence and leads to the question as to how the premises could comply with any timings and/or conditions without it.

9. Part B of the premises licence was not on display. This is also an offence.

10. There was no Section 57 notice found at the premises. This notice details where Part A of the licence is kept and who has custody of it. This is an offence under Section 57 of the Licensing Act 2003.

11. There was no authorisation list of who had been authorised by a personal licence holder to sell alcohol. There was no evidence that this had been done verbally either. This is a breach of the mandatory conditions attached to all licences.

12. Nobody knew what the four licensing objectives were. That leads to the question as to how a premises can actively promote them if they do not know what they are.

13. The plan – which forms part of the licence – could not be produced to officers upon request.

A copy of the letter sent to the licence holder in respect of these licensing breaches can be found at **appendix RF-1**.

It is extremely concerning that the premises is in breach of the majority of conditions on its licence. The conditions were placed on the licence for a reason – namely they had been deemed appropriate and proportionate in order that the licensing objectives can be actively promoted. These conditions have been on the licence since 2010 and the current licence holder and DPS has been in place since March 2015. It is inconceivable that any responsible licence holder should act in this manner and undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives to this extent. The licensing objectives are there to prevent crime and disorder; protect children from harm and ensure that the public are safe when they attend the premises. They should not be treated, as appears to be the case here, as an optional extra.

Other matters undermining public safety:

Upon a routine food safety inspection in November 2015 the premises received a zero star food rating. The food safety inspection sheet is attached at **appendix RF-2**. Issues identified include:

- No food safety management system in place indicating that there are no procedures in place to ensure that food is safely stored, prepared, cooked, served and sold.
- No staff training indicating that the responsible person has not trained staff to any reasonable standard in order to safely prepare and handle food.
- Lack of cleanliness the premises required a deep clean as it was found in an unsatisfactory condition.
- Issues of cross contamination and poor temperature controls which could compromise food safety.
- There was no customer information available on food allergens which is contrary to the Food Information Regulations 2014.

Four improvement notices were served on the premises in relation to this inspection.

The premises were visited again in April 2016 and had rectified some of the issues identified in the previous inspection. The food safety inspection sheet is attached at **appendix RF-3**. Some of the pertinent outstanding issues include:

- Training was not adequate for all staff.
- Still issues with cross contamination.
- Low confidence in management.

Both inspections were carried out with a person who identified themselves as the head chef and kitchen manager. Given the lack of standards throughout the premises, it would indicate that the people running this business are doing so extremely poorly with little regard for public safety.

There is a distinct lack of training throughout the business meaning the risk to the public is extremely high. This is systematic of the poor management and corner cutting identified in the offences outlined in this review application.

In summary, the offences outlined in this review application are some of the most serious outlined in the Licensing Act 2003. The employment of four illegal workers and their possible exploitation for financial gain is clearly an extremely serious criminal offence and one that the Licensing Act

has identified as one where the revocation of the licence should – even in the first instance – be seriously considered. There are no acceptable excuses or justification that can be offered for this. A licence holder and responsible employer should, as a bare minimum, be checking that their potential employees are eligible to reside and work in the UK. This premises has been found on three separate visits to have illegal workers – eleven in total. The licence holder has shown a complete disregard for all manner of laws and has committed extremely serious criminal offences from the premises where he operates. This also applies to the licensing and food safety issues encountered at the premises which pose a substantial risk to public safety and seriously undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives.

Allowing this premises to continue to operate with the benefit of a premises licence will merely serve to perpetuate the criminal activity and human exploitation already apparent from the findings of the licensing authority and colleagues in Immigration Enforcement.

It is the licensing team's respectful submission that the only appropriate and proportionate step to promote the licensing objectives and safeguard the public as a whole, is for the licence to be immediately revoked.

List of appendices:

Appendix RF-1 – Licensing inspection letter of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017

Appendix RF-2 – Food Safety inspection sheet from November 2015

Appendix RF-3 – Food Safety inspection sheet from April 2016

Appendix RF-4 - Case law - East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif

Please tick ✓ yes

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before

Da	у	Mo	nth	Year						
$\perp$										

If you have made representations before relating to the premises please state what they were and when you made them  $N\!/\!A$ 

Please ti	ck √	
-----------	------	--

yes

- I have sent copies of this form and enclosures to the responsible authorities and the premises licence holder or club holding the club premises certificate, as appropriate
   I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my
- I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my application will be rejected

#### IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.

**Part 3 – Signatures** (please read guidance note 4)

Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (please read guidance note 5). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.

Signature	
	31 <sup>st</sup> August 2017

Capacity Licensing Enforcement Officer

.....

Contact name (where not previous associated with this application	ously given) and postal address for correspondence (please read guidance note 6)					
Licensing Team						
Reading Borough Council						
Civic Offices						
Bridge Street						
Post town	Post Code					
Reading	RG1 2LU					
Keaunig	RG1 2EC					
Telephone number (if any)         011						

#### **Notes for Guidance**

- 1. A responsible authority includes the local police, fire and rescue authority and other statutory bodies which exercise specific functions in the local area.
- 2. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
- 3. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
- 4. The application form must be signed.
- 5. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
- 6. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.

#### APPENDIX RF-1



Mr Hui Chang Yin China Palace 43-45 Oxford Road Reading Berkshire RG1 7QG Alison Bell

Director of Environment and Neighbourhood Services

Civic Offices, Bridge St, Reading, RG1 2LU

118 937 3787

Our Ref: LIC/PN/EVU53046 Your Ref: Direct: 2 0118 9372269 e-mail: peter.narancic@reading.gov.uk

24 July 2017

Your contact is: Mr Peter Narancic, Licensing, Environment and Neighbourhood Services

Dear Mr Hui Chang Yin

Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence Number - LP2001696 Name of Premise - China Palace Address - 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading

On Thursday 13 July 2017 I visited your premises with officers from Immigration Enforcement and Thames Valley Police to ensure you were complying with the terms and conditions of the above premises licence and advise on any matters that may arise during the inspection. I spoke with your manager Mr Wei Hu.

I understand Immigration Enforcement officers interviewed four employees found in your premises working illegally and were removed off your premises. They will correspond with you about that matter separately. This letter will deal with the licensing inspection that was carried out with you, and you need to be aware that from April 2017, the Immigration service has become one of the responsible Authorities in regard to Licensing matters.

From our records the premises licence holder for these premises is Mr Hui Chang Yin. The designated premises supervisor is also Mr Hui Chang Yin.

During my inspection, I found the following items that require your attention as outlined below. As you will be aware matters of non-compliance under the Licensing Act 2003 are deemed criminal offences.

#### Conditions not being complied with

2(a) All incidents which impact on any of the four licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the information and those members of staff who deal with the incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded; You were not complying with this condition as you did not have an incident book.

(b) The Premises Licence Holder shall prevent customers from leaving the premises with any alcoholic or non alcoholic drink in open containers (e.g. glasses, opened bottles and cans; Mr Hu could not explain how this condition was being complied with.

(c) The Premises shall operate a Challenge 25 policy to prevent any customer who attempts to purchase alcohol and who appears to the staff member to be under the age of 25 years (or 16 in the case of the consumption of beer, wine or cider in the company of an adult during a table meal), without having first provided identification. Only a valid British driving licence showing a photograph of the person, a valid passport or proof of age card showing the 'Pass' hologram are to be accepted as identification; You were not complying with this condition as Mr Hu could not explain details of your policy.

(d) Notices advertising the Challenge 25 and documentation required for checking proof of age policies shall be displayed in prominent positions on the premises; You were not complying with this condition as you were not displaying Challenge 25 posters in your premises.

(e) The Premises Licence Holder or Designated Premises Licence Holder shall ensure staff receive training on a regular basis, every four months, in relation to the four licensing objectives contained within the Licensing Act 2003 for those authorised to sell alcohol. Written proof of training shall be recorded and maintained; You were not complying with this condition as Mr Hu could not produce staff training records.

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall have installed by 1 December 2010 a digitally recorded CCTV system. Camera coverage shall include the entry and exit points and karaoke rooms and be able to record frontal identification of every person entering in any light condition. All cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or a Thames Valley Police Officer, together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such a quality as to be able to identify the recorded person. The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that the CCTV system is maintained in working order at all times; This was not fully checked. Mr Hu could not confirm how long recordings are kept for.

(g) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure notices are predominately displayed at all exit points to advise customers that the area surrounding the premises is an Alcohol Restriction Zone; You were not complying with this condition as you were not displaying customer notices.

(h) The Premises Licence Holder shall participate in the local Town Radio Scheme when the premises are opened for licensable activity after 0001 hours until closing time the same morning, Monday to Sunday inclusive. You were not complying with this condition as you do not have a Town safe radio.

Additionally you failed to comply with Licensing law in repect of;

- 1. Mr Hu could not produce a copy of Part A of your premises licence was not available for inspection.
- 2. You were not displaying the summary (part B) of your premises licence.
- 3. You did not have a section 57 notice in relation to Part A of your premises licence displayed in your premises.
- 4. Mr Hu could not produce a copy of the premises plan.

For information we operate a three tier procedure similar to our trading standards and police partners where following licensing inspections where issues of non - compliance have been found which we believe have undermined any of the four licensing objectives and we believe the management is underperforming we invite the premises licence holder to a performance management meeting and following discussions a plan of action is agreed in regard to future conduct. If following this, no or little improvement is made, an application to review the premises licence may made. However, if we find evidence that the premises licence(s) holder have committed a criminal offence, the licence may be reviewed without further notice. This may result in the suspension or revocation of your premises licence.

#### General

The Premises Licence holder that all staff are able to converse with customers and representatives of all Statutory Agencies to a level that they are able to satisfactorily meet the four licensing objectives as contained in the Licensing Act 2003. (ie All staff must know what the licensing objectives are)

- I. The Prevention of Crime and Disorder.
- II. Public Safety.
- III. Public Nuisance.
- IV. The Protection of Children from Harm.

Mr Hu did not know what the four licensing objectives were, so we must assume none of your staff are aware of these either. Due to what we found, your premises has been rated as very high risk as clearly you are not upholding the four licensing objectives which is a great concern to all the responsible Authorities. We plan to take legal advice in regard to future actions.

#### **Recommendations**

Please ensure that your fire fighting equipment is inspected annually and all fire exits kept clear of obstructions at all times. Ensure your fire risk assessment is up to date and carry out any necessary staff re-training to ensure that your staff are fully aware of all issues regarding fire safety in your premises. For more information, go to www.fire.gov.uk/Workplace+safety/WhatTheLawRequires/

Please ensure that your health and safety risk assessment is up to date. For more information, go to <u>http://www.hse.gov.uk/business/policy.htm</u>

You have now have an opportunity to ensure that above mentioned items are actioned within the next 28 days.

Should you wish to discuss any issues, please telephone me on the number above, during office hours.

Yours faithfully

Mr Peter Narancic Senior Licensing & Enforcement Officer

Copies sent to:

Environmental Health UK Immigration Enforcement Department Thames Valley Police

Licensing guidance information enclosed.

# Name: CHINA PALACE Address: 43-45 OX60

AG1 Inspector:

# Food Hygiene Inspection Date: 27/11/5

Announced inspection? Y (N)

**FLARE DATABASE CODES INU** Type Rfull/partial inspection; S-other official control (OOC) incl sampling, etc of Broadly Compliant (BC); X-Non Official Control insp (education/intel) BC cat D/E alternate with OOC; J-ceased trading(food closed but business still exists). **ACTION DIARY TEMPLATE FH1** (F50-FH Written Warning (letter or IRF with legal requirements), (F51-)Improvement Notice(s), F53 -Voluntary closure, F52 -HEPN, F54 -seizure of food, (F35) Revisit, <u>Code</u> -food reg sent/left/checked, G48 -2<sup>nd</sup> person, GTW- Trade waste not ok, FR\_ (insert rating no.) Admin to send rating stickers, F64 -Copy of IRF to Head Office **PRU, More tab**, **Equipment** FBK -Blast chiller, FBA -Blast freezer, FAQ -Vac Pack Machine, FBQ-Duck oven, FBP -Tandoori oven, FAJ -Band saw

Item	Detail	Description				1	Scheduled Date	Actual Date	Officer	Time
1	535	BRYDI	DIC	8	121	15	1702/10		0.4	
2	648	TELEM.	CHCE		1		- /			
3										

#### Food Hygiene Risk Rating

Inspection Summary

SCORE	Criteria	File Comments from last visit incl any complaints to follow up since
	TYPE OF FOOD & METHOD OF HANDLING	last insp:
5/A	Handling Low risk Foods	STRB - COSS Contran - Cionalea - STRB
10/B	Handling High Risk Foods	last insp: FH 5 CIM - Cross Contam Cleaning - SFBB 15 15 10
(30/C)	Prep High Risk Foods cook/handle	
40/D	Manufacture high Risk foods	Risk Rating of Premises of past 4 FHI? BCBB
(1))	METHOD OF PROCESSING	Owners name on existing food reg: Mr WEI HU
(0/A)	None	PAP for FH? Y/N PAP name?
20/B	High risk activities; cook/chill foods; Air drying ie. biltong; low acid foods;	Health and safety due? Yes/No Food standards due? Yes/No
	add salt or preservatives; sushi, rare burgers; vacuum & sous vide packing	Range of foods: TRADITIONALCHINCCE
	CONSUMERS AT RISK	
0/A	Very Few	Method of processing? Cook, Cool, Reheat
(5/B)	Few	· ·
107C	Intermediate	Preferred language(s):
15/D	Substantial national /internat distrib	Number of customers/meals: min max
5	VULNERABLE GROUPS (catering)	Premises used by other bodies? $Y(\widehat{N})$ Who? :
(0/A)	Premises serving >20 people in a	Premises used by other bodies? Y(N) Who? :
OR	vulnerable group	Any off site activities? Y(N) Details:
22/B		Any off site activities? Y(N) Details:
	FOOD HYGIENE & SAFETY (see COP)	
0/A	Reason:	Business to business sales? Y/N Who?
5/B	- CROS GRADIM MOULOS	
10/C	cooling practices	Approval needed? Y(N)
15/0		Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit
(20/E)	- organization - Handwindurg	inspection. <u>Highlight which areas addited</u> i.e. rood hygiene, structurat, ciw of addit
25/F	STRUCTURAL (see COP)	
0/A	Reason:	Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with
5/B	- Cleaning	named staff, include job function)
10/6	- Toulets	DIDAN SOUND
(15/D)	-	PIED & CONTRA
20/E		
25/F	CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)	Proposed business changes Suggested areas for focus at next S type
0/A		(Circle) menu changes/ building inspection:
5/B	Reason: No SFB13	work/refurb, starting delivery, new
10/C	- temps not recorded	
(20/D)	Terrips nor recover	change, other new service?
30/E	-Training	Other
(0/A)	Significance of Risk of food being	Reasons if changed from
OR	contaminated.	category A (manager needs
20/B		to sign bottom of page)
TOTAL	CARACANA	
40	LAUDAUDA	Y Timescale
10		1. New Clat
FH R Rati	ng FR_ score greater than	Sampling to be undertaken during next visit:
A: 92-	196 5 0-15 5	Discussion with Home Authority/PAP
B: 72- C: 52-	71 3 25-30 10	Change in FHRS rating (if zero/one rating has revisit been scheduled)
D: 31-	20	Variance to food Y (N) Reason:
E: 0-3		enforcement policy
1	0 > 50 30	
Qualitat	ive Review : Name & Signed:	Position Date:
Quantal	ive neview, name a signed,	
Commer	nts:	

Part 1: Suppliers: 1.1 Names of main f Seelbo J. Chen	ood suppliers a	stotlert.	ood supp	blied: (N	Meat, F	ish, bi-valv	/e mollu	scs, dai	ry, eggs, im	portec	d foods)	~	
1.2 Any foods purch	ased direct fror	n companie	s outside	the UI	K? e.g.	Internet	YN						
Part 2: Training									Test and a				
2.1 Details of Train	ning/Instruction	n/Supervis	on Arra	ngem	ents								
training/instruction & supervision (incl new staff training)											×*	×.	
2.2 Food Handler T	raining Staff Name						1					a culture	
Categories	Staff Name						Cat A,B	Online	(O), accredit		Date done	Cert Y/N	
wrapped food	a. (1)(1	Le	vel	2.4	1019	Ninn		(A) or i	n-house (H)	6	COCT	D.	
B=Handle open HRFs	b. 9		_		~~~~	1990		SU	y.	-	Sert	A	
C=Food handlers who	С.												
have a supervisory role	d.												
2.3 Discussion with	e. staff and obs	served ope	rational	practi	ces su	ggest sui	table tr	aining?	Y/N)				
Comments on staff	practices:								0				
Notrie to	Se voca												
Consideration of know Part 3: Food Safe	ety Manage	ment Sys	tem (F	SMS)									
$\sqrt{1}$ = Satisfactory, 0 3.1 Details of HA0	CP system	in place	mustr	esuit	in a co	Sminent		'], IN/A	= Not ap	Jiicat	)ie		
-SFBB -Bespoke/Codex type -Records only			SA	38							uol.	1320	
-Suitable? (Consider E			mito. C	1 005	reative	antion. N	10		Due e e		These		
CCP= Critical cont List business CCPs:		3.2 busine	tellor of the	3.3 (		3.4 CL	3.5 MI		3.6 CA		CCP contro	olled	
opinion) (Cross off if CCPs as needed).	n/a, add	identified a		ident	ified?	valid?					satisfactorily?		
Purchase/ Delive	erv	necessary	UCPS!				establ	isned?	CCP?				
Storage (chill/ froz		X		-						6	2		
Preparation										K			
Cooking Reheat	ing												
Cooling		Mast								K	)		
Hot Holding											/		
<b>Cold Service</b>													
Delivery Transpo	ort												
			6	5									
3.8 Defrosting proce		AdHoc	2	9		ication							
3.9 Doc procedures Validation	TOP E. COILCON					Manager			and accura	ate?			
3.10 Suitable perso	n did analysis	?			3.15	Staff train	ed? (in	cl new	staff)?	_			
3.11 All CCPs and (		?			3.16	Periodic r	eview?	(& wh	en menu/e	quip	change)		
3.12 MPs and CAs		CINC			3.17	Inhouse/th	nird pa	rty aud	it?				
3.18 General Con	Intents Of F	SIVIS						Br Labor					
3.19 Overall HA		iant (Arti		· Y //	N P	roposed	Actio	n if N·	NLb	<u>.</u>			
Strender IIP	.ser compt			(	42	oposed	Actio		Notu	e.			

Hugiana Braraquicita programma (BPD)			
Hygiene Prerequisite programme (PRP)	14 to a a	amment on IDEL N/A Not applicable	
$$ = Satisfactory, $\otimes$ = Unsatisfactory [ $\otimes$ must resu	in in a c	omment on inrj, iv/A = Not applicable	
Part 4: Structural		1.40 U// I	().
General	A	4.12 <i>Windows</i> constructed to prevent	NA
4.1 Construction & size of business permit GHP?	V	accumulation of dirt?	$\overline{\mathbf{n}}$
4.2 Layout of premises permits GHP?	V	4.13 Equipment in good repair/condition?	V,
4.3 Drainage satisfactory?	V/	4.14 <i>Food containers</i> in good repair/condition?	1
4.4 <i>Lighting</i> suitable?	V	Cleaned & disinfected if reused? X	2
4.5 Ventilation satisfactory?	V	4.15 Food packaging stored in clean area?	1
4.6 Suitable sanitary accommodation? Ventilated	$(\mathbf{V})$	Pest Prevention & Control	
lobby? WHB? Lobby/ (lean ward		4.16 <i>Structure</i> ok? No proofing required.	
4.7 Provision of suitable changing facilities?	V	4.17 No Signs of infestation?	~
Food Room Requirements		4.18 Pest control contractor? 02085033740	1.1
4.8 Adequate number of wash hand basins with hot	$(\mathbf{X})$	Name. Crutoliut	1
& cold water, soap & hand drying facilities?		Frequency: Brey 2 north	/
4.9 Adequate facilities for;	/	Type: Rodents/ Cockroaches/ Flies/ AID	
Cleaning utensils/equip? (H+C water, Two sinks or		4.19 Log book/Diary examined?	1
one plus dishwasher (80C for 15sec;or equivalent)?	/	Last visit date: 25/11/15 -	F ,
Washing food? (if dual use, system for cleaning?)	1	4.20 Any actions from checks addressed?	1
4.10 Ceilings & overhead fixtures prevent	./	4.21 Or is in house system suitable?	1
accumulation of dirt, formation of mould/condensation	V	Frequency of checks?	
& shedding of particles?		Recorded?	11.
4.11 Are the following in sound condition & easy to		Vehicles	4
clean/disinfect?	-	4.22 Vehicle seen, clean, good repair and	
Floors	-	condition? Note registration of vehicle:	
Walls	V		
Doors	V	4.23 Adequate temp controlled storage space?	11
Food contact surfaces	V	4.24 Designated areas for raw and RTE	1
Part 5: Operational		South of the second states and the second states and the	
Cleaning		5.13 Contaminated e.g. raw meat cardboard	Jur.
5.1 Premises clean?	(V)	used/disposed of appropriately?	200
		5.14 No evidence of <b>breakages</b> , unnecessary	
5.2 Equipment installed to allow cleaning? 5.3 Food contact surfaces & equipment clean?	X	glass, bolts missing, paper clips, or other	1/
(Remember ice machine & soda gun)	X2	physical contaminants etc in food prep areas?	V_
5.4 All hand contact surfaces clean?	(X)	5.15 Staff aware of <b>food allergens</b> and $\gamma$	R
	No.	appropriate controls?	IX,
5.5 Suitable <i>chemicals and materials</i> for	. /	Stock Control	1º
cleaning? List: Sanuture	V	5.16 Products <i>date labelled</i> where necessary?	Ø
C C C		5.17 Manufacturers & in house dates all ok?	10
5.6 Disinfectant/Sanitser meet BS EN 1276:1997	V		-
or BS EN 13697:2001?		Personal Hygiene           5.18 Good standards of personal hygiene	a
5.7 Cleaning chemicals properly stored?		observed? - OU Jals array	B
5.8 <i>Cleaning schedule</i> in place & <i>implemented</i> ?			-
5.9 Two stage cleaning? Visibly clean then		5.19 Appropriate hand washing practices	A
disinfect, consider contact time		observed? ?	X
5.10 Suitable <i>cloth management</i> ?	$ \mathbf{v} $	- Taps turned off with towel (or no touch taps)?	V
- Sep cleaning cloths, sponges, mops?	V	- Sanitizing gel only after proper HW	
- Are reusable cloths machine washed?			1
Food Contamination	A	5.20 Aware of appropriate glove use?	+
5.11 All foods covered?	5	5.21 Staff fit to work & know <b>48 hr rule</b> ?	1
5.12 Appropriate controls to prevent cross-	XY	5.22 Changing clothing after handling raw food?	11
contamination e.g.	14	5.23 Fitness to work procedure in place?	1
- Different equip? (unless disinfected in dishwasher)	VI	5.24 Over-clothing suitable and clean?	X
<ul> <li>No dual use of complex equipment</li> </ul>	5	5.25 Adequate <i>first-aid</i> provisions?	1
- Separate storage areas? (clearly identifiable)	XX	Complaints/Incidents	1
- Zoned areas? (clean area sufficiently separated)	X	5.26 Procedures/recent complaints all ok?	
- Time zoning? (are cleaning, sanitising and doc ok?)	$(\mathbf{X})$	5.27 How are customer complaints handled?	
- Separate staff for tasks?	Ø	Comments on cross contamination if required:	1
- No raw food contamination of cash registers?	die		
- Raw meat is not washed during preparation?	2		
A			
() to be addressed in latter.			

FP1 WD1 V14

Waste Disposal					5 32 Cor	ov of M/	oto Transfor I		-
5.28 Food waste (	Contractor I	used and o	etails D	5.32 Copy of Waste Transfer Licence seen? 5.33 Animal by-products? (RETAIL ONLY)					
		-	toud		- Separation of raw meat/fish & eggs				
5.29 Cooking oil? Stored properly, No sp	illage, Collect	ر) ted by author	ised collector	<ul> <li>Disposal via approved contractor</li> <li>Detailed records kept (what collected, weight, destination, transport, date – NB – Kept for 2 years)</li> </ul>					
5.30 Outside bin a	rea tidy?	aur	nu		5.34 ls a	ny surp	lus food (baker	y) being put into	
5 01 Dine inside a		U.J.	fe-		the feed	chain o is going a	r going to anim nd pass to TS	als? If yes -details of	
5.31 Bins inside sa	atisfactory?	000		V			-		
Part 6: Temperat $$ = Satisfactory, $\otimes$			ust result in	a comme	ent on IRFI	N/A - 1	Not applicable		
6.1 Able to demons	trate contor	mance with	1 4hr rule		6.4 Able	to demo	onstrate conform	nance with 2hr rule	
for chilled hold? (( 6.2 Is cooling done		in doe.			for hot h				1
6.3 Does the busine		fish to con	sume raw	P	6.5 Devi	of indep	emperature more	nitoring? neter? (Probe and/or	1
e.g. sushi/sashimi?	(Check that fis	sh is frozen at	-20°C for at	1	storage t				
least 24 hrs?) Detail in c Does not apply to FARM	IED salmon, A	tlantic halibut,	rainbow trout.				nitisation?		1
Has to be these fish and 6.11 Officers Tem	FARMED				6.8 Ther	momete	r calibration?		
Equipment	Location	JIECKS	Temp °C		Product		Location	Tomp °C	-
a.undorraurks	note k	itchon	7.9		d.		LUCALION	Temp °C	_
b. Ron D MOD	Finnen	( Kitch	-10		e.				_
run neu	KEWERO	DOD 0	m (10		f.				
Comments on tem		PIED U	40		1.				
Part 7: Traceability $$ = Satisfactory, $\otimes$ = <u>Traceability</u> 7.1.4bit to trace for	= Unsatisfa	ctory [⊗ mu			Supplier (	Control			
7.1 Able to trace for 7.2 Traceability doc			n site?	1	7.5 Arriva	al in ope	ning hours?	tiofactory	_
7.3 Able to trace for	od forward to				7.6 Rejection procedure for unsatisfactory deliveries?				
Detail businesses b	CERES STATISTICS	10 /			7.7 Supplier control and approval system?				
7.4 Discuss if appro businesses)			21	A	of bovine	carcass	ses.) (if N talk to		
7.9 Does business ( receipts. 60 day retentio	n of certificate	nd caterers s? Traceabilit	) Sell Live Bi y/invoice/appro	ivalve Mo	ers?	sters, M	ussels, <del>Clams (</del> Chen Rollo	etc)? Officer to inspect	
7.10 Imported Food	s	Of	ficers Trace	eability (	Checke				_
Are there any impor						quireme	nts based on cu	Irrent EC 669/2009	
		Annex	(1 (PNAÓ),	at 1 <sup>st</sup> poi	int of destin	nation af	ter port CVED(I	POAO) or CED(PNAC	))
Product Name	e and Desc	ription	Categor	'Y -Importe	d POAO, - I/EEA prod.		Details of Che	eck and Results	
а.				/////	ELA piou.				
b.			1						
7.11 Notes/Diagra	ms								
- Bin her	rot@ u								
X Steamer Why - thicken Shewo @ ambunt Temp. X Need matrix etc., for allergies - staff not aware. At was - catanisation in the hitse reads to be allergies - staff not aware. At was - catanisation in the hitse reads to be allergies - top upmont difference								roler dump	utu
x Nood had	abic soke	ry Spa	shed for	i hay	ster a	- Cle		roler dump	une
X Need mat	abic soke	ry Spa	shed for	d war	ste R-	- Cle	an in laring	roler dump	unte 20 6

12.1

Reading Borough Council Working better with you	the second			FOC	DD & SAF		INSPECTION REPORT
Legislation covered by Inspection: Food Safet amended)  Health & Safety at Work etc. Ac Reason for Visit: Proactive  Reactive	t 1974	ygiene 4 🗌 Ot /isory [	ther leg	nd) Regula gislation ample Tak			
1.2-15 0.00	RJ	Busi	ness Ty	vpeRe	sta	non	
Address	-1-2004						
Email LDPL 324	Tel	(			Mobi	le	
I. See I. Lee				Posi	tion .K	itcl	on Madager
Name of Food Business Operator/Dutyholder	Hu	1Ch	Bud	Tin	-6	mal	oddrenn
Business days & hours. CHANG & LON				reas Check			
List of Documents checked ✓ = Yes x = Not a FH Training Policy / records	Tempe	erature	Log	Hot Food	Tempe	rature L	og 🗌 Pest Control 🔲
Health and Safety: Policy Risk Assessments Comments: Matters Arising (L = Legal Requ	s 🗌 (D	etails					)
(Food Only:CIM=Confidence in Management, F	H=Foo	d Hygie	ene & S	afety Prac	tices, S	=Structu	ure; H&S: Health & Safety)
L/R CIM/ FH/S/							
H&S					······		
(L) FY Food 12 Being h	010	at	. On	nhou	tte	MAE	rature pr
prov than the	1000	X	Uf	nita	(D). 1	COC	Showled (OOL)
at ampiont temp	<u>301</u>	Ne	24	ra	Ma	K Of	40 MINS 4 M
thon be ketride	F62(Y	tec	X ·	TUDEZ	CALE	: IN	ONEDIATIU.
LIFH the preezer F	04	the		W) []	100	nov	2 NC IF D
Chorolacked 20 1	<u>not</u>	10	lan	Q. va	legu	au	Temperatues.
This oround	<u>)</u> e	Off	16UC	KOOL	TU.	<u> </u>	ESCALE INTRODUCTION
TH Those mere !	an	1	DUP	Inder	La	ICK.	end loute)
Stored in the	a	2010	La	Ear of	00	ne	HOLE
Ensure more v	F	210	100	OH7	201	191	MEDIATIEU L
COOLECE PICTURE	10.		<u>rn</u>	. 200	65.		A CONTRE 9 +
Action Proposed: Inspection report form left	Letter	to follow	w 🖸 Fa	ormal notice	es(s) 🔟	Revisit	PURCHAS
Food Hygiene Rating Criteria Assessed	Good	1	:	SCORE		Poor	Your Premises Rating is
Compliance with food safety procedures	0	5	10	15	20	25	To be detailed
Compliance with structural requirements	0	5	10	15	20	25 30	on the
Confidence in management /control procedures Business Reply Expected: Yes No with	0		the	10			the second secon
Officer Name. EIGH CALE Si		1.6	MA I MA				
2 <sup>nd</sup> Officer Name. An FE GALACIEL							
Date & Time 21./							
As the person seen at the visit, I have taken Officer OR I have received this form and I wil	note a	nd und	lerstan	d all aspec	ts of w	ork disc	cussed with the Inspecting
Signed	U	li	Hh	1.	Jot	Title	
Note: This report describes those matters requiring you have any queries regarding this report or you do first instance. If it is not resolved then write to t Officers, Reading, RG1 2LU or email: consumerpro	not ag	gree wit d & Saf	h your f ety Mar	ood rating, ager at: Fo	please	contact t	he officer named above in the

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	Re BORG	eadin	CONSUMER PROTECTION INSPECTION REPORT For Environmental Health
			Sheet 2 of 2
	CONTINU Name of	JATION SH Premises.	CHINA PALAE Address 43-45 Oxford Rd=
			ters Arising (L= Legal Requirement + <u>Timescale</u> R= Recommendations)
19			Confidence in Management, FH=Food Hygiene & Safety Practices, S=Structure)
~	L/R	CIM/ FH/S	
4	A	S	The word tareto upper not available to word
-	~		hardmans in the kitchen + staff toulets.
-			Provide Handtavels to all hand wash areas
5)	) L	2	The doors between the Ktchon + B. Staff
			tould must be kept goged of all times"
_			TIMESCALE = MMECHONELY & ON GOUG
6)	L	7	The bin to located Next to showed
			Containyo, ready to use crockery. Uponery
			should be warded before use & Dur
2	1	<u> </u>	Start The aces in the are the are the
Ð			Start July area: nos are reque
0		$\bigcirc$	CLEANENCE: DOWNON CLOQUE THES
S		S	of kitchon is required sherific and
			returns attortion to be detailed in
			lotte following importion
2	L	CIM	SFB3 NOT COMPLETE NOTICE TO DE JENEOL
5)	L	CM	No Endone of adoptato training -> Notice
2			to be served. 'TIMESCALE: NOTLE!
D		CIM	Ensure all allergens present in menu trems
			are accumented a this record should be
-			Kept up to call if menu of supplier charge
	Action Pr	oposed: Se	e Sheet One I DO WARE INTO THE DECINE ON ECTICS
		Officer	EIGH HLEP Signature DATO Date & Time 711/15 DM
	I have ta	ken note a	nd understand all aspects of work discussed with the Inspecting Officer
			+ 1/1=
	Signed		Job Title
			y covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit and is an informal indication of areas of the business If you have any queries regarding this report or you do not agree with your food rating, please contact the

Note: This report only covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit and is an informal indication of areas of the business requiring attention. If you have any queries regarding this report or you do not agree with your food rating, please contact the officer named above in the first instance. If it is not resolved then write to the Food Law Manager or Health and Safety Manager, as appropriate at: Consumer Protection, Reading Borough Council, Civic Centre, Reading RG1 7AE or email: consumerprotection@reading.gov.uk

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# Name: Chura Pala a for a Inspector: LL3

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**APPENDIX RF-3** 

Food Hygiene Inspection Aid-Mémoire Inspection Date: 26/4/16

	s: H3-45 UX/200 Rd	Announced inspection? Y (N)
FLARE	DATABASE CODES INU Type R full/partial inspecti	on S-other official control (OOC) incl sampling, etc of Broadly Compliant (BC): X-
Non Offi	cial Control insp (education/intel) BC cat D/E alterna	Ite with OOC; J-ceased trading(food closed but business still exists).
ACTION	DIARY TEMPLATE FH1 (F50) FH Written Warn	ing (letter or IRF with legal requirements), F51 - Improvement Notice(s),
F53 -Vo	luntary closure, F52 -HEPN, F54 -seizure of fo	bod, F35 - Revisit, Code food reg sent/left/checked, G48 - 2 <sup>nd</sup> person,
GTW- T	rade waste not ok, FR_ (insert rating no.) Adr	nin to send rating stickers, (F64 Copy of IRF to Head Office PRU, More tab,
Equipm	ent FBK -Blast chiller, FBA -Blast freezer, FAQ	-Vac Pack Machine, FBQ -Duck oven, FBP -Tandoori oven, FAJ -Band saw
	Detail Description	Scheduled Date Actual Date Officer Time
1	ESU	
2	F64	
3	646	Wel
E		
	lygiene Risk Rating	Inspection Summary
SCORE		File Comments from last visit incl any complaints to follow up since
	TYPE OF FOOD & METHOD OF HANDLING	last insp:
5/A	Handling Low risk Foods	
10/8	Handling High Risk Foods	FH S CIM - Cilarug - Temps 10 15 20 - SFBR - Crozo contam
(30/C)	Prep High Risk Foods cook/handle	10 15 20 - 571310 - (500) (Drucuri
407D	Manufacture high Risk foods	Risk Rating of Premises of past 4 FHI?
	METHOD OF PROCESSING	
(0/A)	None	Owners name on existing food reg: CHANG LONG Ltd.
	High risk activities; cook/chill foods;	PAP for FH? Y/N PAP name?
20/B	Air drying ie. biltong; low acid foods;	
2070	add salt or preservatives; sushi, rare	Health and safety due? Yes No Food standards due? Yes No
	burgers; vacuum & sous vide packing	Range of foods: Town man (A) Cillo (ADC ) and I
		Range of foods: TRADITIONAL CHINESE DIM SUM
0.1.1	CONSUMERS AT RISK	Nothed of processing , A O D A is
044	Very Few	Method of processing? Cook, COOL, Reneat
(5/B)	Few	
10/0	Intermediate	Preferred language(s): Nood Chef Speaks Endion
15/D	Substantial national /internat distrib	Number of customers/meals: min max
2	VULNERABLE GROUPS (catering)	
(0/A)	Premises serving >20 people in a	Premises used by other bodies? Y/N Who? :
OR	vulnerable group	
22/B	And a second sec	Any off site activities? Y/N) Details:
	FOOD HYGIENE & SAFETY (see COP)	
0/A	Peacon:	Business to business sales? Y/N Who?
5-4B	AC - CNO Contam nous	
	as - Conditioned	
1000176 1/		
(10/C)/	Alton Colocation of	Approval needed? Y/N
1570'	TO, W	Reason for Chosen intervention other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type
1570 20/E	TO, W	
1570'		Reason for Chosen intervention other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type
1570 20/E	STRUCTURAL (see COP)	Reason for Chosen intervention other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type
1570 20/E		Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit
1570 20/E 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with
0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP)	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit
0/A 5/5 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
15/0 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/4 10/C	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 15/B 20/E	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
15/0 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/5 10/C	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropour	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep & Seman
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 15/P 20/E 25/F	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropour Dropour CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Sector         Proposed business changes       Suggested areas for focus at next S type
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Droppan CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Proposed business changes         (Circle) menu changes/ building       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection;
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 15/B 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Droppan CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Proposed business changes         (Circle) menu changes/ building       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection;
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 5/B 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 0/C	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropour Dropour CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep + CMO Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership COVEMA
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 25/F 0/A 5/B 0/C 20/D	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Droppan CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason:	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep + CMO Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership Suggested areas for focus at next S type (Circle) COV-CMM.
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 20/E	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Droppour Droppour CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: -Trouring	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep + CMO Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership Suggested areas for focus at next S type (Circle) COV-CMM.
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropper CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: Troumg Significance of Risk of food being	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep + CMO Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership Suggested areas for focus at next S type (Circle) COV-CMM.
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/5 10/C 20/D 20/E 25/F 0/A 0/A 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Droppour Droppour CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: -Trouring	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Proposed business changes         (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CROFO       COVECIM.         TRAINING         Reasons if changed from
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 20/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropper CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: Troumg Significance of Risk of food being	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep 4         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/5 10/C 20/D 20/E 25/F 0/A 0/A 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Document D	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep + CMO         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?         Other         Reasons if changed from
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 20/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropper CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: Troumg Significance of Risk of food being	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Prep         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CROSO COVICIM.       TRAIMUG         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Frequence
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 20/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Document D	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Prep         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CRCDO COULCAM.       TRAIMMG         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Y
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 20/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP) Reason: Dropper CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) Reason: Trouring Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Prep         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CROFO COV/CUM.       TRAIMUG         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Frequence
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 10/C 25/F 0/A 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 20/E 20/B TOTAL	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Confidence in management (see COP)         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Contaminated.         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Reason:         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Reason:         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Reason:         Reas	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Prep         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CRCDO COULAM.       TRAINING         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Y
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/B TOTAL 5/B 10/C 20/B	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Contaminated.         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Rating       FHRS score greater than 0-15	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function),         Prep       Prep         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         CROFO COV/CUM.       TRAINING         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Y         Sampling to be undertaken during next visit:       Y
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 20/B TOTAL 5/B 10/C	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Contaminated.         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Rating       FHRS score greater than 0-15 5 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), Prep + Error         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service? Other         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)         Reasons with Home Authority/PAP
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/A 0/A 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/C 20/E 25/F	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Overpool         Overpool         CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         C A B A C C A         sk Rating FHRS score greater than 0-15 5 5 Store 10         196         5       0-15 5 5 Store 10	Reason for Chosen Intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 0/A 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/B 10/C 20/E 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Confidence in management (see COP)         Reason:         Troung         Significance of Risk of food being contaminated.         Contaminated.         Rating       FHRS         Baccore       greater than         0-15       5         20       10         20       10         25-30       10	Reason for Chosen Intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 20/B TOTAL 5/B 10/C 20/B TOTAL 5/B 10/C 20/B TOTAL 5/F 20/E 20/E 25/F	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Operation:         O	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function) , PYEP + Server         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service? Other
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 0/C 20/B TOTAL 0/A 0/A 0/A 20/B TOTAL 5/F 0/A 20/B TOTAL 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Operation:         O	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 0/A 8 0/A 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 30/E 20/B TOTAL 5/F 0/A 5/F 0/A 5/F 20/E 25/F 0/A	STRUCTURAL (see COP)Reason:OverpointCONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP)Reason:TroundSignificance of Risk of food being contaminated.Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-150 10Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Significance of Risk of food being score greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Risk of food being core greater than 0-15O 10Significance of Risk of food being core greater than 0-15O 10Significan	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function), PYEP + Service         Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, closure/ownership change, other new service?       Suggested areas for focus at next S type inspection:         Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)       Y       Timescale         Sampling to be undertaken during next visit:       Discussion with Home Authority/PAP       Image: selection:         Change in FHRS rating (if zero/one rating has revisit been scheduled)       Y       N         Variance to food       Y       N       Reason:
20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 20/E 25/F 0/A 5/B 0/A 5/B 10/C 20/D 0/A 20/B TOTAL 0/B TOTAL C: 52- C: 52-	STRUCTURAL (see COP)         Reason:         Operation:         O	Reason for Chosen intervention – other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit         Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)

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Part 1: Suppliers: 1.1 Names of main f	food cuppliare s	and type of food si	upplied: (N	/leat, Fi	sh, bi-valv	e mol <b>lu</b>	scs, daii	ry, eggs, im	ported food	ds)	
	chan	Food 3	jupp	ller	2-> 1	100,	mea	t, sea	Docl		
Se	o wo	FOOD 2	Dryc	Dad	6			Tile?			
1.2 Any foods purch			00		_		-				
Dark 0. Training		-		-	-	-		CO. Concernant			
Part 2: Training 2.1 Details of Train	ning/Instructio	n/Supervision A	rrangeme	ents		-	Contra L	111000	Contra Tal	100	
Officer to describe training/instruction & supervision (incl new staff training)		Churos		~	mon	E	uppa	xt			
2.2 Food Handler	Fraining		- And	1000	Street 1	in it	and i	1 STA	2.44	1287	12.20
Categories	Staff Name					Cat A,B		(O), accredite		ate one	Cert (Y)N
A=Handle LRFs &						C		n-house (H)		one	
wrapped food	a. U	JEAN KRI					13	2 food &	HAC HAC	CP3	15 %
B=Handle open HRFs	b.	ao per	9			-	12	-	3	15'	4
C=Food handlers who	C.	un cho	ing i	lin		-	12		3/	D	4
have a supervisory role	d.		_	_		-				_	
2.3 Discussion wit	1000	served operation	nal practi	ces su	aaest suit	table tr	ainina?	Y/N .			
Comments on staff			1				N	all	ita M		1.1
		Trauning	I NO Y		uppe		0	un c	14pp		- 15
					v	,			V I		
Consideration of kno	wledge of hand	l washing, cross c	ontaminat	ion. e.c	oli source .	& contr	ol				
Part 3: Food Sat	W	Contraction of Provide Landson and Contraction of C						1110330	22225	12:81	1-0-07
= Satisfactory,	⊗ = Unsatis	factory [8 mus	st result i	in a co	mment	on IRF	], N/A	= Not app	olicable		Sile - 1
3.1 Details of HA	Carlos Ca				NTST 6	EMP	NEW	PO FORMER	N TYPE 25	\$110	A CEST
-SFBB -Bespoke/Codex type		S	FRD	2							
-Records only		-	IDE	)							-
-Suitable? (Consider E CCP= Critical con			CA-cor	rective	action: N	/P - r	nonitor	ing Proces	Hurae	_	
List business CCPs:	(officer's	3.2 business	3.3 0		3.4 CL	3.5 M		3.6 CA	3.7 CCP	contro	olled
opinion) (Cross off if CCPs as needed).	n/a, add	identified all		lified?	valid?	CCPs	and the second se	for each	satisfacte	orily?	
Purchase/ Deliv	erv	necessary CCP	sr	/	V	establ	ished?	CCP?			
Storage (chill/ fro.		1/	-	V	1	-	1/	1/	1		
Preparation		1/	L	/	V	L	/	V	and	2000	CONTAR
Cooking Reheat	ting		1	7	/	-	~		10 U	no au	10/180
Reheating			1	/			~	~	1		0000
Hot Holding		NTA				-		-		-	
Cold Service								-			
Delivery Transp	ort					1			1.0	-	
		1	1								
3.8 Defrosting proc			V		cation						
3.9 Doc procedures	s for e. coli co	ntrol?						and accura	ate?		V
3.10 Suitable perso	on did analysis	\$?			Manager Staff train						5
3.11 All CCPs and			V					en menu/e	quip chan	ge)	
3.12 MPs and CAs	the second se		V		nhouse/ti					-	
3.18 General Cor	A 1	SMS	Constant Const	王与王	TABLE IT	a second	ALC: NO.	1847502	121114	22.43	Sec. 1
Recorcha a	au Mi	to dally;									
	- Y										
S. Marine			0								
3.19 Overall H	ACCP Comp	liant (Article	5): Y/		roposed	Actio	n if N:				
				48	3						

Hygiene Prerequisite programme (PRP)	14 1-		
N = Satisfactory, ⊗ = Unsatisfactory [⊗ must resi Part 4: Structural	ultina	comment on IRFJ, N/A = Not applicable	1100
General	1 12		1.14
4.1 Construction & size of business permit GHP?	1.1	4.12 <i>Windows</i> constructed to prevent accumulation of dirt?	N
4.2 <i>Layout</i> of premises permits GHP?	A	4.13 <i>Equipment</i> in good repair/condition?	(v)
4.3 Drainage satisfactory?	1X	4.14 <i>Food containers</i> in good repair/condition?	10
4.4 Lighting suitable?	1./	Cleaned & disinfected if reused?	
4.5 Ventilation satisfactory?	V	4.15 Food packaging stored in clean area?	11
4.6 Suitable sanitary accommodation? Ventilated	1.7	Pest Prevention & Control	1V
lobby? WHB?	V	4.16 Structure ok? No proofing required.	V
4.7 Provision of suitable changing facilities?	1	4.17 No Signs of infestation?	V
Food Room Requirements	1 1	4.18 Pest control contractor?	1
4.8 Adequate number of wash hand basins with hot	1	Name:	
& cold water, soap & hand drying facilities?	V	Frequency:	
4.9 Adequate facilities for;	-	Type: Rodents/ Cockroaches/ Flies/ All	
Cleaning utensils/equip? (H+C water, 2 sinks or 1 +	1	4.19 <i>Log book/Diary</i> examined?	
dishwasher(full cycle not interrupted) or equivalent?	V	Last visit date:	1
Washing food? (if dual use, system for cleaning?)		4.20 Any actions from checks addressed?	
4.10 Ceilings & overhead fixtures prevent	1	4.21 Or is in house system suitable?	
accumulation of dirt, formation of mould/condensation & shedding of particles?	V	Frequency of checks?	
4.11 Are the following in sound condition & easy to		Recorded? Vehicles	-
clean/disinfect?			-
Floors	V	4.22 Vehicle seen, clean, good repair and condition? Note registration of vehicle:	
Walls	1	condition: Note agistration of vehicle.	
Doors	X	4.23 Adequate temp controlled storage space?	-
Food contact surfaces	1/	4.24 Designated areas for raw and RTE	-
	1		
Part 5: Operational	0		12
Cleaning	A	5.13 Contaminated e.g. raw meat cardboard	1/
5.1 Premises clean?	V	used/disposed of appropriately?	~
5.2 Equipment installed to allow cleaning?	V	5.14 No evidence of breakages, unnecessary	1
5.3 <i>Food contact surfaces</i> & equipment clean? (Remember ice machine & soda gun)		glass, bolts missing, paper clips, or other	V
5.4 All <i>hand contact surfaces</i> clean & disinfect?	D	physical contaminants etc in food prep areas?	
5.5 Suitable <i>chemicals and materials</i> for	~	5.15 Staff aware of <i>food allergens</i> and appropriate controls?	V
cleaning? List:	. 8	Stock Control	-
		5.16 Products <i>date labelled</i> where necessary?	D
5.6 Disinfectant/Sanitser meet BS EN 1276:1997	. /	5.17 Manufacturers & in house dates all ok?	10
or BS EN 13697:2001?	V	Personal Hygiene	
5.7 Cleaning chemicals properly stored?	1	5.18 Good standards of <i>personal hygiene</i>	1
5.8 Cleaning schedule in place & implemented?	1/	observed?	V
5.9 Two stage cleaning? Visibly clean then out G	00	5.19 Appropriate hand washing practices	
disinfect, consider contact time, correct dilution	21	observed?	1
5.10 Suitable <i>cloth management</i> ? Single use		- Recognised technique e.g. DoH	
- Sep colour coded cleaning cloths, sponges, mops?	/	- Taps turned off with towel (or no touch taps)?	
- Are reusable cloths machine washed?		- Sanitizing gel only after proper HW	1
Food Contamination	1	5.20 Aware of appropriate glove use?	
5.11 All foods covered?	X	5.21 Staff fit to work & know 48 hr rule?	
5.12 Appropriate controls to prevent cross-	K.	5.22 Change soiled clothing after handling raw	
contamination e.g.	1	food?	
Different equip? (unless disinfected in dishwasher)	1	5.23 Fitness to work procedure in place?	
No dual use complex equip unless full dismantle	VA	5.24 Over-clothing suitable and clean?	
Dual use of easy clean equipment	V	5.25 Adequate first-aid provisions?	
No raw food contamination of cash registers?	4	Complaints/Incidents	-
Raw meat is not washed during preparation?	1	5.26 Procedures/recent complaints all ok?	-
Use bowl/chopping board as food contact surface	V.	5.27 How are customer complaints handled?	-
Separate storage areas? (clearly identifiable)	$\bigcirc$	Comments on cross contamination if required:	
Zoned areas? (clean area sufficiently separated)	X	/	
<ul> <li>Time zoning? (are cleaning, sanitising and doc ok?)</li> </ul>	AN		
Separate staff for tasks?			

Waste Disposal	5.32 Copy of Waste Transfer Licence seen?
5.28 Food waste Contractor used and details:	5.33 Animal by-products? (RETAIL ONLY) - Separation of raw meat/fish & eggs
5.29 Cooking oil? Stored properly, No spillage, Collected by authorised collector	<ul> <li>Disposal via approved contractor</li> <li>Detailed records kept (what collected, weight, destination, transport, date – NB – Kept for 2 years)</li> </ul>
5.30 Outside bin area tidy?	5.34 Is any surplus food (bakery) being put into the feed chain or going to animals? If yes –details of where food is going and pass to TS
5.31 Bins inside satisfactory?	

Part 6: Temperat	ure Control			The second and	12.3.2.2	
$$ = Satisfactory. $\otimes$	= Unsatisfactory   @ mu	ist result in a com	ment on IRF, f	N/A = Not applicable		1. 6
6.1 Able to demons	trate conformance with	4hr rule	6.4 Able to	demonstrate conformation	ance with 2hr rule	AL
for chilled hold?		10	for hot hol		0	1
6.2 Is cooling done		X	6.5 Device	es for temperature mon	itoring?	1
	ess prepare fish to con		6.6 Use of	independent thermom	eter? (Probe and/or	VI
e.g. sushi/sashimi?	(Check that fish is frozen at	-20°C for at		ermometers)		1
least 24 hrs?) Detail in c	omments box.	rainhow trout		ate sanitisation?		A
Has to be these fish and	IED salmon, Atlantic halibut,	, Tainoow trout.	6.8 Therm	ometer calibration?		K
6.11 Officers Tem		021961	of the case			
Equipment	Location	Temp °C	Product	Location	Temp °C	-
a. Fridge 6		400-	d.			
b. 111 - 1	Lide - RTE/ITW	4600 /	е.			
warn in t	page - Meria	40	f.			
С.	•		1.	and the second se	Contraction of the local division of the loc	-
Comments on ter	Empor Re	A Party Party Support	The second second	Arcologo.	A PARTICIPAL STATISTICS	17.7.7.A
Part 7: Traesabi	lity and Supplier Co	ontrol	anat son s		A PARTY AND AND	68.51
V- Satisfactory @	= Unsatisfactory [8 m]	ust result in a com	ment on IBEI.	N/A = Not applicable		실킨
Traceability	- Unsatistaciony for m	ust result in a con	Supplier C	Control	HAR MAR IN THE	12.37
7.1 Able to trace fo	od one ston back?	11		I in opening hours?		IV
	cumentation available	on site?	7.6 Rejec	tion procedure for unsa	tisfactory	
	od forward to business		deliveries		,	V
Detail businesses			7.7 Suppl	er control and approva	I system?	
	oval required? (supply	to other	7.8 No SF	M on premises (only b	lue strips on labels	
businesses)	oranoquinous (oupps)			carcasses.) (if N talk to		
7.9 Does business	(incl retail and caterer on of certificates? Traceabi	s) sell Live Bivalve lity/invoice/approved n	e Molluscs (Oys umbers?	sters, Mussels, Clams e	etc)? Officer to inspect	
7.10 Imported Foo	ds C	fficers Traceabil	ity Checks	THE A DI	10-10-01	11.11
Are there any impo	rted foods? Food	stuffs likely to fail	food safety red	uirements based on cu	urrent EC 669/2009	101
All-	Anne	ex 1 (PNAO), at 1°	point of destin	ation after port CVED(	POAD) of CED(PIN	40)
Product Nar	ne and Description	Category -Im	ported POAO, - ), -EU/EEA prod.	Details of Che	eck and Results	
a.	/			-1		
7.11 Notes/Diagr	ams	A PARTY PROPERTY	THE TONE	一下「「大王」の生からのとうか	A PARTY CONTRACTOR	61.14
b.						
- Ota M - Phoppi - Duck - Door	eat 14101 in 19 boards sl oureal Cru Dimsum ha	reg/salid bred dury so confo st hold	avea uh,	- Training -	h tempo > tempo > troo conta	M,
			<u>50</u>			

25	Reading				F	ood & Saf		NSPECTION REPORT One of
7.5%	Borough Council							/
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amend	ded) 🗌 Health & Safety at Work etc	. Act 1974		ther leg	islation.			********
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Actio	n Proposed: Inspection report form lef	t 🔄 Letter	to follo	ow 🗌 Fo	ormal no	tices(s)	] Revisit	
	Hygiene Rating Criteria Assessed	Good	_		SCORE		Poor	Your Premises Rating is
	pliance with food safety procedures	0	5	10	15	20	25	-7
Com	pliance with structural requirements	0	5	(10)	15	20	25	) )
	idence in management /control procedu		5		10	20	30	
Busir	ness Reply Expected: Yes	with resp	onse	to the le	egal req	uiremer	its identif	ied above. EHD
Offic	er Name LEIGH LALE	Signatur	e	AAAA.		•••••	Designa	tion Sellor Criv
2 <sup>nd</sup> Officer Name Linnie Pont Signature Designation Sietto								
	& Time. 16 / 04 / 16 0							
Offic	As the person seen at the visit, I have taken note and understand all aspects of work discussed with the Inspecting Officer OR I have received this form and I will ensure this inspection report form is passed to the Manager.							
Signe	ed	lame	1.2	(	11.1.	J	ob Title	TEAN CIC
Note: you h first	Note: This report describes those matters requiring attention. The report only covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit. If you have any queries regarding this report or you do not agree with your food rating, please contact the officer named above in the first instance. If it is not resolved then write to the Food & Safety Manager at: Food & Safety, Reading Borough Council, Civic Officers, Reading. RG1 2LU or email: consumer protection@reading.gov.uk							



#### CONSUMER PROTECTION INSPECTION REPORT For Environmental Health

Sheet of 2

	Name of Premises					
	COMMENTS Matters Arising (L= Legal Requirement + <u>Timescale</u> R= Recommendations)					
			Confidence in Management, FH=Food Hygiene & Safety Practices, S=Structure)			
	L/R	CIM/ FH/S				
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		Officer				
	i nave ta	iken note a	nd understand all aspects of work discussed with the Inspecting Officer			
	Signed		Job Title head click			
	Note: Thi	s report only	y covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit and is an informal indication of areas of the business			
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	as appro	priate at:	Consumer Protection, Reading Borough Council, Civic Centre, Reading RG1 7AE or email:			

FP1\_WD4 v2

consumerprotection@reading.gov.uk

<u>52</u>

#### APPENDIX RF-4

Page 1

Judgments

#### QBD, ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

Neutral Citation Number: [2016] EWHC 1265 (Admin)

CO/345/2016

#### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

#### QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION

#### THE ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

Royal Courts of Justice

Strand

London WC2A 2LL

Thursday, 14 April 2016

Before:

#### MR JUSTICE JAY

Between:

#### EAST LINDSEY DISTRICT COUNCIL

#### Appellant

V

#### **ABU HANIF**

#### (TRADING AS ZARA'S RESTAURANT AND TAKEAWAY)

#### Respondent

Computer- Aided Transcript of the Stenograph Notes of

WordWave International Limited trading as DTI

165 Fleet Street London EC4A 2DY

Tel No: 020 7404 1400 Fax No: 020 7404 1424

(Official Shorthand Writers to the Court)

Mr P Kolvin QC & Mr D Dadds (instructed by David Dadds LLP) appeared on behalf of the Appellant

The Respondent did not appear and was not represented

#### JUDGMENT

(Approved)

#### Crown copyright©

1. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is an appeal by way of case stated from the decision of the Lincoln Magistrates' Court, District Judge Veits, given on 23 June 2015, whereby he allowed an appeal from the revocation of a premises licence by the licensing authority.

2. The appellant, the East Lindsey District Council, is the licensing authority. The Magistrates' Court in the usual way is not a party to these proceedings. The respondent, Mr Abu Hanif, trading as Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway, is the licence holder. He through a licensing consultant has submitted correspondence making various limited points, but indicating that he would not be taking any part in these proceedings.

3. The premises in question are Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway situated in North Summercoates on the Lincolnshire coast. They are licensed to sell alcohol ancillary to the supply of food. The restaurant is owned and managed by the licensee, Mr Hanif. On 29 April 2014, the premises were the subject of a joint visit by the police and immigration officers, and it was discovered that Mr Miah was working in the kitchen as a chef. It was common ground that Mr Miah had no current entitlement to remain in the UK, let alone to work. I was told that he arrived here illegally some years ago. Furthermore, it was also accepted by the respondent that he (i) employed Mr Miah without paperwork showing a right to work in the United Kingdom; (ii) paid Mr Miah cash in hand; (iii) paid Mr Miah less than the minimum wage; (iv) did not keep or maintain PAYE records; (v) purported to deduct tax from Mr Miah's salary; and (vi) did not account to HMRC for the tax deducted.

4. The police then applied for a review of the respondent's licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 and the matter came before the appellant's subcommittee on 30 June 2014. The subcommittee decided to revoke the respondent's licence. Its reasons were as follows:

5. "The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif did not take the appropriate checks of staff members having knowledge that there were problems previously at the other premises with overstayers, and that he continued to allow staff to work at Zara's restaurant without making appropriate checks.

6. The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had not undertaken the relevant checks to ensure the employee concerned was eligible to work in the United Kingdom. Instead of not allowing employees to work if they had not provided the correct documentation he allowed them to work and paid cash in hand. With all this in mind the subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had knowingly employed person/s unlawfully in the United Kingdom.

7. The subcommittee considered the evidence by Mr Kheng on behalf of Mr Hanif and the Home Office section 182 Guidance to Licensing Authorities. The subcommittee were of the view that the premises licence should be revoked and that revocation was an appropriate step with a view to promoting the crime prevention licensing objective."

8. The respondent then appealed to the Magistrates' Court. There was a hearing on 27 March 2015, and on 23 June the district judge decided to allow the respondent's appeal. On 1 September 2015, the district judge determined the issue of costs and on 7 January 2016 he stated the case. The appeal to the district judge was de novo, but he accepted that he could only allow the appeal if the subcommittee's decision was "wrong", the burden being on the appellant before him to establish that.

9. Looking now at the stated case, the district judge noted that the respondent had received a civil penalty for employing an illegal worker under section 15 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006. An immigration officer gave evidence to the effect that although by virtue of section 21 a criminal offence was committed, such proceedings were rarely brought. The district judge also noted that the police and the Council's licensing officer were no longer saying that the respondent was a serial offender, but a redacted report which was placed before the subcommittee still gave the impression that he "was in a much worse position than he actually was". As for the failure to pay the minimum wage, the district judge said this:

A. "In his evidence before me Mr Hanif accepted that he had not paid the minimum wage and this in itself can be a criminal offence. I found that this was not the main basis of the subcommittee's decision however and again there was no evidence that he had been reported for that alleged offence. It would appear from their reasons that the subcommittee used the evidence of paying cash in hand as justification for the finding that he knowingly employed Mr Miah. The prosecuting authority however appear to have taken a different view in offering the civil penalty."

10. The district judge's core reasoning was that no crime had been committed. As he put it:

A. "It appeared to me that no crime had been committed as a result of the visit to the premises in April of last year. A civil penalty had been imposed rather than prosecution for the section 21 offence and no other crime had been reported in relation to not paying the minimum wage."

11. In the district judge's view, the crime prevention objective was not engaged.

12. The district judge also criticised the subcommittee for adopting an inconsistent approach because in other similar cases only warnings were issued. Finally, he considered

that the subcommittee may have been influenced by comments in the police report, leading them to believe that they were dealing with a serial offender.

13. At the conclusion of the stated case, the district judge posed two questions for my determination. I will address these at the end of my judgment.

14. I was taken by Mr Philip Kolvin QC to various provisions of the Licensing Act 2003 as amended. Under section 4(1)and(2) a licensing authority must carry out its licensing functions with a view to promoting the licensing objectives, which include "the prevention of crime and disorder". The provisions dealing with the review application brought by the police are contained in sections 51 and 52. Under section 52(3), the licensing authority (and on appeal the Magistrates' Court):

A. "... must, having regard to the application and any relevant representations, take such of the steps mentioned in subsection (4) (if any) as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives."

15. The epithet "appropriate" was introduced by amendment in 2011. Previously the test had been stricter. In my judgment, it imports by necessary implication the concepts of proportionality and relevance.

16. Mr Kolvin submitted that the district judge erred in a number of respects. First, he wrongly held that, given that criminal proceedings were never brought, the crime prevention objective (see section 4(2)) was not engaged. The statute is concerned with the prevention rather than the fact of crime. Secondly, and in any event, the interested party had committed criminal offences in relation to tax evasion, the employment of an illegal worker, and employing an individual at remuneration below the minimum wage. As for the employment of an illegal worker, Mr Kolvin accepted that this requires knowledge on the part of the employer, and he also accepted that it is not altogether clear whether the district judge found as a fact that the respondent possessed the requisite knowledge. However, the core question is the promotion of the licensing objectives, not the fact of anterior criminal activity, and in this regard a deterrence approach is appropriate.

17. Thirdly, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no evidence of an inconsistent approach by the subcommittee in giving warnings in some cases because all cases turn on their own facts. Finally, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no basis for the district judge's conclusion that the subcommittee may have been influenced by a suggestion that the respondent was a serial offender.

18. I accept Mr Kolvin's submissions. In my view the district judge clearly erred. The question was not whether the respondent had been found guilty of criminal offences before a relevant tribunal, but whether revocation of his licence was appropriate and proportionate in the light of the salient licensing objectives, namely the prevention of crime and disorder.

This requires a much broader approach to the issue than the mere identification of criminal convictions. It is in part retrospective, in as much as antecedent facts will usually impact on the statutory question, but importantly the prevention of crime and disorder requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest, having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. The district judge's erroneous analysis of the law precluded any proper consideration of that issue. In any event, I agree with Mr Kolvin that criminal convictions are not required.

19. To the extent that the analysis must be retrospective, the issue is whether, in the opinion of the relevant court seized of the appeal, criminal offences have been committed. In the instant case they clearly had been: in relation to tax evasion (see the common law offence of cheating the Revenue and the offence of fraudulent evasion of tax contrary to section 106A of the Taxes and Management Act 1970); and the employment of Mr Miah at remuneration below the minimum wage (see section 31 of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998). Moreover, given the evidence that Mr Miah never provided the relevant paperwork, notwithstanding apparent requests, the obvious inference to be drawn is that the respondent well knew that he could not, and that no tax code and National Insurance number had been issued. The corollary inference in my judgment is that the respondent well knew that Mr Miah could not provide the relevant paperwork because he was here illegally.

20. I also accept Mr Kolvin's submission that each case must turn on its own facts. As a matter of law, unless it could be said that some sort of estoppel or related abuse of process arose in the light of warnings given in other cases, the alleged inconsistent approach led nowhere. In my judgment, it could not be so said.

21. Finally, I agree with Mr Kolvin that there is nothing in the point that the subcommittee could have been misled about the interested party being a serial offender. The point that the subcommittee was making was the fact that the respondent had worked at premises where illegal workers were also employed meant that he should have been vigilant to the issue.

22. Thus the answer to the district judge's two questions are as follows:

A. Q. "Was I correct to conclude that the crime prevention objective was not engaged as no crimes had been proceeded with, the appellant only receiving a civil penalty?"

B. No.

C. Q. "Was I correct in concluding that the respondent had been inconsistent in similar decisions in not revoking the licence [sic]?"

D. No.

23. Having identified errors of law in the district judge's decision, the next issue which arises is whether I should remit this case for determination in the light of my ruling or whether I have sufficient material to decide the issue for myself. I should only adopt the latter course if satisfied that the issue is so obvious that no useful purpose would be served by remission. I am so satisfied. Having regard in particular to the twin requirements of prevention and deterrence, there was in my judgment only one answer to this case. The respondent exploited a vulnerable individual from his community by acting in plain, albeit covert, breach of the criminal law. In my view his licence should be revoked. Another way of putting the matter is that the district judge had no proper basis for over-turning the subcommittee's assessment of the merits.

24. It follows in my judgment that the only conclusion open to the district judge in the present case was to uphold the revocation of the respondent's licence. This appeal must be allowed and the respondent's licence must be revoked.

25. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm very grateful. Can I deal with the question of costs, both here and below.

26. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.

27. MR KOLVIN: Should I start with here.

28. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.

29. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, we would ask for the costs before this court. I just want to pray in aid four very brief points. The first is the result. The second is that the district judge's approach was expressly urged on him by the respondent's legal team. Thirdly, that the respondent was expressly urged to concede this appeal to stop costs running, he was given that opportunity at pages 42 and 43 of the bundle. Fourthly, perhaps a little bit tugging at the heart strings, but there's no reason why the Council Tax payers of East Lindsey should bear the cost of establishing what has been established in this court. So we would ask for the costs up here.

30. There is a schedule and the schedule has been served upon Mr Hanif by letter dated 16 March of 2016. I don't know whether the schedule has found its way to my Lord, if not I can hand up a copy.

31. MR JUSTICE JAY: It has.

32. MR KOLVIN: It has. My Lord, I can see that VAT has been added on. It doesn't need to be because of course the Council can retrieve the VAT, so my application

is for £16,185. I know there's not a lot of explanation around my fee, but it was taken on a single fee for all work involved in relation to the case stated; advice, the skeleton argument and attendance today, so it's one single - -

33. MR JUSTICE JAY: What about your junior's fees?

34. MR KOLVIN: My learned junior is also my instructing solicitor, he wears two hats.

35. MR JUSTICE JAY: I see.

36. MR KOLVIN: He has his own firm which is Dadds LLP, and he is also a member of the bar, so although he has appeared as my junior, his fee is wrapped up in the solicitors' fees set out in the schedule.

37. MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay. What about the costs below?

38. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm just trying to ascertain what the position is.

39. MR JUSTICE JAY: I thought there was no order for costs below.

40. MR KOLVIN: There was no order for costs below, that was on the basis that the appeal had been allowed. The situation in relation to costs of licensing appeals are set out in section 181 of the Act, which enables the court to make such order as it thinks fit. Normally when appeals are dismissed there is no real question about it, costs follow the event. When appeals are allowed, some further considerations come into play, which are expressed by the Master of the Rolls in a case which you may have come across called <u>City of Bradford v Booth</u>, which is the case where the Master of the Rolls said that local authorities shouldn't be put off from trying to make honest and reasonable decisions in the public interest. And so one has to take account additionally of the means of the parties and their conduct in relation to the dispute, but in this case of course the appeal has now been dismissed, and so we would say that the ordinary rule is that the costs should follow the event, the appeal having failed. I'm just trying to ascertain whether schedules were ever served below, in the light of the way the case came out. (**Pause**)

41. My Lord, I'm really sorry that we don't actually have the schedule here, apparently it was £15,000. If you were minded to order costs below the options are either I suppose to wait and we will have the thing emailed up, or to say, "Look, it was below, it's a little bit more complex, they should be assessed if not agreed."

42. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is going to wipe him out, isn't it?

43. MR KOLVIN: Well he has already said, I have to say, I'm just telling you frankly what I've been told this morning, that when the bundles and the schedules were served on him, he had clearly read them, but he said, "If you win in the High Court and get costs against me, then I'm just going to declare myself bankrupt." So there may well be a bit of football(?) about this, but nonetheless it was his appeal, his team raised a point which in retrospect was very surprising, and caused an awful lot of costs to be incurred.

44. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. Well I am going to assess the costs here in the round figure of £15,000.

45. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.

46. MR JUSTICE JAY: If there was a schedule, which you tell me there was, below, it is proportionate that I assess those costs rather than put you to the trouble of a detailed assessment, so if you could have that emailed to my clerk in due course, I will assess the costs below.

47. MR KOLVIN: Thank you, my Lord.

48. MR JUSTICE JAY: On the basis of that schedule.

49. MR KOLVIN: We're not trying to be too ambitious, but we would like to see what we can - -

50. MR JUSTICE JAY: I'll take a broad brush approach to that.

51. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.

52. My Lord, the only other thing to mention is that this isn't the only case which is kicking around the east of England where licensing subcommittees are being urged to take no action because there has been no prosecution in these immigration cases. Although I appreciate that this is hardly stellar law making, it's an application of pretty well established legal principles to the facts, I'm asking whether my Lord would be minded to certify this so that we can adduce the authority in other cases, because it's a clear statement of the law that there doesn't need to have been a prosecution. So with the practice direction in mind, would my Lord be minded to -

53. MR JUSTICE JAY: Just remind me of the practice direction.

54. MR KOLVIN: Yes, can I hand it up?

#### 55. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. (Handed)

56. MR KOLVIN: If Mr Hanif had come I wouldn't need to make the application. It's paragraph 6.1. The judgment has to clearly indicate that it purports to establish a new principle or extends the present law and that has to take the form of an express statement to that effect, and then 6.2 says what categories of judgment we're dealing with, which include applications attended by one party only.

57. So that's the situation we're in. In reality these judgments get around anyway, because we're dealing with administrative tribunals and not courts, but sometimes the point is taken, "Ah yes, but the court didn't certify".

58. MR JUSTICE JAY: But where's the new principle I've established?

59. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, what you have said clearly, which hasn't been said before, by dint of the fact that not many licensing cases reach the lofty heights of this building, is that there does not need to have been a prosecution in order for the crime to have - -

60. MR JUSTICE JAY: Oh, I see. Well that's so obvious it almost goes without saying, that's why it hasn't been said before.

61. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, it was obvious to everyone except the district judge, the appellant and other licensees in the east of England.

62. MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay.

63. In terms of the logistics, if you want a copy of the judgment, don't you have to pay for it?

64. MR KOLVIN: We may have to, and we would be obviously very pleased to do so.

65. MR JUSTICE JAY: Because I'm not sure that all judgments are, in the Administrative Court, they're not all transcribed and published.

66. MR KOLVIN: That is correct, and I have no doubt that my client would be - - this isn't a matter about the costs of the judgment.

67. MR JUSTICE JAY: No, fortunately it doesn't cost that much. But I will give the certification. I have never been asked to do so before, I must confess.

68. MR KOLVIN: Yes.

69. MR JUSTICE JAY: Because these cases are referred to almost willy nilly, if they're available on Lawtel or wherever.

70. MR KOLVIN: Yes, they are.

71. MR JUSTICE JAY: Then they're just provided.

72. MR KOLVIN: They get into the textbooks and they - -

73. MR JUSTICE JAY: No- one objects.

74. MR KOLVIN: Yes. It has happened once before, in relation to the meaning of the Court of Appeal judgment in <u>Hope and Glory</u>, and Lindblom J, as he then was, was asked repeatedly would he certify in relation to the meaning of <u>Hope and Glory</u>, which is an important test, and he was pretty engaged in the practice direction. But since then that judgment, there's always an argument in court about whether it can be cited or not. The difference between licensing and some other fields of law is that very few cases reach here, so when they do, the judgments of High Court judges are gold dust.

75. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, well I'm happy to make the certification.

76. MR KOLVIN: Thank you very much indeed.

77. MR JUSTICE JAY: We wouldn't want this point to be taken again successfully.

78. MR KOLVIN: No.

79. MR JUSTICE JAY: Now as a matter of courtesy, is the judgment, once available, sent to the district judge, or is it something that I should do informally?

80. MR KOLVIN: I don't know, my Lord, what the normal practice is. I don't think that I have previously been on a legal team which has sent judgments, but we're very happy to undertake to do so.

81. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, I think if you're going to get a copy, obviously you're going to send it to the respondent - - 82. MR KOLVIN: Indeed.

83. MR JUSTICE JAY: - - so he can ingest it. I think you should send it to the district judge, just saying that the judge directed that out of courtesy he should see it.

84. MR KOLVIN: We're very happy to do that. Thank you very much indeed.

85. MR JUSTICE JAY: Thank you very much.

## THAMES VALLEY POLICE

### APPENDIX II

Division/Station	Reading Licensing	Dept
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From : PC 5787 Simon Wheeler

To: Reading Licensing Authority

I	Ref : China Palace Premises Licence Number LP2001696 Tel.No.	Date: 27 September 2017
Subject	Supportive review representation	
	Thames Valley Police (TVP) are providing this representation in support of the relating to China Palace, 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading, Berkshire.	review process
	On 13 <sup>th</sup> July 2017 TVP were involved in a joint enforcement visit to the premise Reading Borough Council and Immigration Officers.	es in conjunction with
	On arrival at the premises as TVP Officers were involved in securing the premises officers and a number of staff were detained so that checks could be completed.	
	During this process four employees working within the premises were discovere to work in the UK and were eventually removed from the premises.	ed not to have the right
	Also as part of the visit a licensing inspection was carried out and TVP can contareas of concern were noted:-	firm that the following
	<ul> <li>No incident book was in place.</li> <li>Part A of the licence was unable to be presented on request.</li> <li>Part B of the licence was not on display.</li> <li>No method to prevent alcohol from being taken by customers when leave</li> </ul>	ving the premises was
	<ul> <li>in place.</li> <li>No Challenge 25 policy was provided and posters were not on display.</li> <li>No training for staff was in existence in relation to the four licensing ob</li> <li>No member of staff knew any of the four licensing objectives.</li> <li>No Town safe radio was in usage.</li> </ul>	jectives.
	Clearly there are a number of serious issues and failures of compliance in relation licence conditions that were discovered. Notably the employment of a number of also of serious concern.	
	For this reason TVP will state that this premises clearly undermines the Licensin fully endorse the review of this premises licence undertaken by the Licensing A	
	TVP would urge the Licensing Sub-Committee to seriously consider the options within this process and we fully support the recommendations made by the Lice relation to this premises licence review.	

#### Narancic, Peter

From:	Narancic, Peter
Sent:	28 September 2017 21:07
То:	Narancic, Peter
Subject:	FW: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - China Palace [OFFICIAL]

From: Menghis Semhar [mailto:Semhar.Menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk] Sent: 28 September 2017 16:09 To: Licensing Subject: FW: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - China Palace

This is an EXTERNAL EMAIL. STOP. THINK before you CLICK links or OPEN attachments.

Please see our reps below

Kind regards

Semhar Menghis Home Office Interventions and Sanctions Directorate | The Central Team | Immigration Enforcement Apollo House | 3rd Floor | 36 Wellesley Rd | Croydon | CR9 2BY :Semhar.menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk

From: ISD Alcohol Licensing Sent: 27 September 2017 13:14 To: 'French, Richard' Subject: RE: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - China Palace

Hi

We would like to feed into the reviews. Please see below;

**China Palace** 

#### China Palace, 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading RG1 7QG

Visit on 13/07/2017-Licensing visit led by Reading Borough Council. Exercised powers under Section 179 of Licensing Act 2003, as amended by the Immigration Act 2016, to enter the premises at 1447 hours. A total of nine staff encountered working, 4 were found to be offenders. An illegal working referral notice with four names was served on the business owner.

Visit on 28/10/2015-The premises was a large restaurant over 3 floors and was busy with a large number of customers and 12-15 members of staff. One male in the kitchen attempted to flee when he saw the rear cover officers but was quickly stopped in his tracks. He was found to be a previously served clandestine absconder with no permission to work. A female member of waiting staff in the dining area managed to walk out of a door which led to both the upstairs and downstairs parts of the building. She was followed and, although she was initially not found, a minute or so later she emerged from the door wearing a stripy jumper over her black shirt, took a seat at a table and proceeded, in a valiant attempt to deceive us, to pretend to be a customer. The female was found to be an overstayer who was working at the premises. A REFERRAL NOTICE WAS SERVED ON THE BUSINESS WITH 2 NAMED ILLEGAL WORKERS.

Visit on 23/03/2011-Visited by the Thames Valley and Surrey Arrest Team on 23/03/11. The premises is a very large restaurant with 3 floors. The kitchen is on basement level and there are dining areas on the ground and first floor. We visited the premises at 1530 hrs just before closing, 11 members of staff encountered on the premises. A NOPL was served bearing 5 names.

Semhar Menghis **Home Office** Interventions and Sanctions Directorate | The Central Team | Immigration Enforcement Apollo House | 3rd Floor | 36 Wellesley Rd | Croydon | CR9 2BY : Semhar.menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk

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Name of Officer	Katie Heath					
Type of Application	Review of Premises Licence - Licensing Act 2003					
Name of Premises	China Palace					
Address	43-45 Oxford Road					
	Reading					
Postcode	RG1 7QG					
Content of Application:						
breaches of conditions in repursuant to the Food Safet Safety Act 1990.	due to inspection of premise and illegal workers found, espect of Licensing Act 2003 and food hygiene matters y and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2003 and Food					
Public Health Officer's Co	mments:					
licensing team's review of RG1 7QG due to the fact th objectives - in particular, p	Environmental Health/Food Safety wish to make representation in support of the licensing team's review of China Palace located at 43-45 Oxford Road, Reading, RG1 7QG due to the fact that it undermines the promotion of the licensing objectives - in particular, public safety.					
Insert reasons and rational	e here:					
A food hygiene inspection was carried out on 13/09/2017 in order to assess compliance with the Food Safety and Hygiene Regulations 2013 and Food Safety Act 1990. The premises was found to be non-compliant and was awarded a food hygiene rating score of 1 indicating that major improvement was required. The following was identified which could pose a risk to the safety of consumers:						
Food uncovered during storage which exposes it to physical, chemical and microbiological contamination; Equipment was found to be in a dirty condition with evidence of moulding exposing food to microbiological contamination; There was inadequate separation of raw meat products, which by nature considered to have food poisoning bacteria present such as E. coli, from ready-to- eat products which would undergo no further processing in order to kill any bacteria present;						
by and growth of food pois There was inadequate hand exposes food to risks of mi Equipment, e.g. cloths use	d washing and poor personal hygiene of staff which crobiological and physical contamination; d for cleaning were not maintained in a clean condition					
which could result in inade	quate cleaning and disinfection of the premises leading;					

There was inadequate equipment on site for temperature monitoring to ensure that food is adequately stored, cooked, cooled;

There was no evidence of monitoring of critical control points including cooking, cooling and storage of foods to demonstrate that safe practices are in place at the premises in relation to the production, handling and service of high risk foods; There was no stock control system in place to identify safe durability of high risk food products and to ensure that food is used within it's durability period, this presents a risk of unsafe food being placed on the market;

There was inadequate provision of allergen information to consumers and no management of cross-contamination of allergens;

Pest proofing works required by the pest contractor had not been carried out There was no evidence of staff training on site which indicates that there was inadequate knowledge in order to ensure the safety of food.

The inspection was carried out in the presence of Mr Wan Chang, the food business operator at the time of inspection was Chang Long Limited of whom Mr Hui Chang Lin is a listed director. A copy of the report form left by the inspecting officer and subsequent letter has been copied to the Head Office of this company. Mr Hui Chang Yin is registered at 43-45 Oxford Road.

The premises had previously been inspected on 30/11/2015 when a food hygiene rating score of 0 was issued indicating that urgent improvement was necessary. At this time 4 hygiene improvement notices were served requiring a food safety management system, deep clean of the premises, staff training on food hygiene matters and staff training on a food safety management system be carried out. Following this the premises requested that a re-inspection be carried out by the Council, this was completed on 26/04/16 when a food hygiene rating score of 3 was issued indicating that the premises was generally satisfactory.

At the time of both visits the food business operator was Chang Long Ltd of which Mr Hui Chang Yin is the listed director. Hygiene Improvement notices were served on Chang Long Ltd and copies of report forms and subsequent letters have been sent to the head office.

Summary and Recommendation:

China Palace does not have adequate control measures in place relating to food safety matters in order to manage the risk to public safety. China Palace has been identified to have recurring issues relating to the management of food safety and inadequate training and has not made any permanent improvements to address these matters. China Palace has repeatedly failed to provide consumers with adequate information relating to allergens (listed in Annex II of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011) which poses a risk to the safety of consumers.

Attach appendices if required.

Date Received	27/09/2017	Date Due	28/09/2017	
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Date	

## APPENDIX RF-ADDITIONAL INFO



Name of Officer	Richard French
Type of Application	Review of Premises Licence
Name of Premises	China Palace
Address	43-45 Oxford Road
	Reading
Date:	12 <sup>th</sup> September 2017

Content of Application:

A review application was submitted by the Licensing Team on 31<sup>st</sup> August 2017 in relation to the above premises. The issues identified were the employment of illegal workers - which were detected on three separate enforcement visits to the premises; licensing legislation breaches that undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives and concerns over the safe operating of a food business.

Licensing Officer's Comments:

We are submitting this additional information as further supporting evidence in relation to the review application already submitted.

The information has been provided to us by Royal Berkshire Fire and Rescue and is an enforcement notice issued to the management of China Palace. There are significant issues contained within it that further undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives and pose a significant risk to any member of the public or staff member that enters the premises.

We submit this additional information as further evidence that the management of China Palace are undermining the promotion of the licensing objectives - particularly Public Safety.

It is acknowledged that the fire service are responsible authorities in their own right. However, we are grateful that they have provided this information to us and believe it is relevant for the Licensing Committee to take into account. It is, in our view, yet more evidence of the failings that we have already identified in the review paperwork.

I attach the fire service's enforcement notice to this submission as Appendix RF-Additional Info

#### Reading Fire Safety (Protection)

Headquarters, Newsham Court, Pincents Kiln, Calcot, Reading, RG31 7SD

Direct Line 0118 938 4481 | Switchboard 0118 945 2888 Email mitchelij@rbfrs.co.uk | readingfiresafety@rbfrs.co.uk | www.rbfrs.co.uk

Follow us on Twitter @rbfrsofficial



Mr Huichang Yin CHANG LONG LIMITED China Palace 43-45 Oxford Road Reading RG1 7QG Your Ref: Our Ref: EG/EM/EN/00252/282303 Ask for: Dave Sharp Date: 25 May 2017

## **URGENT – ACTION REQUIRED**

Dear Mr Yin,

## Enforcement Notice: EN/00252/282303

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005: Article 30

## Premises: CHINA PALACE, 45 OXFORD ROAD, READING RG1 7QE

An authorised inspector visited your premises on 30<sup>th</sup> March 2017 and evaluated the fire safety provided. The Royal Berkshire Fire and Rescue Authority is of the opinion that you have failed to comply with a provision / provisions of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 because people were unsafe in case of fire. The schedule to this Notice further explains the provision(s), with which you have not complied.

The serving of this Notice EN/00252/282303 is necessary to ensure that you adequately protect people in case of fire. This authority has to make sure that you provide safety. The attached schedule sets out what you must do.

## Timescale for Completion

You are required to take steps to remedy the matters in the schedule by 4 September 2017. My officer will contact you prior to this date to arrange a further visit. You may apply for an extension to the period of time within which you need to remedy the failure(s). The authority will grant / deny additional time according to the efforts you have made. If you require additional time, please contact my officer at your earliest opportunity.

#### Penalty for Non-compliance

If you do not comply with this Notice, you will have committed an offence and this authority will consider a prosecution against you. A prosecution could lead to you being liable to a fine, imprisonment or both, subject to the Courts.



Trevor Ferguson • Chief Fire Officer



## **Fire Safety Management**

The schedule sets out what you need to do to improve fire safety. Taking the additional advice under this heading will help you to sustain those improvements.

Undertaking a fire risk assessment will identify the safety measures you have in place and any further measures you might need to take. If additional safety is required in consequence of the assessment, you must provide it.

You should review your fire risk assessment regularly especially if:

- i. There is reason to suspect that people are not safe in case of fire, or
- ii. There has been a significant change to the preventive and protective measures you have taken in case of fire.

Where in consequence of any such review, changes to your safety measures are required; you should make those changes.

#### **Alternative Solutions**

If you prefer to use a different solution to bring about safety from fire please contact my officer. If your solution is agreed, this Notice will be withdrawn and another Notice served in its stead. An alternative approach might enable you to apply an equally appropriate safety solution to better meet your needs. Any alternative you propose must meet the 'outcome(s)' stated in the schedule.

#### **Route to Appeal**

You can legally appeal this Notice. To do so, you must appeal 'by way of complaint for an order to the Clerk to the Magistrates' Court in the area in which the premises are situated', within 21 days from the day on which this notice was served.

The bringing of an appeal has the effect of suspending the operation of this Enforcement Notice until the appeal is finally disposed of or (if the appeal is withdrawn), until the withdrawal of the appeal.

Yours sincerely,

**Dave Sharp** On behalf of, and duly appointed by the Royal Berkshire Fire & Rescue Authority

Enc: Schedule attached



DISARLED

## Important Information – schedule referred to in Enforcement Notice

Notes to this schedule:

The government guidance most suitable to your premises is Fire safety risk assessment – Small and medium places of assembly which can be found at <a href="http://www.cfoa.org.uk/19512">http://www.cfoa.org.uk/19512</a>

Before you make certain changes to the premises, you may have to apply for approval from statutory bodies and/or others having interest in them. If you have doubt about the need for approval, you should ask the relevant body. For example, you may have to apply for approval from a Building Control Body to make material alterations. You might also need to apply for the property owners' permission or for listed building consent, among others.

Item number	r 1 – Portable Appliance testing
Outcome	This work is necessary to reduce the risk of fire on the premises in accordance with Article 8
Suggested Action	Portable electrical appliances must be tested in accordance with HSE Regulations
Reason	Poorly maintained electrical equipment is a common cause of fire
	This is contrary to Article 8

Item number 2 – Fixed Wiring Testing	
Outcome	This work is necessary to reduce the risk of fire on the premises in accordance with Article 8
Suggested Action	The Fixed wiring installation must be tested in accordance with IEE Regulations
Reason	Poorly maintained electrical installations are a common cause of fire. This is contrary to Article 8

Item number 3 – Gas	
Outcome	This work is necessary to reduce the risk of fire on the premises in accordance with Article 8
Suggested Action	The gas supply should be tested in accordance to HSE regulations.
Reason	Poorly maintained gas installations are a common cause of fire. This is contrary to Article 8



Item number 4 – Provide Exit Signs		
Outcome	This work is necessary to provide sufficient escape routes (corridors, stairs and doors) for people.	
Suggested Action	Provide exit signs on ground floor to the alternative escape upstairs so that people can identify the nearest safe way out.	
Reason	The nearest exit was not easy to see from the rear of the ground floor restaurant meaning that people might take longer to find an exit than necessary. This is contrary to Articles 8(1), 14(2)(g) and 15(2)(a).	
	This is contrary to Anticles o( $T$ ), $T4(2)(g)$ and $T5(2)(a)$ .	

Item numbe	r 5 - Fire Resisting Doors
Outcome	This work is necessary to make sure that escape routes (corridors, stairs and doors) can be safely used whenever they are needed.
Suggested Action	Ensure that door-sets can resist fire and smoke in the following locations: The kitchen doors leading onto the stairs, the Mall exits and associated lobbies at basement and first floor and the ground floor stair doors. See attached plan.
	<ul> <li>The term 'door-set' refers to the complete element as used in practice:</li> <li>The door leaf or leaves.</li> <li>The frame in which the door is hung.</li> <li>Hardware essential to the functioning of the doorset.</li> <li>Intumescent seals and smoke sealing devices. In the case of double doors you should ensure that they close without affecting the operation of the seals</li> </ul>
Reason	Doors were not capable of preventing the spread of fire for long enough to enable people to escape because self closing devices were missing and the strips and seals were in poor condition.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 14(2)(b).



Outcome	This work is necessary to make sure that escape routes (corridors,
	stairs and doors) can be safely used whenever they are needed.
Suggested Action	Provide a door-set that can resist fire and smoke for 30 minutes either at first floor at the head of the stairs, ground floor at the base of the stairs leading to first floor or at ground floor next to the bar to reinstate the lobby. Please refer to plan attached.
	The term 'door-set' refers to the complete element as used in practice:
	The door leaf or leaves.
	The frame in which the door is hung.
	Hardware essential to the functioning of the door-set.
	<ul> <li>Intumescent seals and smoke sealing devices. In the case of double doors you should ensure that they close without affecting the operation of the seals</li> </ul>
Reason	This is required so that occupants on the first floor are able to reach the exit without being affected by smoke coming up the stairs from other levels.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 14(2)(b).

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Item number	r 7 - Emergency procedures
Outcome	This work is necessary to help people understand what to do if fire breaks out.
Suggested Action	Establish procedures to be followed in case of fire and nominate people to put those procedures into effect.
Reason	There was no response from staff during the last fire drill. Without these, people may behave in unpredictable ways and can be put at risk. Good procedures will allow everyone to leave safely in case of fire.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 15(1)(a) & (b).



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Item number	r 8 – Evacuation procedure
Outcome	This work is necessary to help people understand what to do if fire breaks out
Suggested Action	Nominate and train an adequate number of people so that they are competent to put your procedures for an evacuation in to effect.
Reason	Without enough people to bring your fire procedures into effect, an evacuation can easily go wrong, putting people at risk in a fire. There are not enough people to successfully manage your evacuation procedures.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1), 15(1), 19(1)(c) and 21(2)(a).

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Item number	9 – Emergency lighting maintenance
Outcome	This work is necessary to make sure that escape routes (corridors, stairs and doors) can be safely used whenever they are needed.
Suggested Action	Ensure that the emergency lighting system is properly tested and maintained.
Reason	The emergency lighting system was not properly tested and maintained. This means that it could fail without warning or at the moment it is needed most and that people would be at risk in case of fire.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 17(1).

Item number	10 – Fire Alarm maintenance
Outcome	This work is necessary to detect fire and raise an alarm.
Suggested Action	Ensure that the Fire Alarm system is properly tested and maintained.
Reason	The fire alarm system may not be fully functional. This means that it could fail without warning or at the moment it is needed most and that people would be at risk in case of fire.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 17(1).



Item number	r 11 – Competent persons
Outcome	This work is necessary to ensure that the preventative and protective measures are carried out as identified by the Fire Risk Assessment and the comments raised by the fire alarm engineer.
Suggested Action	Ensure that enough competent people are appointed to help you undertake the preventative and protective measures as identified by the Fire Risk Assessment and the comments raised by the fire alarm engineer. These people must be trained and competent to assist in these tasks.
Reason	Not enough competent people have been appointed to help you undertake the preventative and protective measures. This means that you cannot rely on your fire safety systems and that people would be at risk in case of fire. This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 18.

Item number	12 - Fire action notices
Outcome	This work is necessary to help people understand what to do if fire breaks out.
Suggested Action	Provide fire action notices that explain your fire procedure and what you want people to do in case of fire where people will see them.
Reason	Without instruction or information, people may respond badly to fire (or not at all), which would put them at risk. There were no visible notices in the kitchen in a language which the occupants would understand.
	This is contrary to Articles 8(1), 15(1)(a), 15(1)(c), 15(2)(a), 19(1) and 20(2).

Item number	r 13 - Training
Outcome	This work is necessary to help people understand what to do if fire breaks out.
Suggested Action	Provide your employees with instruction and training, so that they know the fire precautions you have put in place. They must also be familiar with what they need to do in case of fire to ensure that they are safe and can keep other people safe.
Reason	Employees were unaware of their responsibilities and of the fire safety measures in the premises, which you have taken to keep them and others safe. In particular training should be provided in a language they can understand. This is contrary to Articles 8(1), 19(1), 21(1) and 21(2).



Trevor Ferguson • Chief Fire Officer

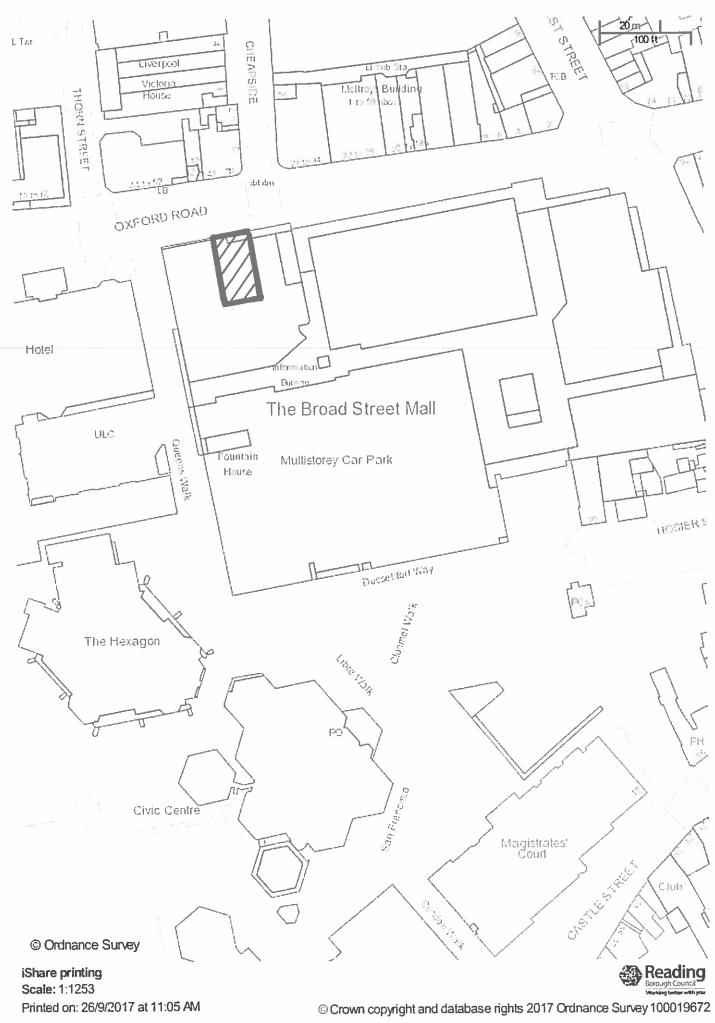


Item number	r 14 – Coordination and cooperation
Outcome	This work is necessary to ensure that shared fire safety measures are in order.
Suggested Action	Cooperate with Broad Street Mall Management and they must cooperate with you. The cooperation must ensure that the shared fire safety measure(s) protect you all. The doors onto the service corridor must self close to ensure the route is kept safe for other users.
Reason	You share some fire safety measures with other people, which they rely on for their safety and for which you are responsible. This is contrary to Articles 8(1) and 22(1).

End of Enforcement Notice



**APPENDIX VI** 





# LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LP2001696

## Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

China Palace 43-45 Oxford Road Reading Berkshire RG1 7QG **Telephone Number** 

0118 957 2323

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Playing of Recorded Music - Indoor Anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music & Performance of Dance - Indoor Late Night Refreshment - Indoor Sale of Alcohol by Retail - On & Off the Premises

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Playing of Recorded Music

Monday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs

Entertainment of Karaoke or similar in the Karaoke rooms only.

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for anything similar to Live Music, Recorded Music & Performance of Dance

Monday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 1100hrs until 0200hrs

Entertainment of Karaoke or similar in the Karaoke rooms only.

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0200hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Hours for the Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Monday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Tuesday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Wednesday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Thursday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Friday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Saturday	from	1000hrs until 0200hrs
Sunday	from	1200hrs until 0200hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

## Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Tuesday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Wednesday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Thursday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Friday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Saturday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs
Sunday	from 0800hrs until 0330hrs

Christmas Eve and Sundays preceding a Bank Holiday Monday until 0300hrs the following day.

New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day until the start of the permitted hours the following day

Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

Sale of Alcohol by Retail - On & Off the Premises

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: <u>Hui Chang Yin</u>

Address: Oxford Road, Reading, RG30 1AB

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Name: Hui Chang Yin

Address: Oxford Road, Reading, RG30 1AB

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Personal Licence Number:14/04795/LAPERSIssuing Authority:Portsmouth City Council

This Licence shall continue in force from **26/03/2015** unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 9 April 2015

Head of Environment & Neighbourhood Services

shisattell

## Annex 1

# Mandatory Conditions

## Supply of Alcohol

## To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
  - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
  - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

## Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

## Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

## Responsible Drink Promotions (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises—

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;

(e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).

Supply of Tap Water (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification Policy (commencement 01/10/2014)

1. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

2. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

3. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

(a) a holographic mark, or

(b) an ultraviolet feature.

Drink Measurements (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that-

(a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—

(i) beer or cider: 1/2 pint;

(ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;

(b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and

(c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

# Minimum Permitted Pricing (commencement 28th May 2014)

1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1-

(a)"duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979;

(b)"permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-

P = D + (DxV)

where-

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the rate of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol; (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence—

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "valued added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994

3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from the paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

4. (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

## Annex 2

## Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

## N/A

# Annex 3

# Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

## Conditions agreed between the applicant and Environmental Protection:

1(a) The Licensee shall ensure that no noise shall emanate from the premises nor vibration be transmitted through the structure of the premises which gives rise to undue disturbance to local residents;

(b) All windows shall be kept closed in rooms where amplified music or speech is taking place;

## Conditions agreed with Thames Valley Police:

2(a) All incidents which impact on any of the four licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the information and those members of staff who deal with the incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded;

(b) The Premises Licence Holder shall prevent customers from leaving the premises with any alcoholic or non alcoholic drink in open containers (e.g. glasses, opened bottles and cans;

(c) The Premises shall operate a Challenge 25 policy to prevent any customer who attempts to purchase alcohol and who appears to the staff member to be under the age of 25 years (or 16 in the case of the consumption of beer, wine or cider in the company of an adult during a table meal), without having first provided identification. Only a valid British driving licence showing a photograph of the person, a valid passport or proof of age card showing the 'Pass' hologram are to be accepted as identification;

(d) Notices advertising the Challenge 25 and documentation required for checking proof of age policies shall be displayed in prominent positions on the premises;

(e) The Premises Licence Holder or Designated Premises Licence Holder shall ensure staff receive training on a regular basis, every four months, in relation to the four licensing objectives contained within the Licensing Act 2003 for those authorised to sell alcohol. Written proof of training shall be recorded and maintained;

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall have installed by 1 December 2010 a digitally recorded CCTV system. Camera coverage shall include the entry and exit points and karaoke rooms and be able to record frontal identification of every person entering in any light condition. All cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept

available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or a Thames Valley Police Officer, together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such a quality as to be able to identify the recorded person. The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that the CCTV system is maintained in working order at all times; (g) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure notices are predominately displayed at all exit points to advise customers that the area surrounding the premises is an Alcohol Restriction Zone;

(h) The Premises Licence Holder shall participate in the local Town Radio Scheme when the premises are opened for licensable activity after 0000 hours until closing time the same morning, Monday to Sunday inclusive.

Annex 4

**Plans** 

As attached plan dated August 2010

## LICENSING ACT 2003 HEARING ON 24 OCTOBER 2017 @ 1900HRS

# APPLICATION FOR THE REVIEW OF A PREMISES LICENCE

1. Premises: Himalaya Momo House 28 Farnham Drive Caversham Reading RG4 6NY

## 2. Applicants Requesting Review: Reading Borough Council

#### 3. Grounds for Review

Reading Borough Council (Licensing team) as a responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003 and under the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, the prevention of public nuisance, the protection of children from harm and public safety make application for the review of the premises licence for Himalaya Momo House, 28 Farnham Drive, Caversham, Reading RG4 6NY

A combination of the issues outlined below and a whole host of licence condition breaches unearthed during inspections have led Reading Borough Council's Licensing team to taking this final serious step in reviewing the premises licence.

On 13th July 2017 - the premises were found employing 2 illegal workers. It is also suspected that further illegal workers absconded from the premises during the visit.

During the visit of 13th July 2017, the premises were found to be operating without a Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS). When questioned about this, it was stated that the named DPS had not been on site for over two years. There were also no other personal licence holders on site. Therefore, each sale of alcohol for the past two years has been illegal and unauthorised.

It was also stated that the named premises licence holder had left the premises ten days before this visit.

A further seven breaches of licensing legislation were also found.

Due to the seriousness of the crimes discovered at the premises and the undermining of the licensing objectives, the Licensing team respectfully submit that the premises licence should be immediately revoked. 4. Date of receipt of application: 31 August 2017

A copy of the review application received is attached at Appendix I

5. Date of closure of period for representations: 28 September 2017

## 6. Representations received:

During the consultation period, representations were received in regard to this review application from ;

Thames Valley Police which is attached at Appendix II.

The immigration service is attached at Appendix III.

A plan showing the location of the premises (in black) and surrounding streets is attached as *Appendix IV*.

# 7. Background

The premises is located within a small shopping parade in Caversham Park Village.

The Premises Licence Holder is stated as: Mr Sirop Chapel

The Designated Premises Supervisor is stated as: Mr Sirop Chapel

The premises currently has the benefit of a premises licence for the activities and hours detailed below: <u>A copy of the current licence is attached at Appendix V</u>

te Night Rei	freshment - Indoor & Outdoor I by Retail - On the Premises
ne times th	e licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities
ours for th	e Provision of Late Night Refreshment
onday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Nednesday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Fhursday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0000hrs
unday	from 2300hrs until 0000hrs
lours for th	e Sale by Retail of Alcohol
Monday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Tuesday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Wednesday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Thursday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Friday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Saturday	from 1000hrs until Midnight
Sunday	from 1200hrs until 2330hrs
	from 1200hrs until 2330hrs
Christmas D	ay from 1200hrs until 2330hrs
	Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day to the start of
permitted h	ours the following day.
lours the Pr	emises is Open to the Public
I/A	
	g Objectives and Reading Borough Council's Licensing Polic
atement	g this application the Licensing Authority has a duty to carry out
inctions with	n a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, which are
llows:-	The view to promoting the roat decising objectives, when are
. •	
•	evention of crime and disorder;
<ul> <li>public :</li> <li>the pre-</li> </ul>	vention of public nuisance
	itection of children from harm
• the pro	
dotorminin	g this application the Licensing Authority must also have regard

In determining this application the Licensing Authority must also have regard to the representations received, the Licensing Authority's statement of licensing policy and any relevant section of the statutory guidance to licensing authorities. 9. Power of Licensing Authority on the determination of a Review

In determining the application the sub-committee can take such of the steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, which are:

- 1. take no further action
- 2. to issue formal warnings to the premises supervisor and/or premises licence holder
- 3. modify the conditions of the licence (including, but not limited to hours of operation of licensable activities)
- 4. exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence
- 5. remove the designated premises licence supervisor
- 6. suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months
- 7. revoke the licence.

Where the sub-committee takes a step mentioned in 3 or 4 it may provide that the modification or exclusion is to have effect for a period not exceeding three months o permanently.

Amended Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 April 2017

## Licensing Objectives and Aims:

1.5 However, the legislation also supports a number of other key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work.

They include:

 protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licensed premises;

## Representations from the police

9.12 In their role as a responsible authority, the police are an essential source of advice and information on the impact and potential impact of licensable activities, particularly on the crime and disorder objective. The police have a key role in managing the night-time economy and should have good working relationships with those operating in their local area5. The police should be the licensing authority's main source of advice on matters relating to the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective, but may also be able to make relevant representations with regard to the other licensing authority should accept all reasonable and proportionate representations made by the police unless the authority has evidence that to do so would not be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it remains incumbent on the police to ensure that their representations can withstand the scrutiny to which they would be subject at a hearing.

Licensing authorities acting as responsible authorities 9.13 Licensing authorities are included in the list of responsible authorities. A similar framework exists in the Gambling Act 2005. The 2003 Act does not require responsible authorities to make representations about applications for the grant of premises licences or to take any other steps in respect of different licensing processes. It is, therefore, for the licensing authority to determine when it considers it appropriate to act in its capacity as a responsible authority; the licensing authority should make this decision in accordance with its duties under section 4 of the 2003 Act.

# Home Office Immigration Enforcement acting as a responsible authority

9.25 The Immigration Act 2016 made the Secretary of State a responsible authority in respect of premises licensed to sell alcohol or late night refreshment with effect from 6 April 2017. In effect this conveys the role of responsible authority to Home Office Immigration Enforcement who exercises the powers on the Secretary of State's behalf. When Immigration Enforcement exercises its powers as a responsible authority it will do so in respect of the prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective because it is concerned with the prevention of illegal working or immigration offences more broadly.

found on the be hearings may governing 9.31 Regulations www.legislation.gov.uk website. If the licensing authority decides that representations are relevant, it must hold a hearing to consider them. The need for a hearing can only be avoided with the agreement of the licensing authority, the applicant and all of the persons who made relevant representations. In cases where only 'positive' representations are received, without qualifications, the licensing authority should consider whether a hearing is required. To this end, it may wish to notify the persons who made representations and give them the opportunity to withdraw those representations. This would need to be done in sufficient time before the hearing to ensure that parties were not put to unnecessary inconvenience.

9.38 In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community, the licensing authority must give appropriate weight to:

the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;

• the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties:

• this Guidance;

• its own statement of licensing policy.

Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.42 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.43 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

## Designated Premises Supervisor

10.26 The 2003 Act provides that, where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol, it must include a condition that no supply of alcohol may be made at a time when no designated premises supervisor has been specified in the licence or at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or the personal licence has been suspended.

10.27 The main purpose of the 'designated premises supervisor' as defined in the 2003 Act is to ensure that there is always one specified individual among these personal licence holders who can be readily identified for the premises where a premises licence is in force. That person will normally have been given day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder. The requirements set out in relation to the designated premises supervisor and authorisation of alcohol sales by a personal licence holder do not apply to community premises in respect of which a successful application has been made to disapply the usual mandatory conditions in sections 19(2) and 19(3) of the 2003 Act (see Chapter 4 of this Guidance).

10.28 The 2003 Act does not require a designated premises supervisor or any other personal licence holder to be present on the premises at all times when alcohol is sold. However, the designated premises supervisor and the premises licence holder remain responsible for the premises at all times including compliance with the terms of the 2003 Act and conditions attached to the premises licence to promote the licensing objectives.

## The Review process

11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.

11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.

**Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review** 11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority which it may exercise on determining a review where it considers them appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement - either orally or in writing - that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

## Reviews arising in connection with crime

11.24 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises, money laundering by criminal gangs, the sale of contraband or stolen goods, the sale of firearms, or the sexual exploitation of children. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts. The licensing authority's role when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure the promotion of the crime prevention objective.

11.25 Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. There is, therefore, no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. Some reviews will arise after the conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals, but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go beyond any finding by the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.11.24 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises, money laundering by criminal gangs, the sale of contraband or stolen goods, the sale of firearms, or the sexual exploitation of children. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts. The licensing authority's role when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure the promotion of the crime prevention objective.

11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder. 11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

• for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence - even in the first instance - should be seriously considered.

In determining the application the sub-committee can take such of the steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, which are:

- 1. take no further action
- 2. to issue formal warnings to the premises supervisor and/or premises licence holder
- 3. modify the conditions of the licence (including, but not limited to hours of operation of licensable activities)
- 4. exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence
- 5. remove the designated premises licence supervisor
- 6. suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months
- 7. revoke the licence.

Where the sub-committee takes a step mentioned in 3 or 4 it may provide that the modification or exclusion is to have effect for a period not exceeding three months or permanently.

Amended Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 April 2017

Licensing Objectives and Aims:

1.5 However, the legislation also supports a number of other key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work.

They include:

protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licensed premises;

## Requirements for a personal licence

4.2 The sale and supply of alcohol, because of its impact on the wider community and on crime and anti-social behaviour, carries with it greater responsibility than the provision of regulated entertainment and late night refreshment. This is why sales of alcohol may not be made under a premises licence unless there is a DPS in respect of the premises (who must hold a personal licence); and every sale must be made or authorised by a personal licence holder. The exception is only for those community premises which have successfully applied to remove the DPS requirement.

4.31 Every premises licence that authorises the sale of alcohol must specify a DPS. This will normally be the person who has been given day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder. The only exception is for community premises which have successfully made an application to remove the usual mandatory conditions set out in the 2003 Act. Guidance on such applications is set out in paragraphs 4.52 to 4.65 of this Guidance.

4.32 The Government considers it essential that police officers, fire officers or officers of the licensing authority can identify immediately the DPS so that any problems can be dealt with swiftly. For this reason, the name of the DPS and contact details must be specified on the premises licence and this must be held at the premises and displayed in summary form. The DPS' personal address should not be included in the summary form in order to protect their privacy.

## Representations from the police

9.12 In their role as a responsible authority, the police are an essential source of advice and information on the impact and potential impact of licensable activities, particularly on the crime and disorder objective. The police have a key role in managing the night-time economy and should have good working relationships with those operating in their local area5. The police should be the licensing authority's main source of advice on matters relating to the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective, but may also be able to make relevant representations with regard to the other licensing objectives if they have evidence to support such representations. The licensing authority should accept all reasonable and proportionate representations made by the police unless the authority has evidence that to do so would not be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it remains incumbent on the police to ensure that their representations can withstand the scrutiny to which they would be subject at a hearing.

## Licensing authorities acting as responsible authorities

9.13 Licensing authorities are included in the list of responsible authorities. A similar framework exists in the Gambling Act 2005. The 2003 Act does not require responsible authorities to make representations about applications for the grant of premises licences or to take any other steps in respect of different licensing processes. It is, therefore, for the licensing authority to determine when it considers it appropriate to act in its capacity as a responsible authority; the licensing authority should make this decision in accordance with its duties under section 4 of the 2003 Act.

Home Office Immigration Enforcement acting as a responsible authority

9.25 The Immigration Act 2016 made the Secretary of State a responsible authority in respect of premises licensed to sell alcohol or late night refreshment with effect from 6 April 2017. In effect this conveys the role of responsible authority to Home Office Immigration Enforcement who exercises the powers on the Secretary of State's behalf. When Immigration Enforcement exercises its powers as a responsible authority it will do so in respect of the prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective because it is concerned with the prevention of illegal working or immigration offences more broadly.

be found on the governing hearings may Regulations 9.31 www.legislation.gov.uk website. If the licensing authority decides that representations are relevant, it must hold a hearing to consider them. The need for a hearing can only be avoided with the agreement of the licensing authority, the applicant and all of the persons who made relevant representations. In cases where only 'positive' representations are received, without qualifications, the licensing authority should consider whether a hearing is required. To this end, it may wish to notify the persons who made representations and give them the opportunity to withdraw those representations. This would need to be done in sufficient time before the hearing to ensure that parties were not put to unnecessary inconvenience.

9.38 In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community, the licensing authority must give appropriate weight to:

• the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;

• the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;

• this Guidance;

• its own statement of licensing policy.

# Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.42 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.43 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

## The Review process

11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.

11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the

premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.

**Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review** 11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority which it may exercise on determining a review where it considers them appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement - either orally or in writing - that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

## Reviews arising in connection with crime

11.24 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises, money laundering by criminal gangs, the sale of contraband or stolen goods, the sale of firearms, or the sexual exploitation of children. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts. The licensing authority's role when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure the promotion of the crime prevention objective.

11.25 Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. There is, therefore, no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. Some reviews will arise after the conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals, but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go beyond any finding by the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.

11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

• for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence - even in the first instance - should be seriously considered.

## Reading Borough Council Licensing Policy Statement

1.5 The Council believes that good management of its vibrant entertainment, alcohol and late night refreshment industries, and of the street environment within which they operate, is essential to the continued success of Reading Town Centre and to attracting the wide range of people who want to come here to work, to visit and to live. However, the predominantly urban nature of the town and the significantly large proportion of young residents means that issues such as:

- (a) striking an appropriate balance between the needs of residents and the needs of businesses,
- (b) the control of underage drinking, and
- (c) the management of young and potentially immature drinkers,

are matters which are particularly relevant to the exercise of the Authority's licensing functions, and ones which applicants and existing licensees also need to consider.

## 7.15 Crime & Disorder Act 1998

7.15.1 In applying this policy, the Authority will have regard to its obligations under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 and will do all that it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in Reading. The Authority will also have regard to the Safer Reading Partnership, which incorporates both local and national strategies and whose mission statement is "We will continue to make Reading a safer place for those who live, work and visit, through a reduction in crime and disorder". In addition the Authority will liaise with the Reading Crime Reduction Partnership in order to reduce crime, misuse of drugs and the fear of crime.

# 7.15.3 Policing and Crime Act 2009

In applying this policy, the Authority will have regard to their obligations under Part 3 relating to alcohol misuse, (children) changes to the mandatory condition, and the licensing authority as an interested party.

## 10.5 **Review of Premises Licence**

10.5.1 Any premises subject to a premises licence or club premises certificate may have that licence or certificate reviewed by the Licensing Authority on application by a responsible authority or interested parties. The Act provides strict guidelines as to the timescale and procedures to be adhered to and the Authority will deal with every review application on that basis.

## 10.7 Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS)

10.7.1 This is the person who for the time being is specified in the premises licence as being the premises supervisor. That person must hold a personal licence.

10.7.2 Any premises at which alcohol is sold or supplied may employ one or more personal licence holders. The main purpose of the 'designated premises supervisor' as defined in the Act, is to ensure that there is always one specified individual among these personal licence holders who can be readily identified for the premises where a premises licence is in force.

himalayamomohouseviewreport24102017/pn

Reading Borough Council, Civic Offices, Bridge Street, Reading, RG1 2LU

#### Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

#### PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

# I Richard French on behalf of the Licensing Authority of Reading Borough Council

#### (Insert name of applicant)

apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below

#### Part 1 – Premises or club premises details

Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnand	ce survey map reference or description
Himalaya Momo House	
28 Farnham Drive	
Caversham	
Post town Reading	Post code (if known) RG4 6NY

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known) Sirop Chapel

Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known) LP2002112

#### Part 2 - Applicant details

т

	Please tick ✓ yes
1) an individual, body or business which is not a responsible authority (please read guidance note 1, and complete (A) or (B) below)	
2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) below)	$\boxtimes$
3) a member of the club to which this application relates (please complete (A) below)	

# (A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)

Please tick ✓ yes	
Mr Mrs Miss M	s Other title (for example, Rev)
Surname	First names
I am 18 years old or over	Please tick ✓ yes
Current postal address if different from premises address	
Post town	Post Code
Daytime contact telephone number	
E-mail address (optional)	

## (B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLICANT

Name and address
Name and address
Telephone number (if any)
E-mail address (optional)

#### (C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Name and address
Licensing Team
Reading Borough Council
Civic Offices
Bridge Street
Reading
RG1 2LU
Telephone number (if any)
01189 37 37 62
E-mail address (optional)
licensing@reading.gov.uk

#### This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)

	1)	the	prevention	of crime	and	disorder
--	----	-----	------------	----------	-----	----------

2) public safety3) the prevention of public nuisance

4) the protection of children from harm

Please tick one or more boxes  $\checkmark$  $\boxtimes$ 

 $\overline{\boxtimes}$ 

#### **Please state the ground(s) for review** (please read guidance note 2)

On 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017 – the premises were found employing 2 illegal workers. It is also suspected that further illegal workers absconded from the premises during the visit.

Section 11.27 and 11.28 of the Secretary of State's Guidance pursuant to the Licensing Act 2003 states:

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, **it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered**.

During the visit of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017, the premises were found to be operating without a Designated Premises Supervisor. When questioned about this, it was stated that the named DPS had not been on site for over two years. There were also no other personal licence holders on site. Therefore, each sale of alcohol for the past two years has been illegal and unauthorised.

It was also stated that the named premises licence holder had left the premises ten days before the visit.

A further seven breaches of licensing legislation were also found.

Due to the seriousness of the crimes discovered at the premises and the undermining of the licensing objectives, the licensing team respectfully submit that the premises licence should be immediately revoked.

**Please provide as much information as possible to support the application** (please read guidance note 3)

The premises known as Himalaya Momo House currently have a premises licence pursuant to the Licensing Act 2003 which permits the provision of late night refreshment until 0030hrs from Monday to Saturday and the sale of alcohol on the premises until midnight from Monday to Saturday. Sunday hours cease half an hour before the hours stated above.

The premises is a restaurant/takeaway and the premises licence holder and designated premises supervisor is stated as Sirop Chapel.

The premises were visited on 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017 in a joint operation between the Licensing team, Thames Valley Police and officers from the Home Office Immigration Enforcement team. Immigration Enforcement have been a 'Responsible Authority' under the Licensing Act since April 2017 to predominantly deal with the prevention and detection of immigration offences that may be being committed on licensed premises which therefore undermine the prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective.

On attendance at the premises two illegal workers were found working and the details are as follows:

1. Nepalese male, aged 28 years old, who was encountered working illegally in the kitchen and was escorted off the premises and detained. This person had already tried to flee the premises and had to be detained by the police.

2. Bhutanese male, aged 54 years old, who was encountered working illegally in the kitchen and was escorted off the premises.

It is the job of any responsible employer to ensure that the correct right to work checks are carried out. The manager of the premises admitted that he had conducted no checks on the vast majority of his employees.

The Immigration Act 2016 amended Section 21 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006 and is the relevant legislation that deals with the employment of illegal workers. It states:

1) A person commits an offence if he employs another ("the employee") knowing that the

employee is [disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status].

(1A) A person commits an offence if the person—

(a) employs another person ("the employee") who is disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status, and

(b) has reasonable cause to believe that the employee is disqualified from employment by reason of the employee's immigration status.

(1B) For the purposes of subsections (1) and (1A) a person is disqualified from employment by reason of the person's immigration status if the person is an adult subject to immigration control and—

- (a) the person has not been granted leave to enter or remain in the United Kingdom, or
- (b) the person's leave to enter or remain in the United Kingdom—

(i) is invalid,

(ii) has ceased to have effect (whether by reason of curtailment, revocation, cancellation,

passage of time or otherwise), or

- (iii) is subject to a condition preventing the person from accepting the employment.]
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable—
- (a) on conviction on indictment—
- (i) to imprisonment for a term not exceeding [five] years,
- (ii) to a fine, or
- (iii) to both

The offence of employing illegal workers is now also a relevant offence in the Licensing Act 2003. As stated previously in this application, the Licensing Act 2003 Guidance at 11.27 and 11.28 now states that the employment of illegal workers is to be regarded as a crime that should be taken particularly seriously and that revocation of the premises licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered. The licence holder is undermining the crime and disorder licensing objective as well as failing to ensure that the people he employs are legally in the country or entitled to work.

There are potentially numerous other criminal offences which may apply to the employment of illegal workers and these are summarised as follows:

1. The exploitation of illegal workers by unscrupulous employers means that the only person who benefits from their employment is the licence holder through financial gain.

2. Illegal workers – being in the country illegally or working illegally – are unable to declare themselves to the authorities and seek public assistance should they require it.

3. Illegal workers are often paid 'off the record' by the employer meaning that the correct tax and national insurance deductions are not taken into account or declared to HMRC. This would be contrary to the Fraud Act 2006.

4. People who are living in the UK or who are working illegally are often not paid anything close to the Minimum wage which is illegal and again only benefits the employer financially.

5. Illegal workers – because of being deliberately underpaid by unscrupulous employers – are often only provided with the most basic accommodation and standard of living which is often linked to their continued employment at a licensed premises.

6. Illegal entrants into the country will not have been subject to the usual immigration checks and health screenings. This could seriously impact on public protection and the health and wellbeing of the general public as a whole. This could be particularly pertinent if the illegal entrant has arrived from a country with health issues and the employer has then decided to employ that person in a kitchen or other function where food is served to the public.

7. The employment of illegal workers is often done at the expense of people who are living and working in the country legally and is only done to financially benefit the licence holder and to

undercut legitimate, law abiding competitors.

8. Illegal entrants – who have not undergone appropriate checks or immigration clearance at the border – could be being unwittingly employed by the licence holder despite them having current or previous criminal convictions which may endanger the public.

The employer or licence holder is exploiting potentially vulnerable people and engaging in a multitude of criminal offences by employing them at this licensed premises.

#### Licensing Breaches:

During the visit of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017, the Licensing team conducted a licensing inspection and found the following issues:

1. By their own admission, there had been no designated premises supervisor on site for over two years. There were also no other personal licence holders on site. Therefore each alcohol sale over a two year period was unlicensed, unauthorised and illegal. Each unlicensed sale of alcohol over that two year period is a single offence.

2. By their own admission, the premises licence holder had left the business ten days before the visit. Therefore there was no licence holder and no dps on site.

3. Given that there was no DPS or personal licence holder, no person would have been legally authorised to sell alcohol from the premises which is contrary to the mandatory conditions. In any case, no authorisation list was found.

4. Part A of the premises licence could not be located. This is an offence under Section 57 of the Licensing Act 2003.

5. Part B of the premises licence was not on display. This is an offence under Section 57 of the Licensing Act 2003.

6. A Section 57 notice could not be located. This document tells the enforcing authorities where Part A of the licence is kept and who has custody of it. This is an offence under Section 57 of the Licensing Act 2003.

7. None of the staff or management knew what the licensing objectives were. Clearly this underlines a lack of knowledge; lack of training and begs the question of how the licensing objectives could be actively promoted if nobody knows what they are.

8. No staff training records could be produced for any staff member. This is concerning both in terms of responsible alcohol retailing and food handling.

9. It was stated that persons under the age of 25 were asked to provide identification if they tried to purchase alcohol but no documented evidence could be produced to demonstrate this or how this was done.

10. The plan – which forms part of the licence – could not be produced to officers upon request.

A copy of the letter sent to the licence holder in respect of these licensing breaches can be found at **appendix RF-1**.

It is inconceivable that any responsible licence holder should act in this manner and undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives to this extent. The licensing objectives are there to prevent crime and disorder; protect children from harm and ensure that the public are safe when they attend the premises. They should not be treated, as appears to be the case here, as an optional extra.

There is a distinct lack of training throughout the business meaning the risk to the public is extremely high. This is systematic of the poor management and corner cutting identified in the offences outlined in this review application.

In summary, the offences outlined in this review application are some of the most serious outlined in the Licensing Act 2003. The employment of two illegal workers and their possible exploitation for financial gain is clearly an extremely serious criminal offence and one that the Licensing Act has identified as one where the revocation of the licence should – even in the first instance – be seriously considered. There are no acceptable excuses or justification that can be offered for this. A licence holder and responsible employer should, as a bare minimum, be checking that their potential employees are eligible to reside and work in the UK. By the manager's own admission, he had failed to do this. The licence holder has shown a complete disregard for all manner of laws and has committed extremely serious criminal offences from the premises where he operates. This also applies to the licensing issues encountered at the premises which pose a substantial risk to public safety and seriously undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives – particularly the unlicensed retail of alcohol for over two years.

Allowing this premises to continue to operate with the benefit of a premises licence will merely serve to perpetuate the criminal activity and human exploitation already apparent from the findings of the licensing authority, Thames Valley Police and colleagues in Immigration Enforcement.

It is the licensing team's respectful submission that the only appropriate and proportionate step to promote the licensing objectives and safeguard the public as a whole, is for the licence to be immediately revoked.

List of appendices:

Appendix RF-1 – Licensing inspection letter of 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017 Appendix RF-2 – Food Safety inspection sheet from June 2017 Appendix RF-3 – Case law – East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif **Please provide as much information as possible to support the application** (please read guidance note 3)

N/A

Please tick ✓ yes

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before

If yes please state the	date of that application
-------------------------	--------------------------

Da	y	Month			n Year		
$\bot$	$\perp$	$\vdash$	$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	Τ

If you have made representations before relating to the premises please state what they were and when you made them  $N\!/\!A$ 

Please	tick	$\checkmark$
--------	------	--------------

yes

- I have sent copies of this form and enclosures to the responsible authorities and the premises licence holder or club holding the club premises certificate, as appropriate
   I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my
- I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my application will be rejected

#### IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.

**Part 3 – Signatures** (please read guidance note 4)

Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (please read guidance note 5). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.

Signature	
Date	31 <sup>st</sup> August 2017

.....

Capacity Licensing Enforcement Officer

<b>Contact name (where not previou associated with this application (p</b>	sly given) and postal address for correspondence lease read guidance note 6)		
Licensing Team			
Reading Borough Council			
Civic Offices			
Bridge Street			
Post town	Post Code		
Post town Reading	Post Code RG1 2LU		
_ 0.00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	RG1 2LU		

#### **Notes for Guidance**

- 1. A responsible authority includes the local police, fire and rescue authority and other statutory bodies which exercise specific functions in the local area.
- 2. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
- 3. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
- 4. The application form must be signed.
- 5. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
- 6. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.



Mr Sirop Chapel & Mr Bir Chhantyal Himalaya Momo House 28 Farnham Drive Caversham Reading RG4 6NY APPENDIX RF-1

Alison Bell Director of Environment and Neighbourhood Services Civic Offices, Bridge St, Reading, RG1 2LU 20118 937 3787

Our Ref:EVU 053042

e-mail: richard.french@reading.gov.uk

13 July 2017

L

Your contact is: Mr

Mr Richard French, Licensing

Dear Sirs

Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence Number: LP3000464 (at the time of writing) Premises: Himalaya Momo House Premises Address: 28 Farnham Drive, Caversham, Reading, RG4 6NY

On Thursday 13<sup>th</sup> July 2017 I visited your premises with officers from Immigration Enforcement and Thames Valley Police to ensure you are complying with the above premises licence and advise on any matters that may arise during the inspection. Immigration Enforcement officers arrested an employee who was suspected of being in and working in the country illegally. A second worker was escorted from the premises as he had no right to work in the UK. Other employees also ran out of the premises whilst we were talking to you in the kitchen. Immigration Enforcement will correspond with you about this matter separately. This letter will deal with the licensing inspection that was carried out at the premises. The licensing inspection was carried out with Mr Bir Chhantyal.

During my inspection, I found a number of items that require your attention as outlined below:

1) When questioned, you stated that the named premises licence holder had left the business ten days ago. You also siad that the named DPS had left the business two years ago. Therefore there was no licence holder or DPS in control of the premises. It was confirmed that no other person on the premises held a personal licence therefore all alcohol sales undertaken since the stated DPS left have been illegal and unathorised. The mandatory conditions on page 3 of the licence state that all alcohol sales must be made or authorised by a personal licence holder. The DPS is also the person who is supposed to be in day to day control of the premises. It is extremely concerning to encounter this at a licensed premises. Not only is it illegal, it severely undermines the promotion of the licensing objectives. You were advised during our visit that no further alcohol could be sold on that evening and until there is a DPS in place at the premises.

2) It is acknowledged that you attended the Civic Offices on 14<sup>th</sup> July to appoint a new DPS and to discuss the previous night's inspection. Some concern remains that the new DPS is the same person who is stated as the licence holder - particularly as you said that he had left the business ten days previously. It was outlined to you both what the role of the DPS was in relation to training and authorised staff in the responsible sale of alcohol. You stated that you will soon have your own personal licence and are planning to transfer the premises licence into your name. You are therefore reminded to ensure this is done correctly and in a timely manner.

3) Part A of your premises licence could not be produced. This is an offence under the Licensing Act. Part A of the licence should be kept in a secure location and produced to officers of the Council or police upon request.

4) Part B of your premises licence was not displayed. This is an offence under the Licensing Act. Part B of your licence should be displayed in a prominent position so that members of the public can read it.

5) A Section 57 notice could not be located on the premises. This notice is required and simply states where Part A of the premises licence is and who has custody of it in the absence of the DPS. It is advisable to put this notice next to Part B of your premises licence. Please ensure this notice is completed.

6) There was no authorisation list detailing who had been authorised to sell alcohol. There could not have been any verbal authorisation either due to the fact that there were no Personal Licence holders working at the premises. Please ensure that all members of staff who sell alcohol have been trained and authorised to sell alcohol. This list should be placed next to Part B of your licence and the Section 57 notice and should be updated when new staff are trained and authorised.

7) You were not able to tell me what the four licensing objectives were. These are fundamental to the Licensing Act as they should be actively promoted by responsible licence holders. It is unclear how the licensing objectives could be promoted at this premises if nobody knows what they are. It is recommended therefore that these are refreshed and included in any staff training.

8) No staff training records could be produced for any staff members. There is a particular concern that no training had been given in relation to the responsible retail of alcohol. You are advised to undertake written licensing training with all staff and provide refresher training when required. As outlined to you, such training would include information on you age verification policy (Challenge 25), acceptable forms of ID, the licensing objectives and how to deal with and record refusals. The training on refusals would also include reminders about how you do not sell alcohol with online orders. All staff should then sign their training record. It is also recommended that you keep a refusal log on the premises and that all staff know how to use it.

9) You stated that you ID any person who looks under the age of 25. You are advised to put some Challenge 25 posters up behind the bar servery to advertise this fact. If you search for 'Challenge 25 posters' on a search engine then you will be able to print them off.

Please rectify all of the above within 28 days and notify me when you believe everything is correct.

You are further reminded that you should be checking all passports and visas of all of your current staff and any potential new members of staff to ensure that they all have the right to reside and work in the UK. As stated above, Immigration Enforcement will correspond with you about the two illegal workers found at the premises during our visit.

Should you wish to discuss the licensing issues raised in this letter then please contact me.

Yours faithfully

Mr Richard French Licensing Enforcement Officer

c/c Immigration Enforcement c/c PC Wheeler of Thames Valley Police

APPENDIX RF-2 5 -	10-30pm 7 200 1189484818
Reading Prec	10-30pm 7 22 01189484818
BOROUGH COUNCILO	Food Hygiene Inspection Aid-Mémoire
Address: 28 FARMAN DRIVE CA	Inspection Date: 28/6/17 INGERSMAN RG4 6NOT Announced inspection? Y/N
Non Official Control insp (education/intel) BC cat D/E altern <u>ACTION DIARY TEMPLATE FH1</u> F50 -FH Written War F53 -Voluntary closure, F52 -HEPN, F54 -seizure of GTW- Trade waste not ok, FR3 (insert rating no.) Ac	ction; S-other official control (OOC) incl sampling, etc of Broadly Compliant (BC); X- nate with OOC; J-ceased trading(food closed but business still exists). rning (letter or IRF with legal requirements), F51 -Improvement Notice(s), food, F35 - Revisit, <u>Code</u> -food reg sent/left/checked, G48 -2 <sup>nd</sup> person, dmin to send rating stickers. F64 -Conv of IRE to Head Office. <b>PBU</b>
Equipment i bit blast chitter, FBA -Blast freezer, FAL	Q -Vac Pack Machine, FBQ -Duck oven, FBP -Tandoori oven, FAJ -Band saw
Item Detail Description	Scheduled Date Actual Date Officer Time
2 R ROUTING	15.617 28.617 run 2.5
3 FSO IQF 4 FR3 LEER	
Food Hygiene Risk Rating	Inspection Summary
SCORE Criteria	
TYPE OF FOOD & METHOD OF HANDLING       5/A     Handling Low risk Foods       10/B     Handling High Risk Foods	File Comments from last visit incl any complaints to follow up since last insp: FH S CIM
(30/C) Prep High Risk Foods cook/handle	
407D Manufacture high Risk foods METHOD OF PROCESSING	Risk Rating of Premises of past 4 FHI?
(0/A ) None	Owners name on existing food reg: BIR CHHANTAL
High risk activities; cook/chill foods;	PAP for FH? Y/N PAP name? CHHON TAL
20/B Air drying ie. biltong; low acid foods;	
add salt or preservatives; sushi, rare burgers; vacuum & sous vide packing	Range of foods: LANS CHICKED FISH DUCK
CONSUMERS AT RISK	Method of processing?
6/B Few	
10/C Intermediate 15/D Substantial national /internat distrib	Preferred language(s): ENGLISH
15/D Substantial national /internat distrib VULNERABLE GROUPS (catering)	Number of customers/meals: min max 50
0/A Premises serving >20 people in a vulnerable group	Premises used by other bodies? Y(N) Who? :
22/B FOOD HYGIENE & SAFETY (see COP)	Any off site activities? Y(N) Details:
0/A Reason:	Business to business sales? Y(N) Who?
5/B lawers read to ensue (10/C) Stock retaining + Staff	Approval needed? Y(N)
15/D Craining	Reason for Chosen intervention - other than full inspection. If this is an S/X type
20/E classes and of prop	inspection. Highlight which areas audited i.e. food hygiene, structural, CIM or audit
STRUCTURAL (see COP)	ROUTIDE
0/A Reason: 5/B Man-aussorbnent Surgars	Activities in progress at time of visit (incl any specific discussion points with named staff, include job function)
10/C regid in raw orea 15/D cleaning equip to be 20/E to be replaced	PREP FOR EDENING.
CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT (see COP) 0/A Reason: 5/B) - In-hosse training 10/Ci re Estis Regid 20/D - Ensue signed of diving 30/E	Proposed business changes (Circle) menu changes/ building work/refurb, starting delivery, new contractor, Closure/ownership change, other new service? Other
$\begin{array}{c} 0/A \\ OR \\ 20/B \\ \hline \hline \hline OTAL \\ \hline \hline \hline O \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline$	Reasons if changed from category A (manager needs to sign bottom of page)
FH Risk Rating FHRS But no score	Sampling to be undertaken during next visit:
Rating         FR_         score         greater than           A: 92-196         5         0-15         5	
B: 72-91 4 20 10	Discussion with Home Authority/PAP
C: 52-71 3 25-30 10	Change in FHRS rating (if zero/one rating has revisit
D: 31-51 2 35-40 15 E: 0-30 1 45-50 20	Variance to food Y N Reason:
0 > 50 30	enforcement policy
Qualitative Review : Name & Signed:	Position Date:

С

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	(A)	nd type of food suppli Lorce	ied: (Meat, Fis	h, bi-valve	e mollus	scs, dain	y, eggs, impo	orted foods)	exen
					$\bigcirc$		) La	n's, 20	ock
	Make	nen Cr	-						
	Tha	nes Co	CRC		161				
1.2 Any foods purcha	ased direct from	companies outside	the UK? e.g. I	nternet	(N)				
Part 2: Training 2.1 Details of Train	in direction	Supervision Arra	noments		( TILL	14			
Officer to describe	in instruction	/Supervision Anal	Chiefto	and the second second					
raining/instruction & supervision (incl new staff training)									
2.2 Food Handler T	raining		1000		10.10		Turne Creatif	v if Date	Cert
Categories	Staff Name				Cat A,B	Online (	g Type Specif (O), accredited	,	Y/N
A=Handle LRFs & vrapped food	2.1.	Pine			CA	(A) or in	-house (H)	17.6.1	64
		anta Pun	10		A	L		17.11.1	
=Handle open HRFs		Chhasty			A	C		17.11.10	
C=Food handlers who have a supervisory	d.	wor Bude	renore			-	-		1
ole	e.								
2.3 Discussion with Comments on staff	h staff and obs	erved operational	practices su	agest suit	table tr	aining?	(V)N		
3 J-Details of HA SFBB Bespoke/Codex type Records only Suitable? (Consider E	C Guidance on	Flexibility)	A	a stigue 1		nanitari	ing Bragad		
CCP= Critical con			3.3 CL	3.4 CL	VP = I	Ps for	3.6 CA	ules	
List business CCPs: opinion) (Cross off if		3.2 business identified all	identified?	valid?	CCPs		the second se	37 CCP con	trolled
							for each	3.7 CCP consatisfactorily	
CCPs as needed).		necessary CCPs?	1	-	estab	lished?	for each CCP?	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv	ery	V	V		estab			3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro	ery		2		estab		CCP?	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation	ery zen)		,	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	estab		CCP?	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea	ery zen)	V	11	~~	estab		CCP?	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling	ery zen)		,	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			CCP7	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro. Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding	ery zen)		11	~~			CCP?	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). <i>Purchase/ Deliv</i> <i>Storage (chill/ fro</i> <i>Preparation</i> <i>Cooking / Rehea</i> <i>Cooling</i> <i>Hot Holding</i> <i>Cold Service</i>	ery zen) ating		11	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			CCP7	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). <i>Purchase/ Deliv</i> <i>Storage (chill/ fro</i> <i>Preparation</i> <i>Cooking / Rehea</i> <i>Cooling</i> <i>Hot Holding</i> <i>Cold Service</i>	ery zen) ating		11	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			CCP7	3.7 CCP con	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp	ery zen) ating oort						CCP7	3.7 CCP con satisfactorily	
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp 3.8 Defrosting proc	ery zen) ating port cedures safe?		Verif 3.13	ication Are record	rds up	to date	CCP?	Sreces	2
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp 3.8 Defrosting proc 3.9 Doc procedure Validation	ery zen) ating port cedures safe? es for e. coli co	ntrol?	Verif 3.13 3.14	ication Are recor	rds up sign o	to date	CCP?	3.7 CCP con satisfactorily	X
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp 3.8 Defrosting proc 3.9 Doc procedure Validation 3.10 Suitable pers	ery zen) ating oort cedures safe? es for e. coli co on did analysis	ntrol?	Verif 3.13 3.14 3.15	ication Are recor Manager Staff trair	rds up sign o ned? (1	to date ff of rec ncl new	CCP?	Sreede gwi	X 23
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp 3.8 Defrosting proc 3.9 Doc procedure Validation 3.10 Suitable pers 3.11 All CCPs and	ery zen) ating cort cedures safe? es for e. coli co on did analysis I CLs identified	V         V           V         V	Verif 3.13 3.14 3.15 3.16	ication Are recor Manager Staff trair Periodic	rds up sign o ned? (1 review	to date ff of rec ncl new ? (& wh	CCP?	3.7 CCP con satisfactorily	X X S
CCPs as needed). Purchase/ Deliv Storage (chill/ fro. Preparation Cooking / Rehea Cooling Hot Holding Cold Service Delivery Transp 3.8 Defrosting proc 3.9 Doc procedure Validation 3.10 Suitable pers 3.11 All CCPs and 3.12 MPs and CAs 3.18 General Co	ery zen) ating oort cedures safe? es for e. coli co on did analysis I CLs identified s are suitable?	V         V           V         V	Verif 3.13 3.14 3.15 3.16	ication Are recor Manager Staff trair	rds up sign o ned? (1 review	to date ff of rec ncl new ? (& wh	CCP?	Sreede gwi	X X S

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Hygiene Prerequisite programme (PRP)	1500		
$$ = Satisfactory, $\otimes$ = Unsatisfactory [ $\otimes$ must res	sult in a	a comment on IRF1 N/A - Not applicable	
Part 4: Structural		- the applicable	TALLS.
General SER areas not lasacital	A	4.12 Windows constructed to recent	Section -
4.1 Construction & size of business permit GHP?	1	4.12 Windows constructed to prevent accumulation of dirt?	10
4.2 Layout of premises permits GHP? Sale	1 V		5/1-
4.3 Drainage satisfactory?	12	4.13 <i>Equipment</i> in good repair/condition?	V
4.4 <i>Lighting</i> suitable?	1	4.14 <i>Food containers</i> in good repair/condition?	
4.5 Ventilation satisfactory?	14	Cleaned & disinfected if reused? R	-
	V	4.15 Food packaging stored in clean area?	
4.6 Suitable <i>sanitary accommodation</i> ? Ventilated lobby? WHB?		Pest Prevention & Control	
		4.16 Structure ok? No proofing required.	V
4.7 Provision of suitable <i>changing facilities</i> ?	V	4.17 No Signs of infestation?	V
Food Room Requirements		4.18 Pest control contractor? Name: Post o K	
4.8 Adequate number of wash hand basins with hot	V	Name: POStok	V
& cold water, soap & hand drying facilities?		Frequency: 2/12	
4.9 Adequate facilities for; & seese #		Type: Rodents/ Cockroaches/ Flies/ All	
Cleaning utensils/equip? (H+C water, 2 sinks or 1 +		4.19 Log book/Diary examined?	1
dishwasher(full cycle not interrupted) or equivalent?		Last visit date: 15-5-17	V
Washing food? (if dual use, system for cleaning?)		4.20 Any actions from checks addressed?	
4.10 Ceilings & overhead fixtures prevent	1	4.20 Any actions from checks addressed?	10
accumulation of dirt, formation of mould/condensation	V.	4.21 Or is in house system suitable? Frequency of checks? Chains 2000	V
& shedding of particles?		Recorded?	
4.11 Are the following in sound condition & easy to		Vehicles	-
clean/disinfect?		4.22 Vehicle seen, clean, good repair and	-
Floors	1	Condition? Note registration of califician	
Walls tried Paint requeen	-	condition? Note registration of vehicle:	NON
Doors		100.01	saan
Food contact surfaces S/S	5	4.23 Adequate temp controlled storage space?	-
rood contact surfaces 3/3	V	4.24 Designated areas for raw and RTE	
Part 5: Operational			and the second
Cleaning	- ··· ·	5.13 Contaminated e.g. raw meat cardboard	2-1-91-2-1
5.1 Premises clean?	×	used/disposed of appropriately?	1/
5.2 Equipment installed to allow cleaning?	N	5 14 No avidence of hereitering?	-
5.3 Food contact surfaces & equipment clean?	10	5.14 No evidence of <b>breakages</b> , unnecessary	
(Remember ice machine &soda gun)	$ \vee $	glass, bolts missing, paper clips, or other	V
5.4 All hand contact surfaces clean & disinfect?	1.1	physical contaminants etc in food prep areas?	
5.5 Suitable <i>chemicals and materials</i> for	1	5.15 Staff aware of food allergens and	1
		appropriate controls? Lawers	
cleaning? List: Dati-bac one non Degreenon convoct.	240	Stock Control	
		5.16 Products date labelled where necessary?	X
5.6 Disinfectant/Sanitser meet BS EN 1276:1997	V	5.17 Manufacturers & in house dates all ok?	1/
or BS EN 13697:2001?	-	Personal Hygiene	
5.7 Cleaning chemicals properly stored?	V	5.18 Good standards of <i>personal hygiene</i>	V
5.8 Cleaning schedule in place & implemented?	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	observed?	
5.9 Two stage cleaning? Visibly clean then	. /	5.19 Appropriate hand washing practices	
disinfect, consider contact time, correct dilution	-	observed?	
5.10 Suitable <i>cloth management</i> ? Single use	1. 1. 1.	- Recognised technique e.g. DoH	
- Sep colour coded cleaning cloths, sponges, mons?		- Taps turned off with towel (or no touch taps)?	1× 1
- Are reusable cloths machine washed?	given	- Sanitizing gel only after proper HW	
Food Contamination	1-1		
5.11 All foods covered?	1	5.20 Aware of appropriate glove use?	-
5.12 Appropriate controls to <i>prevent cross</i> -	-	5.21 Staff fit to work & know 48 hr rule?	~
	V	5.22 Change soiled clothing after handling raw	V
contamination e.g.	h	food?	
- Different equip? (unless disinfected in dishwasher)	aling	5.23 Fitness to work procedure in place?	2
- No dual use complex equip unless full dismantle		5.24 Over-clothing suitable and clean?	V
- Dual use of easy clean equipment - cleaned safely?		5.25 Adequate <i>first-aid</i> provisions?	~
- No raw food contamination of cash registers?		Complaints/Incidents	
- Raw meat is not washed during preparation?	- milita	5.26 Procedures/recent complaints all ok?	
- Use bowl/chopping board as food contact surface		5.27 How are customer complaints handled?	
- Separate storage areas? (clearly identifiable)	100		
- Zoned areas? (clean area sufficiently separated)		Comments on cross contamination if required:	
- Time zoning? (are elegning continued to the			
<ul> <li>Time zoning? (are cleaning, sanitising and doc ok?)</li> <li>Separate staff for tasks?</li> </ul>	3		
	11		
Tandoor Oven negs	ch	ain to remand prevent pipe	boint
FP1_WD1 V15	-0.9	28	2

Waste Disposal	Þ.	5.32 Copy of Waste Transfer Licence seen?
5.28 Food waste Contractor used and details:	V	5.33 Animal by-products? (RETAIL ONLY) - Separation of raw meat/fish & eggs
5.29 Cooking oil? Stored properly, No spillage, Collected by authorised collector		<ul> <li>Disposal via approved contractor</li> <li>Detailed records kept (what collected, weight, destination, transport, date – NB – Kept for 2 years)</li> </ul>
5.30 Outside bin area tidy?	~	5.34 Is any surplus food (bakery) being put into the feed chain or going to animals? If yes -details of where food is joing and jass to TS
5.31 Bins inside satisfactory?	V	

for chilled hold? 6.2 Is cooling done s	Unsatisfactory [8]	must result in a	comm	ant on IDEL NIA	Mat and in abla		1201
6.1 Able to demonstr for chilled hold? 6.2 Is cooling done s	ata conformance w		COMMIN	an on mrj, wa	= Not applicable		E
6.2 Is cooling done s	6.1 Able to demonstrate conformance with 4hr rule			6.4 Able to de for hot hold?	monstrate conform	ance with 2hr rule	
6.2 Is cooling done s					or temperature mon		L
	afely?		100	6.5 Devices it	ionendent thermom	eter? (Probe and/or	ť.
6.3 Does the busines	ss prepare fish to c	onsume raw	32	storage therm		Citor (1 1000 grid of	V
e.g. sushi/sashimi? ( east 24 hrs?) Detail in co	Check that fish is frozer	h at -20°C for at	19	6.7 Adequate			X
Does not apply to FARME	ED salmon, Atlantic halit	but, rainbow trout.	6.9 There	6.8 Thermom	eter calibration?		X
Has to be these fish and I	FARMED		-	0.0 memori		THE REAL PROPERTY.	
6.11 Officers Tem		12000	1200			Temp °C	1000
Equipment	Location	Temp °C		Product	Location		+
a. Fridage	Kircian	3.1		d.			+
b.				e.			+
C.		1		f.	1		
Comments on tem	nerature control	A MAR LEAD	a cloth	The subscription of		とうこの 三年間 多生 日本市住	17 A
Part 7: Traceabili √ = Satisfactory, ⊗ = Traceability 7.1 Able to trace for 7.2 Traceability doc 7.3 Able to trace for Detail businesses bo 7.4 Discuss if appro- businesses) 7.9 Does business (	Unsatisfactory [ d one step back? umentation availab od forward to busing elow val required? (supp	must result in a le on site? esses? bly to other	2700	7.5 Arrival in 7.6 Rejection deliveries? 7.7 Supplier of 7.8 No SRM of bovine car	procedure for unsa control and approva on premises (only b casses.) (if N talk to	l system? Iue strips on labels Manager) 🔊	
7.9 Does business ( receipts: 60 day retentio 7.10 Imported Food Are there any impor	n of certificates? Trace	Officers Trac		Checks	ement based on cl	urrent EC 669/2009 POAÓ) or CED(PNA	40
CHERRY PARENCE	1			State State of the		1 and 1 and the	
Product Nam	e and Description	Catego	ory -Impo	rted POAO, - EU/EEA prod	Details of Che	eck and Results	
-	,	Imported	I FINAU, -	EU/EEA MOU	1		1
a.		3. Mar 6. (C)		THE PROPERTY OF	State of the second second		110
The Add Add - /Philippe	ams	anal <u>ik ting a</u>					-
7.11 Notes/Diagra							

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Reading Borough Council Working better with you	FOOD & SAFETY TEAM INSPECTION REPORT Sheet One of
Legislation covered by Inspection: Food Safety amended) 🗌 Health & Safety at Work etc. Act Reason for Visit: Proactive 🔲 Reactive 🗌	& Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 Food Safety Act 1990 (as 1974 Other legislation Advisory Sample Taken (detailed below) Revisit
	Business Type. Restaurant Takenson
Address 28 Eagnoman	and caseashan REL 644
Registered Office Address	
Email	Tel/mobille
Person Seen	Position
Name of Food Business Operator/Dutyholder	940040
Business days & hours. 7 Series S-10.	Areas Checked KITCHES STOCK BEAR
FH Training Policy / records Fridge/Freezer T Health and Safety: Policy Risk Assessments Comments: Matters Arising (L = Legal Requi (Food Only:CIM=Confidence in Management, FF L/R CIM/	vailable \ = not applicable Written FSMS Cleaning Log emperature Log Hot Food Temperature Log Pest Control (Details) irement + <u>Timescale</u> and R = Recommendation) =Food Hygiene & Safety Practices, S=Structure; H&S: Health & Safety)
FH/S/	
H&S	
	not to Loval 2 month certificates
	recoide in have training
en cieu -	Aucunent/ record
I'M SAREF FOOD	Bener Business Pack used
ensure cher	e has recevant forms
Lang Label area	Bar Bar proposation to
EH about cross	- convarinance le rawends
ebucag at	5/5 table Bar near prep
Action Proposed: Inspection report form left	etter to follow 🗍 Formal notices(s) 📋 Revisit 🗌
	Good SCORE Poor Your Premises Rating is
Food Hygiene Rating Criteria Assessed Compliance with food safety procedures	0 5 10 15 20 25
Compliance with structural requirements	0 5 10 15 20 25
Confidence in management /control procedures	0 5 10 20 30 1 5 8
-	response to the legal requirements identified above.
Officer Name	nature
	Signature
Date & Time 28/ 5 / 17 2-30 am/n	m. Telephone No: 0118 937.2.465 Date of Next Visit
As the person seen at the visit, I have taken r Officer OR I have received this form and I will SignedName	note and understand all aspects of work discussed with the Inspecting I ensure this inspection report form is passed to the Manager. Job TitleJob Title
you have any queries regarding this report or you do	attention. The report only covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit. If not agree with your food rating, please contact the officer named above in the le Licensing, Food & Safety Manager at: Environmental Health (Food & Safety), eet, Reading 2001 2LU or email: consumerprotection@reading.gov.uk

#### CONSUMER PROTECTION INSPECTION REPORT For Environmental Health



Sheet 2 of 2

CONTINU	ATION SH	HINALAYA MOUSE 28 Farahan Orive
		ers Arising (L= Legal Requirement + <u>Timescale</u> R= Recommendations)
		Confidence in Management, FH=Food Hygiene & Safety Practices, S=Structure)
L/R	CIM/ FH/S	
L	FS	cleaning earling the the the checked regularly & replaced as necessary is hard scourser.
	FH	Food laberling most be appropriate and stagg use the same procedure with day - strictors. Roconners you have a written procedure.
		Probe Hornonsver & diait work alt Line of inspectron. This equippents most be chocked dauly-it is working (battery neoded changing) and (battery neoded changing) and calibrated at register their is weather. Sanitizer wies most be provided or other suivable method to present cross- contaning ind
R		Paper transal hower to be provided
Action Pr	oposed: Se	e Sheet One Signature

I have taken note and understand all aspects of work discussed with the Inspecting Officer

Signed .....

Job Title.....

Note: This report only covers the areas inspected at the time of the visit and is an informal indication of areas of the business requiring attention. If you have any queries regarding this report or you do not agree with your food rating, please contact the officer named above in the first instance. If it is not resolved then write to the Food Law Manager or Health and Safety Manager, as appropriate at: Consumer Protection, Reading Borough Council, Civic Centre, Reading RG1 7AE or email: consumerprotection@reading.gov.uk

### APPENDIX RF-3

Page 1

Judgments

### **QBD, ADMINISTRATIVE COURT**

Neutral Citation Number: [2016] EWHC 1265 (Admin)

CO/345/2016

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

### **QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION**

### THE ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

**Royal Courts of Justice** 

<u>Strand</u>

London WC2A 2LL

Thursday, 14 April 2016

Before:

### MR JUSTICE JAY

Between:

#### EAST LINDSEY DISTRICT COUNCIL

#### Appellant

v

#### **ABU HANIF**

#### (TRADING AS ZARA'S RESTAURANT AND TAKEAWAY)

#### Respondent

Computer- Aided Transcript of the Stenograph Notes of

WordWave International Limited trading as DTI

165 Fleet Street London EC4A 2DY

Tel No: 020 7404 1400 Fax No: 020 7404 1424

(Official Shorthand Writers to the Court)

Mr P Kolvin QC & Mr D Dadds (instructed by David Dadds LLP) appeared on behalf of the Appellant

The Respondent did not appear and was not represented

#### JUDGMENT

(Approved)

#### Crown copyright©

1. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is an appeal by way of case stated from the decision of the Lincoln Magistrates' Court, District Judge Veits, given on 23 June 2015, whereby he allowed an appeal from the revocation of a premises licence by the licensing authority.

2. The appellant, the East Lindsey District Council, is the licensing authority. The Magistrates' Court in the usual way is not a party to these proceedings. The respondent, Mr Abu Hanif, trading as Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway, is the licence holder. He through a licensing consultant has submitted correspondence making various limited points, but indicating that he would not be taking any part in these proceedings.

3. The premises in question are Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway situated in North Summercoates on the Lincolnshire coast. They are licensed to sell alcohol ancillary to the supply of food. The restaurant is owned and managed by the licensee, Mr Hanif. On 29 April 2014, the premises were the subject of a joint visit by the police and immigration officers, and it was discovered that Mr Miah was working in the kitchen as a chef. It was common ground that Mr Miah had no current entitlement to remain in the UK, let alone to work. I was told that he arrived here illegally some years ago. Furthermore, it was also accepted by the respondent that he (i) employed Mr Miah without paperwork showing a right to work in the United Kingdom; (ii) paid Mr Miah cash in hand; (iii) paid Mr Miah less than the minimum wage; (iv) did not keep or maintain PAYE records; (v) purported to deduct tax from Mr Miah's salary; and (vi) did not account to HMRC for the tax deducted.

4. The police then applied for a review of the respondent's licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 and the matter came before the appellant's subcommittee on 30 June 2014. The subcommittee decided to revoke the respondent's licence. Its reasons were as follows:

5. "The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif did not take the appropriate checks of staff members having knowledge that there were problems previously at the other premises with overstayers, and that he continued to allow staff to work at Zara's restaurant without making appropriate checks.

6. The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had not undertaken the relevant checks to ensure the employee concerned was eligible to work in the United Kingdom. Instead of not allowing employees to work if they had not provided the correct documentation he allowed them to work and paid cash in hand. With all this in mind the subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had knowingly employed person/s unlawfully in the United Kingdom.

7. The subcommittee considered the evidence by Mr Kheng on behalf of Mr Hanif and the Home Office section 182 Guidance to Licensing Authorities. The subcommittee were of the view that the premises licence should be revoked and that revocation was an appropriate step with a view to promoting the crime prevention licensing objective."

8. The respondent then appealed to the Magistrates' Court. There was a hearing on 27 March 2015, and on 23 June the district judge decided to allow the respondent's appeal. On 1 September 2015, the district judge determined the issue of costs and on 7 January 2016 he stated the case. The appeal to the district judge was de novo, but he accepted that he could only allow the appeal if the subcommittee's decision was "wrong", the burden being on the appellant before him to establish that.

9. Looking now at the stated case, the district judge noted that the respondent had received a civil penalty for employing an illegal worker under section 15 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006. An immigration officer gave evidence to the effect that although by virtue of section 21 a criminal offence was committed, such proceedings were rarely brought. The district judge also noted that the police and the Council's licensing officer were no longer saying that the respondent was a serial offender, but a redacted report which was placed before the subcommittee still gave the impression that he "was in a much worse position than he actually was". As for the failure to pay the minimum wage, the district judge said this:

A. "In his evidence before me Mr Hanif accepted that he had not paid the minimum wage and this in itself can be a criminal offence. I found that this was not the main basis of the subcommittee's decision however and again there was no evidence that he had been reported for that alleged offence. It would appear from their reasons that the subcommittee used the evidence of paying cash in hand as justification for the finding that he knowingly employed Mr Miah. The prosecuting authority however appear to have taken a different view in offering the civil penalty."

10. The district judge's core reasoning was that no crime had been committed. As he put it:

A. "It appeared to me that no crime had been committed as a result of the visit to the premises in April of last year. A civil penalty had been imposed rather than prosecution for the section 21 offence and no other crime had been reported in relation to not paying the minimum wage."

11. In the district judge's view, the crime prevention objective was not engaged.

12. The district judge also criticised the subcommittee for adopting an inconsistent approach because in other similar cases only warnings were issued. Finally, he considered

that the subcommittee may have been influenced by comments in the police report, leading them to believe that they were dealing with a serial offender.

13. At the conclusion of the stated case, the district judge posed two questions for my determination. I will address these at the end of my judgment.

14. I was taken by Mr Philip Kolvin QC to various provisions of the Licensing Act 2003 as amended. Under section 4(1)and(2) a licensing authority must carry out its licensing functions with a view to promoting the licensing objectives, which include "the prevention of crime and disorder". The provisions dealing with the review application brought by the police are contained in sections 51 and 52. Under section 52(3), the licensing authority (and on appeal the Magistrates' Court):

A. "... must, having regard to the application and any relevant representations, take such of the steps mentioned in subsection (4) (if any) as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives."

15. The epithet "appropriate" was introduced by amendment in 2011. Previously the test had been stricter. In my judgment, it imports by necessary implication the concepts of proportionality and relevance.

16. Mr Kolvin submitted that the district judge erred in a number of respects. First, he wrongly held that, given that criminal proceedings were never brought, the crime prevention objective (see section 4(2)) was not engaged. The statute is concerned with the prevention rather than the fact of crime. Secondly, and in any event, the interested party had committed criminal offences in relation to tax evasion, the employment of an illegal worker, and employing an individual at remuneration below the minimum wage. As for the employment of an illegal worker, Mr Kolvin accepted that this requires knowledge on the part of the employer, and he also accepted that it is not altogether clear whether the district judge found as a fact that the respondent possessed the requisite knowledge. However, the core question is the promotion of the licensing objectives, not the fact of anterior criminal activity, and in this regard a deterrence approach is appropriate.

17. Thirdly, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no evidence of an inconsistent approach by the subcommittee in giving warnings in some cases because all cases turn on their own facts. Finally, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no basis for the district judge's conclusion that the subcommittee may have been influenced by a suggestion that the respondent was a serial offender.

18. I accept Mr Kolvin's submissions. In my view the district judge clearly erred. The question was not whether the respondent had been found guilty of criminal offences before a relevant tribunal, but whether revocation of his licence was appropriate and proportionate in the light of the salient licensing objectives, namely the prevention of crime and disorder.

This requires a much broader approach to the issue than the mere identification of criminal convictions. It is in part retrospective, in as much as antecedent facts will usually impact on the statutory question, but importantly the prevention of crime and disorder requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest, having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. The district judge's erroneous analysis of the law precluded any proper consideration of that issue. In any event, I agree with Mr Kolvin that criminal convictions are not required.

19. To the extent that the analysis must be retrospective, the issue is whether, in the opinion of the relevant court seized of the appeal, criminal offences have been committed. In the instant case they clearly had been: in relation to tax evasion (see the common law offence of cheating the Revenue and the offence of fraudulent evasion of tax contrary to section 106A of the Taxes and Management Act 1970); and the employment of Mr Miah at remuneration below the minimum wage (see section 31 of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998). Moreover, given the evidence that Mr Miah never provided the relevant paperwork, notwithstanding apparent requests, the obvious inference to be drawn is that the respondent well knew that he could not, and that no tax code and National Insurance number had been issued. The corollary inference in my judgment is that the respondent well knew that Mr Miah could not provide the relevant paperwork because he was here illegally.

20. I also accept Mr Kolvin's submission that each case must turn on its own facts. As a matter of law, unless it could be said that some sort of estoppel or related abuse of process arose in the light of warnings given in other cases, the alleged inconsistent approach led nowhere. In my judgment, it could not be so said.

21. Finally, I agree with Mr Kolvin that there is nothing in the point that the subcommittee could have been misled about the interested party being a serial offender. The point that the subcommittee was making was the fact that the respondent had worked at premises where illegal workers were also employed meant that he should have been vigilant to the issue.

22. Thus the answer to the district judge's two questions are as follows:

A. Q. "Was I correct to conclude that the crime prevention objective was not engaged as no crimes had been proceeded with, the appellant only receiving a civil penalty?"

B. No.

C. Q. "Was I correct in concluding that the respondent had been inconsistent in similar decisions in not revoking the licence [sic]?"

D. No.

23. Having identified errors of law in the district judge's decision, the next issue which arises is whether I should remit this case for determination in the light of my ruling or whether I have sufficient material to decide the issue for myself. I should only adopt the latter course if satisfied that the issue is so obvious that no useful purpose would be served by remission. I am so satisfied. Having regard in particular to the twin requirements of prevention and deterrence, there was in my judgment only one answer to this case. The respondent exploited a vulnerable individual from his community by acting in plain, albeit covert, breach of the criminal law. In my view his licence should be revoked. Another way of putting the matter is that the district judge had no proper basis for over-turning the subcommittee's assessment of the merits.

24. It follows in my judgment that the only conclusion open to the district judge in the present case was to uphold the revocation of the respondent's licence. This appeal must be allowed and the respondent's licence must be revoked.

25. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm very grateful. Can I deal with the question of costs, both here and below.

26. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.

27. MR KOLVIN: Should I start with here.

28. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.

29. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, we would ask for the costs before this court. I just want to pray in aid four very brief points. The first is the result. The second is that the district judge's approach was expressly urged on him by the respondent's legal team. Thirdly, that the respondent was expressly urged to concede this appeal to stop costs running, he was given that opportunity at pages 42 and 43 of the bundle. Fourthly, perhaps a little bit tugging at the heart strings, but there's no reason why the Council Tax payers of East Lindsey should bear the cost of establishing what has been established in this court. So we would ask for the costs up here.

30. There is a schedule and the schedule has been served upon Mr Hanif by letter dated 16 March of 2016. I don't know whether the schedule has found its way to my Lord, if not I can hand up a copy.

31. MR JUSTICE JAY: It has.

32. MR KOLVIN: It has. My Lord, I can see that VAT has been added on. It doesn't need to be because of course the Council can retrieve the VAT, so my application

is for £16,185. I know there's not a lot of explanation around my fee, but it was taken on a single fee for all work involved in relation to the case stated; advice, the skeleton argument and attendance today, so it's one single -

33. MR JUSTICE JAY: What about your junior's fees?

34. MR KOLVIN: My learned junior is also my instructing solicitor, he wears two hats.

35. MR JUSTICE JAY: I see.

36. MR KOLVIN: He has his own firm which is Dadds LLP, and he is also a member of the bar, so although he has appeared as my junior, his fee is wrapped up in the solicitors' fees set out in the schedule.

37. MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay. What about the costs below?

38. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm just trying to ascertain what the position is.

39. MR JUSTICE JAY: I thought there was no order for costs below.

40. MR KOLVIN: There was no order for costs below, that was on the basis that the appeal had been allowed. The situation in relation to costs of licensing appeals are set out in section 181 of the Act, which enables the court to make such order as it thinks fit. Normally when appeals are dismissed there is no real question about it, costs follow the event. When appeals are allowed, some further considerations come into play, which are expressed by the Master of the Rolls in a case which you may have come across called <u>City of Bradford v Booth</u>, which is the case where the Master of the Rolls said that local authorities shouldn't be put off from trying to make honest and reasonable decisions in the public interest. And so one has to take account additionally of the means of the parties and their conduct in relation to the dispute, but in this case of course the appeal has now been dismissed, and so we would say that the ordinary rule is that the costs should follow the event, the appeal having failed. I'm just trying to ascertain whether schedules were ever served below, in the light of the way the case came out. (Pause)

41. My Lord, I'm really sorry that we don't actually have the schedule here, apparently it was £15,000. If you were minded to order costs below the options are either I suppose to wait and we will have the thing emailed up, or to say, "Look, it was below, it's a little bit more complex, they should be assessed if not agreed."

42. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is going to wipe him out, isn't it?

43. MR KOLVIN: Well he has already said, I have to say, I'm just telling you frankly what I've been told this morning, that when the bundles and the schedules were served on him, he had clearly read them, but he said, "If you win in the High Court and get costs against me, then I'm just going to declare myself bankrupt." So there may well be a bit of football(?) about this, but nonetheless it was his appeal, his team raised a point which in retrospect was very surprising, and caused an awful lot of costs to be incurred.

44. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. Well I am going to assess the costs here in the round figure of £15,000.

45. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.

46. MR JUSTICE JAY: If there was a schedule, which you tell me there was, below, it is proportionate that I assess those costs rather than put you to the trouble of a detailed assessment, so if you could have that emailed to my clerk in due course, I will assess the costs below.

47. MR KOLVIN: Thank you, my Lord.

48. MR JUSTICE JAY: On the basis of that schedule.

49. MR KOLVIN: We're not trying to be too ambitious, but we would like to see what we can - -

50. MR JUSTICE JAY: I'll take a broad brush approach to that.

51. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.

52. My Lord, the only other thing to mention is that this isn't the only case which is kicking around the east of England where licensing subcommittees are being urged to take no action because there has been no prosecution in these immigration cases. Although I appreciate that this is hardly stellar law making, it's an application of pretty well established legal principles to the facts, I'm asking whether my Lord would be minded to certify this so that we can adduce the authority in other cases, because it's a clear statement of the law that there doesn't need to have been a prosecution. So with the practice direction in mind, would my Lord be minded to - -

53. MR JUSTICE JAY: Just remind me of the practice direction.

54. MR KOLVIN: Yes, can I hand it up?

#### 55. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. (Handed)

56. MR KOLVIN: If Mr Hanif had come I wouldn't need to make the application. It's paragraph 6.1. The judgment has to clearly indicate that it purports to establish a new principle or extends the present law and that has to take the form of an express statement to that effect, and then 6.2 says what categories of judgment we're dealing with, which include applications attended by one party only.

57. So that's the situation we're in. In reality these judgments get around anyway, because we're dealing with administrative tribunals and not courts, but sometimes the point is taken, "Ah yes, but the court didn't certify".

58. MR JUSTICE JAY: But where's the new principle I've established?

59. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, what you have said clearly, which hasn't been said before, by dint of the fact that not many licensing cases reach the lofty heights of this building, is that there does not need to have been a prosecution in order for the crime to have - -

60. MR JUSTICE JAY: Oh, I see. Well that's so obvious it almost goes without saying, that's why it hasn't been said before.

61. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, it was obvious to everyone except the district judge, the appellant and other licensees in the east of England.

62. MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay.

63. In terms of the logistics, if you want a copy of the judgment, don't you have to pay for it?

64. MR KOLVIN: We may have to, and we would be obviously very pleased to do so.

65. MR JUSTICE JAY: Because I'm not sure that all judgments are, in the Administrative Court, they're not all transcribed and published.

66. MR KOLVIN: That is correct, and I have no doubt that my client would be - - this isn't a matter about the costs of the judgment.

67. MR JUSTICE JAY: No, fortunately it doesn't cost that much. But I will give the certification. I have never been asked to do so before, I must confess.

68. MR KOLVIN: Yes.

69. MR JUSTICE JAY: Because these cases are referred to almost willy nilly, if they're available on Lawtel or wherever.

70. MR KOLVIN: Yes, they are.

71. MR JUSTICE JAY: Then they're just provided.

72. MR KOLVIN: They get into the textbooks and they - -

73. MR JUSTICE JAY: No- one objects.

74. MR KOLVIN: Yes. It has happened once before, in relation to the meaning of the Court of Appeal judgment in <u>Hope and Glory</u>, and Lindblom J, as he then was, was asked repeatedly would he certify in relation to the meaning of <u>Hope and Glory</u>, which is an important test, and he was pretty engaged in the practice direction. But since then that judgment, there's always an argument in court about whether it can be cited or not. The difference between licensing and some other fields of law is that very few cases reach here, so when they do, the judgments of High Court judges are gold dust.

75. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, well I'm happy to make the certification.

76. MR KOLVIN: Thank you very much indeed.

77. MR JUSTICE JAY: We wouldn't want this point to be taken again successfully.

78. MR KOLVIN: No.

79. MR JUSTICE JAY: Now as a matter of courtesy, is the judgment, once available, sent to the district judge, or is it something that I should do informally?

80. MR KOLVIN: I don't know, my Lord, what the normal practice is. I don't think that I have previously been on a legal team which has sent judgments, but we're very happy to undertake to do so.

81. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, I think if you're going to get a copy, obviously you're going to send it to the respondent - - 82. MR KOLVIN: Indeed.

83. MR JUSTICE JAY: - - so he can ingest it. I think you should send it to the district judge, just saying that the judge directed that out of courtesy he should see it.

84. MR KOLVIN: We're very happy to do that. Thank you very much indeed.

85. MR JUSTICE JAY: Thank you very much.

# THAMES VALLEY POLICE

APPENDIX II

Division/Station :	Reading Li	censing Dept
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From: PC 5787 Simon Wheeler

To : Reading Licensing Authority

I	Ref : Himalaya Momo House Premises Licence Number LP3000464Date : 27 September 2017Tel.No.
Subject :	Supportive review representation
	Thames Valley Police (TVP) are providing this representation in support of the review process relating to Himalaya Momo House, 28 Farnham Drive, Caversham, Reading, RG4 6NY, with specific regard to the undermining of Licensing objectives relating to the prevention of crime and disorder, public safety and the prevention of children from harm,
	On 13 <sup>th</sup> July 2017 TVP were involved in a joint enforcement visit to the premises in conjunction with Reading Borough Council and Immigration Officers.
	On arrival at the premises as Officers walked towards the restaurant which is situated on the corner of a terrace of businesses a number of staff dressed in white kitchen staff jackets saw them approach and began to sprint from the rear of the premises. PC Wheeler gave pursuit and was able to catch two males and bring them back to the premises for checks to be completed.
	Of the two males one was discovered not to have the right to work in the UK and the second was detained on suspicion of being in the country illegally.
	TVP were also aware that other persons working within the premises made off out of the front door as Officers were dealing with the staff to the rear. It is suspected that the persons that ran from the front of the premises and that were not located were also working illegally.
	Also as part of the visit a licensing inspection was carried out and TVP can confirm that the following areas of concern were noted:-
	<ul> <li>No designated premises supervisor was in place.</li> <li>Part A of the licence was unable to be presented on request.</li> <li>Part B of the licence was not on display.</li> <li>No authorisation for the sale of alcohol was in place.</li> <li>No member of staff knew any of the four licensing objectives.</li> <li>No staff training could be produced or described.</li> </ul>
	Clearly there are a number of serious issues that were discovered at this premises as outlined above and most notably the unlicensable sale of alcohol due to the lack of DPS and the employment of a number of illegal workers.
	For this reason TVP will state that this premises clearly undermines the Licensing objectives and we fully endorse the review of this premises licence undertaken by the Licensing Authority.
	TVP would urge the Licensing Sub-Committee to seriously consider the options available to them within this process and we fully support the recommendations made by the Licensing Authority in relation to this premises licence review.

### Narancic, Peter

From: Sent: To: Subject: Narancic, Peter 28 September 2017 21:11 Narancic, Peter FW: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - Himalayan Momo House [OFFICIAL]

From: Menghis Semhar [mailto:Semhar.Menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk]
Sent: 28 September 2017 16:09
To: Licensing
Subject: FW: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - Himalayan Momo House [OFFICIAL]

This is an EXTERNAL EMAIL. STOP. THINK before you CLICK links or OPEN attachments.

Please see our reps below

Kind regards

Semhar Menghis Home Office Interventions and Sanctions Directorate | The Central Team | Immigration Enforcement Apollo House | 3rd Floor | 36 Wellesley Rd | Croydon | CR9 2BY Semhar.menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk

From: ISD Alcohol Licensing Sent: 27 September 2017 13:14 To: 'French, Richard' Subject: RE: Reviews Submitted - Reading Borough Council - Himalayan Momo House [OFFICIAL]

Hi

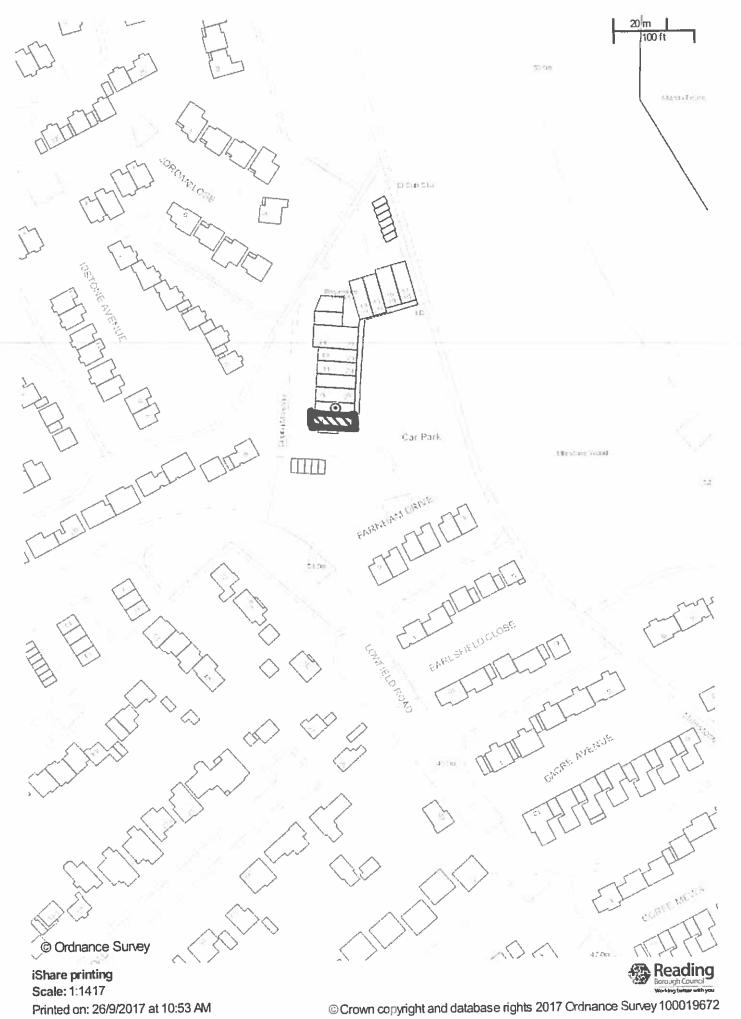
We would like to feed into the reviews. Please see below;

#### Himalaya Momo House, 28 Farnham Drive, Caversham RG4 6NY

Visit on 13/07/2017-Licensing visit led by Reading Borough Council. Exercised powers under Section 179 of Licensing Act 2003, as amended by the Immigration Act 2016, to enter the premises at 2057 hours. A total of five staff encountered working, 2 were found to be offenders. An illegal working referral notice with two names was served on the business owner. Issues found by Licensing Officers for their further action. Left the premises, without incident, at 2217 hours.

Semhar Menghis Home Office Interventions and Sanctions Directorate | The Central Team | Immigration Enforcement Apollo House | 3rd Floor | 36 Wellesley Rd | Croydon { CR9 2BY Semhar.menghis1@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk

### **APPENDIX IV**



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## LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LP2002112

#### Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Himalaya Momo House 28 Farnham Drive Caversham Reading RG4 6NY

Telephone Number

0118 948 4818

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor Sale of Alcohol by Retail - On the Premises

#### Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0030hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0000hrs

Hours for the Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Monday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Tuesday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Wednesday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Thursday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Friday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Saturday	from	1000hrs until Midnight
Sunday	from	1200hrs until 2330hrs

Good Friday from 1200hrs until 2330hrs Christmas Day from 1200hrs until 2330hrs

New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours for that day to the start of permitted hours the following day.

#### **Opening Hours**

N/A

#### Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

Sale of Alcohol by Retail - On the Premises

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: Mr Sirop Chapel Address: Liverpool Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 3PW

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Name: <u>Mr</u> Sirop Chapel

Address: Liverpool Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 3PW

#### Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Personal Licence Number:LP7002311Issuing Authority:Reading Borough Council

This Licence shall continue in force from 14/07/2017 unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 1 August 2017

Shisattoll

Head of Environment & Neighbourhood Services

Annex 1

## Mandatory Conditions

### Supply of Alcohol

T	To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol		
1		No si	upply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:-
		a)	at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
		b)	at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended

2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

### Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

### Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

## Responsible Drink Promotions (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises—

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;

(e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).

Supply of Tap Water (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification Policy (commencement 01/10/2014)

1. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

2. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

3. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

(a) a holographic mark, or

(b) an ultraviolet feature.

## Drink Measurements (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that-

(a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—

(i) beer or cider: <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> pint;

(ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;

(b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and

(c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

Minimum Permitted Pricing (commencement 28th May 2014)

1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1-

(a)"duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979;

(b)"permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-

 $\mathsf{P} = \mathsf{D} + (\mathsf{D}\mathsf{x}\mathsf{V})$ 

where-

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the rate of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol; (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in

(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence—

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "valued added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994

3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from the paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

4. (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Embedded Restrictions from the Acts listed below to be carried forward to the premises licence in accordance with Schedule 8 to the Licensing Act 2003.

Unless otherwise stated this licence is issued subject to the imposition of all the relevant embedded restrictions required by the:-

Licensing Act 1964 Children & Young Persons Act 1933 Cinematograph (Safety) Regulations 1955 Cinemas Act 1985 - Film Exhibition Licence Conditions Sporting Events (Control of Alcohol etc) Act 1985 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 - Public Entertainment Licence Conditions

Acts applicable to this licence for the purposes of embedded restrictions

The following Acts and embedded restrictions are applicable to this licence:-

Licensing Act 1964

Licence conditions/undertakings attached to Justices Restaurant Licence Intoxicating liquor shall not be sold or supplied on the premises other than to persons taking table meals there and for consumption by such a person as ancillary to their meal

s.59, 60	), 63, 67A, 68, 70, 74, 76
	nces - Permitted hours
	lcohol shall not be sold or supplied except during permitted hours. In this ondition, permitted hours means:
a)	On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, Good Friday or New Year's Eve, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.
b)	On Sundays, other than Christmas Day or New Year's Eve, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
c)	On Good Friday, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
d)	On Christmas Day, 12 noon to 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.
e)	On New Year's Eve, except on a Sunday, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.
f)	On New Year's Eve on a Sunday, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
g)	On New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Year's Eve to
	the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31st December).
2 Т	he above restrictions do not prohibit:
a)	during the first twenty minutes after the above hours the consumption of the alcohol on the premises;
b)	during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of the alcohol from the premises unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an oper
-	vessel;
c) the	during the first thirty minutes after the above hours the consumption of alcohol on the premises by persons taking meals there if the alcohol was supplied for consumption as ancillary to the meals;
d) of	consumption of the alcohol on the premises or the taking of sale or supply alcohol to any person residing in the licensed premises;
e) by	the ordering of alcohol to be consumed off the premises, or the despatch the vendor of the alcohol so ordered;
f) g)	the sale of alcohol to a trader or club for the purposes of the trade or club; the sale or supply of alcohol to any canteen or mess, being a canteen in which the sale or supply of alcohol is carried out under the authority of the Secretary of State or an authorised mess of members of Her Majesty's
naval,	military or air forces;
h)	the taking of alcohol from the premises by a person residing there; or
i) friends	the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises to any private
friends	of a person residing there who are bona fide entertained by him at his own
j)	expense, or the consumption of alcohol by persons so supplied; or the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises to persons employed
37	there for the purposes of the business carried on by the holder of the
	licence, or the consumption of liquor so supplied, if the liquor is supplied at the expense of their employer or of the person carrying on or in charge of the business on the premises.

s. 60,	. 63, 86
Off-lie	cences and off-sales departments of on-licensed premises - Permitted hours
1	Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied except during permitted hours. In this condition, permitted hours means:
a) b) c) d)	On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, 8 a.m. to 11 p.m. On Sundays, other than Christmas Day, 10 a.m. to 10.30 p.m. On Christmas Day, 12 noon to 3 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 10.30 p.m On Good Friday, 8 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.
2	The above restrictions do not prohibit:
a) open	during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of the alcohol from the premises, unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an vessel;
b)	the ordering of alcohol to be consumed off the premises, or the despatch
by	the vendor of the alcohol so ordered;
c)	the sale of alcohol to a trader or club for the purposes of the trade or club;
d) naval	<ul> <li>the sale or supply of alcohol to any canteen or mess, being a canteen in</li> <li>which the sale or supply of alcohol is carried out under the authority of the</li> <li>Secretary of State or an authorised mess of members of Her Majesty's</li> <li>military or air forces;</li> </ul>

### s.59, 60, 63, 67A, 68, 70, 74, 76, 78

Club premises - Permitted hours

- 1 Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied except during permitted hours. In this condition, permitted hours means:
- a) On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, Good Friday or New Year's Eve, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.
- b) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day or New Year's Eve, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
- c) On Good Friday, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
- d) On New Year's Eve, except on a Sunday, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.
- e) On New Year's Eve on a Sunday, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.
- f) On New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31st December).
- g) On Christmas day, as provided by the rules of the club and notified in writing by the chairman or secretary of the club to the chief executive of the justices for the petty sessions area in which the premises are. The said hours shall:
- i. not exceed six and a half hours;
- ii. not begin earlier than 12 noon;
- iii. not end later than 10.30 p.m.
- iv. provide for a break of at least 2 hours, including 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.; v. not extend for more than three and a half hours after 5 p.m.

- 2 The above restrictions do not prohibit:
  - (a) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the consumption of the alcohol on the premises;
  - (b) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of alcohol from the premises, unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an open vessel;
  - during the first thirty minutes after the above hours, the consumption of the alcohol on the premises by persons taking meals there if the alcohol was supplied as ancillary to the meals;
  - (d) the supply to, or consumption by, any person of alcohol in any premises where they are residing.

## S.86A

### Ports - Permitted Hours

Permitted hours are disapplied for licensed premises in approved wharfs in ports designated by the Secretary of State. Permitted hours conditions should therefore be omitted.

#### S87

#### Airports - Permitted Hours

Permitted hours are disapplied for licensed premises within examination stations in airports designated by the Secretary of State. Permitted hours conditions should therefore be omitted.

## Restaurant licence. Restaurant and residential licence - Permitted Hours

1 Alcohol may be sold or supplied:

**S95** 

(1) On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, Good Friday or New Year's Eve from 11am to 12pm.

(2) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day or New Year's Eve, and on Good Friday: 12 noon to 11:30pm

(3) On Christmas Day: 12 noon to 11:30pm;

(4) On New Year's Eve, except on a Sunday, 11 a.m. to midnight;

(5) On New Year's Eve on a Sunday, 12 noon to 11.30 p.m.

(6) On New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Year's Eve to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31<sup>st</sup> December).

2 The above restrictions do not prohibit:

(a) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours the consumption of the alcohol on the premises;

(b) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of the alcohol from the premises unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an open vessel;(c) during the first thirty minutes after the above hours the consumption of the alcohol on the premises by persons taking meals there if the alcohol was supplied for consumption as ancillary to the meals;

(d) consumption of the alcohol on the premises or the taking of sale or supply of alcohol to any person residing in the premises;

## S156

### Seamen's Canteens - Permitted Hours

1 Alcohol may be sold or supplied:

(1) On weekdays, other than Christmas Day, Good Friday or New Year's Eve, from 11am to 11pm.

(2) On Sundays, other than Christmas Day or New Year's Eve, and on Good Friday, from 12 noon to 10:30pm.

(3) On Christmas Day, from 12 noon to 3pm and 7pm to 10:30pm

(4) On New Year's Eve, except on a Sunday, 11 a.m. to midnight;

(5) On New Year's Eve on a Sunday, 12 noon to 11.30 p.m.

(6) Alcohol may be sold or supplied between 3pm and 7pm on Christmas Day to persons taking table meals for consumption as an ancillary to the meal.

(6) On New Year's Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Year's Eve to the start of permitted hours on the following day (or, if there are no permitted hours on the following day, midnight on 31<sup>st</sup> December).

2 The above restrictions do not prohibit:

(a) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours the consumption of the alcohol on the premises;

(b) during the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of the alcohol from the premises unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an open vessel;(c) during the first thirty minutes after the above hours the consumption of the alcohol on the premises by persons taking meals there if the alcohol was supplied for consumption as ancillary to the meals;

(d) consumption of the alcohol on the premises or the taking of sale or supply of alcohol to any person residing in the premises;

### S157

### Seamen's Canteens - Off Sales

Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied for consumption outside the canteen.

### S164

## Off - Licence - Alcohol Consumption

Alcohol shall not be sold in an open container or be consumed in the licensed premises.

### S166

### Licensed Premises - Credit Sales

1 Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied unless it is paid for before or at the time when it is sold or supplied, except alcohol sold or supplied:

(a) with and for consumption at a meal supplied at the same time, consumed with the

meal and paid for together with the meal; (b) for consumption by a person residing in the premises or his guest and paid for together with his accommodation; (c) to a canteen or mess.

### Licensed Canteens & Club Premises - Credit Sales

Alcohol shall not be sold or supplied unless it is paid for before or at the time when it is sold or supplied, except alcohol sold or supplied with and for consumption at a meal supplied at the same time, consumed with the meal and paid for together with the meal.

## S.168, 171, 201

### On-licence, no children's certificate - Children in bars

- 1 No person under fourteen shall be in the bar of the licensed premises during the permitted hours unless one of the following applies:
- (1) He is the child of the holder of the premises licence.
- (2) He resides in the premises, but is not employed there.

(3) He is in the bar solely for the purpose of passing to or from some part of the premises which is not a bar and to or from which there is no other convenient means of access or egress.

(4) The bar is in railway refreshment rooms or other premises constructed, fitted and intended to be used bona fide for any purpose to which the holding of the licence is ancillary.

In this condition "bar" includes any place exclusively or mainly used for the consumption of intoxicating liquor. But an area is not a bar when it is usual for it to be, and it is, set apart for the service of table meals and alcohol is only sold or supplied to persons as an ancillary to their table meals.

## S.168, 171, 179, 201

### Seamen's Canteens - Children in Canteens

- 1 No person under fourteen shall be in the licensed canteen during the permitted hours unless one of the following applies:
- (1) He is the child of the holder of the premises licence.
- (2) He resides in the premises, but is not employed there.

(3) He is in the canteen solely for the purpose of passing to or from some part of the premises which is not a canteen and to or from which there is no other convenient means of access or egress.

(4) The canteen is in premises constructed, fitted and intended to be used bona fide for any purpose to which the holding of the canteen licence is ancillary.

## S.168, 168A, 171, 201, Sch 12A LA

On-licensed premises with children's certificates

- 1 No person under fourteen shall be in the bar of the licensed premises during the permitted hours unless one of the following applies:
- (1) He is the child of the holder of the premises licence.
- (2) He resides in the premises, but is not employed there.
- (3) He is in the bar solely for the purpose of passing to or from some part of the

premises which is not a bar and to or from which there is no other convenient means of access or egress.

(4) The bar is in premises constructed, fitted and intended to be used bona fide for any purpose to which the holding of the licence is ancillary.

- (5) (a) He is in an area shown on the plan attached to the licence
  - (b) Meals and non-alcoholic beverages are available for sale for consumption in that area.
  - (c) He is in the company of a person aged 18 or over.
  - (d) He is there:
    - (i) prior to 9 p.m. or
      - (ii) between 9 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. where he or the said person is consuming a meal purchased before 9 p.m.

In this condition "bar" includes any place exclusively or mainly used for the consumption of intoxicating liquor. But an area is not a bar when it is usual for it to be, and it is, set apart for the service of table meals and alcohol is only sold or supplied to persons as an ancillary to their table meals.

#### Annex 2

### Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

N/A

Annex 3

### Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

N/A

Annex 4

<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan dated 5<sup>th</sup> August 2005